## Fast Responding, 45-dB Range 500 MHz to 40 GHz Power Detector

## Preliminary Technical Data

## FEATURES

State-of-the-Art Broadband Detector Technology
Schottky Diode Front End with on-Chip Linearization
Broadband 50 ohm Input Impedance
Accurate Response from 0.5 GHz to 40 GHz
Input Range of $\mathbf{- 3 0 ~ d B m}$ to +15 dBm re $50 \Omega$
Unity Gain Scaled Linear in V/V Output
Fast Incremental Envelope Response: >20MHz
Reflection Distortion Elimination
Low Power Consumption: 1.5 mA at 5V
$2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}$, 6-lead LFCSP package

## APPLICATIONS

High-precision Microwave Instrumentation
Point-to-Point Power-Level Control
Collision-Avoidance Systems


Figure 1. Functional block diagram
components which are reflected into the signal source. The ADL6010 detector does not exhibit this behavior - an important benefit in applications where a low-ratio coupler is used to extract a sample of the primary signal.

The supply voltage may range from 3.3 V up to 5.5 V , with no degradation in the response accuracy. The zero-signal current consumption is less than 3 mA .

The ADL6010 operates from $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and is available in a 6 -lead, $2 \mathrm{~mm} \times 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ LFCSP package.

## Rev. PrA

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## ADL6010

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## REVISION HISTORY

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## SPECIFICATIONS

$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VPOS}=5 \mathrm{~V}$, unless otherwise stated.
Table 1.

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FREQUENCY RANGE | Input RFIN | 500 |  | 40 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ |
| RF INPUT Input Impedance |  |  | 50 |  | $\Omega$ |
| $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{GHz}$ <br> Dynamic Range <br> $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ Error <br> $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ Error <br> Maximum Input Level, $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> Minimum Input Level, $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> Conversion Gain <br> Output Intercept <br> Output Voltage, High Power In <br> Output Voltage, Low Power In | Input RFIN to output VOUT <br> CW input, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> CW input, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> VOUT $=($ Gain $\times$ ViN $)+$ Intercept $\begin{aligned} & P_{\text {in }}=+15 \mathrm{dBm} \\ & P_{\text {in }}=-30 \mathrm{dBm} \end{aligned}$ |  | 40 45 15 -30 1 0 4 0.03 |  | dB <br> dB <br> dBm <br> dBm <br> V/V rms <br> V <br> V <br> V |
| $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{GHz}$ <br> Dynamic Range <br> $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ Error <br> $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ Error <br> Maximum Input Level, $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> Minimum Input Level, $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> Conversion Gain <br> Output Intercept <br> Output Voltage, High Power In <br> Output Voltage, Low Power In | Input RFIN to output VOUT <br> CW input, $T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> CW input, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> VOUT $=\left(\right.$ Gain $\left.\times \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}\right)+$ Intercept $\begin{aligned} & P_{\text {in }}=+15 \mathrm{dBm} \\ & P_{\text {in }}=-30 \mathrm{dBm} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 45 \\ & 18 \\ & -30 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 4 \\ & 0.03 \end{aligned}$ |  | dB <br> dB <br> dBm <br> dBm <br> V/V rms <br> V <br> V <br> V |
| $\mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{GHz}$ <br> Dynamic Range <br> $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ Error <br> $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ Error <br> Maximum Input Level, $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> Minimum Input Level, $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> Conversion Gain <br> Output Intercept <br> Output Voltage, High Power In Output Voltage, Low Power In | Input RFIN to output VOUT <br> CW input, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> CW input, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> VOUT $=\left(\right.$ Gain $\left.\times \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}\right)+$ Intercept $\begin{aligned} & P_{\text {in }}=+15 \mathrm{dBm} \\ & P_{\text {in }}=-30 \mathrm{dBm} \end{aligned}$ |  | 40 45 15 -30 1 0 4 0.02 |  | dB <br> dB <br> dBm <br> dBm <br> V/V rms <br> V <br> V <br> V |
| $\mathrm{f}=30 \mathrm{GHz}$ <br> Dynamic Range <br> $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ Error <br> $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ Error <br> Maximum Input Level, $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> Minimum Input Level, $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ <br> Conversion Gain <br> Output Intercept <br> Output Voltage, High Power In Output Voltage, Low Power In | Input RFIN to output VOUT <br> CW input, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> CW input, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> VOUT $=($ Gain $\times$ ViN $)+$ Intercept $\begin{aligned} & P_{\text {in }}=+15 \mathrm{dBm} \\ & P_{\mathrm{in}}=-30 \mathrm{dBm} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \\ & 45 \\ & 15 \\ & -30 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 4 \\ & 0.03 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | dB <br> dB <br> dBm <br> dBm <br> V/V rms <br> V <br> V <br> V |
| $\mathrm{f}=40 \mathrm{GHz}$ | Input RFIN to output VOUT |  |  |  |  |

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## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table Summary
Table 2.

| Parameter | Rating |
| :--- | :--- |
| Supply Voltage, VPOS | TBD |
| RFIN | TBD |
|  |  |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | TBD |
| Operating Temperature Range | TBD |
| Storage Temperature Range | TBD |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## THERMAL RESISTANCE

$\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ is specified for the worst-case conditions, that is, a device soldered in a circuit board for surface-mount packages.

Table 3. Thermal Resistance

| Package Type | $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ | $\theta_{\mathrm{Jc}}$ | Unit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| TBD | TBD | TBD | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
|  |  |  |  |

## ESD CAUTION

|  | ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. <br> Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge <br> without detection. Although this product features <br> patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage <br> may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. <br> Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to <br> avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality. |
| :--- | :--- |

## ADL6010

## PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS



Figure 2.Pin Configuration

Table 4. Pin Function Descriptions

| Pin No. | Mnemonic | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1,4,6$, EPAD | GND | Device Ground Pins. Pin 1,4 and 6 are ground pins and the metal slug on the underside of the chip must be <br> connected to a low impedance ground plane. |
| 2 | VOUT | Envelop Peak Output. |
| 3 | VPOS | Supply Voltage Pin. The operational range is from 2.5 V to 5.5 V. |
| 5 | RFIN | Signal Input Pin. This pin is ac-coupled and has an input impedance of approximately 50 ohms. |

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## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Vpos $=5 \mathrm{~V}$; single-ggended input drive, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Blue), $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Green) and $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Red), input signal is a sine wave (CW), unless otherwise indicated.


Figure 3 Vout and Conformance Error vs. Pin and Temperature at 1 GHz .


Figure 4 Vout $a n d$ Conformance Error vs. $P_{\text {in }}$ and Temperature at 5 GHz .


Figure 5 Vout and Conformance Error vs. Pin and Temperature at 10 GHz .


Figure 5 Vout and Conformance Error vs. Pin and Temperature at 15 GHz .


Figure 7 Vout and Conformance Errorvs. Pin and Temperature at 20 GHz (Data Truncated by Measurement Setup).


Figure 8 Vout $a n d$ Conformance Error vs. Pin and Temperature at 25 GHz . (Data Truncated by Measurement Setup).


Figure 9 Vout and Conformance Error vs. Pin and Temperature at 30 GHz (Data Truncated by Measurement Setup).


Figure 10 Vout and Conformance Errorvs. Pin and Temperature at 35 GHz (Data Truncated by Measurement Setup).


Figure 11 Voutand Conformance Error vs. Pin and Temperature at 40 GHz (Data Truncated by Measurement Setup).

## Preliminary Technical Data

## EVALUATION BOARD

The ADL6010-EVALZ is a fully populated, 4-layer, Rogers 4003-based evaluation board. For normal operation, it requires a $5 \mathrm{~V} / 27 \mathrm{~mA}$ power supply. The 5 V power supply must be connected to the VPOS and GND test loops. The RF input
signal is applied to the 2.92 mm connector (RFIN). The output voltage is available on the SMA connector (VOUT) or on the test loop (V_VOUT). Configuration options for the evaluation board are listed in Table 5.


Figure 13ADL6010 Evaluation Board Schematics
Table 5. Evaluation Board Configuration Options

| Component | Function/Notes | Default Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| R2, R3 | Output interface. A 100 ohm series resistor should be used in the presence of large <br> capacitive loads. R3 can be replaced with a 0 ohm resistor. | R2 $=100 \Omega$ (size: 0402) <br> R3 $=100 \Omega$ (size: 0402) |
| C2 | Bypass capacitor. It provides supply ac decoupling by forming a return path for the <br> ac signal and reduces the noise at the input end. The nominal value is $0.1 \mu F$. | C2 $=0.1 \mu$ F (size: 0402) |
| RF Input. Southwest microwave 2.92 mm connector is used for input interface. |  |  |$\quad$.

## ADL6010

## OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



Figure 14.

## ORDERING GUIDE

| Model | Temperature Range | Package Description | Package Option | Ordering Quantity |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ADL6010ACPZN-R2 | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 6-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package | TBD | 250 |
| ADL6010ACPZN-R7 | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 6-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package | TBD | 1500 |
| ADL6010SCPZN-R2 | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 6-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package | TBD | 250 |
| ADL6010SCPZN-R7 | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 6-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package | TBD | 1500 |
| ADL6010-EVALZ |  | Evaluation Board | TBD |  |


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