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SCDS312A - NOVEMBER 2010 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2010

# 7-CHANNEL, 1:2 VIDEO SWITCH WITH INTEGRATED LEVEL SHIFTERS

Check for Samples: TS3V713EL

#### **FEATURES**

- Supports 7-channel VGA Signals (R, G, B, H<sub>SYNC</sub>, V<sub>SYNC</sub>, DDC CLK, and DDC DAT)
- · Operating Voltage
  - $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V } \pm 10\%$
  - $V_{DD 5} = 5 V \pm 10\%$
- High Bandwidth of 1.3 GHz (-3 dB)
- . R, G, B Switches
  - $R_{ON} = 4 \Omega$  (Typ.)
  - $C_{ON} = 8 pF (Typ.)$
- Integrated Level Shifting Buffers for H<sub>SYNC</sub> and V<sub>SYNC</sub> Channels
- Voltage Clamping NMOS Switches for SCL and SDA Channels
- ESD Performance (Pins 12–15, 17–22, 24–27)
  - ±2-kV Contact Discharge (IEC61000-4-2)
  - 8 kV Human Body Model (JESD22-A114E)
- ESD Performance (All Pins)
  - 4 kV Human Body Model (JESD22-A114E)
- 32-Pin Quad Flat Pack No-Lead (QFN) Package

#### RTG PACKAGE (TOP VIEW) VDD GND SEL VDD GND [32] [30] [29] [28] R1 R0 G0 R2 2 **GND** G1 37 **VDD** G2 B0 VDD 5 **GND** H0 6 22 В1 V0 21 B2 7 N.C. 8 20 H1 SDA0 9 [19 H2 SCL0 10 18 V1 **GND** 57 V2

The exposed center pad must be connected to GND.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Notebook Computers
- Docking Stations
- KVM Switches

#### DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

The TS3V713EL is a high bandwidth, 7-channel video multiplexer/demultiplexer for switching between a single VGA source and one of two end points. The device is designed for ensuring video signal integrity and minimizing video signal attenuation by providing high bandwidth of 1.3 GHz.

The TS3V713EL has integrated level shifting buffers for the  $H_{SYNC}$  and  $V_{SYNC}$  signals which provide voltage level translation between 3.3V and 5V logic. The SCL and SDA lines use NMOS switches which clamp the output voltage to 1 V below  $V_{DD}$ .

The video signals are protected against ESD with integrated diodes to V<sub>DD</sub> and GND that support levels up to ±2 kV Contact Discharge (IEC61000-4-2) and 8 kV Human Body Model (JESD22-A114E).

#### ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

T <sub>A</sub>		PACKA	GE <sup>(2)</sup>	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
-40°C to 85	C QFN – RTG		Tape and reel	TS3V713ELRTGR	TF713EL

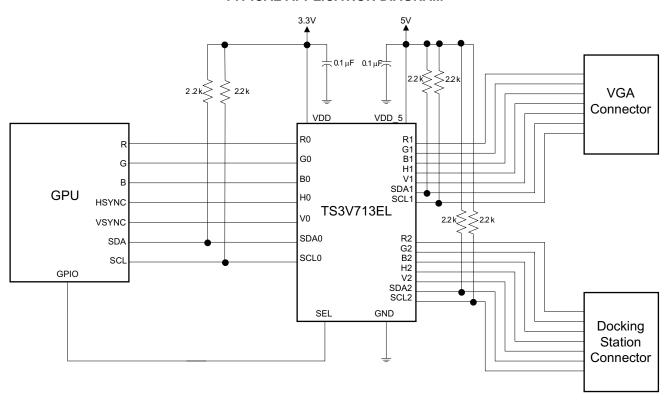
- (1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.
- (2) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

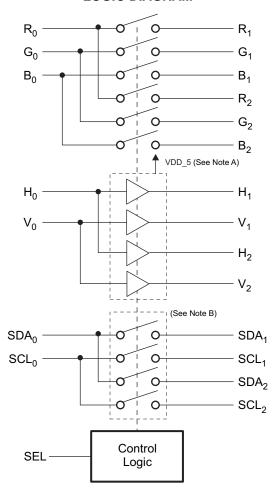


#### **TYPICAL APPLICATION DIAGRAM**





#### **LOGIC DIAGRAM**



- A. Supply for  $H_{\mbox{\scriptsize SYNC}}$  and  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize SYNC}}$  translators
- B. Output clamped to V<sub>DD</sub> 1 V

#### **FUNCTION TABLE**

	FUNCTION							
SEL	R <sub>0</sub> , G <sub>0</sub> , B <sub>0</sub> , H <sub>0</sub> , V <sub>0</sub> , SCL <sub>0</sub> , SDA <sub>0</sub>	Hi-Z						
L	R <sub>1</sub> , G <sub>1</sub> , B <sub>1</sub> , H <sub>1</sub> , V <sub>1</sub> , SCL <sub>1</sub> , SDA <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub> , G <sub>2</sub> , B <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> , V <sub>2</sub> , SCL <sub>2</sub> , SDA <sub>2</sub>						
Н	R <sub>2</sub> , G <sub>2</sub> , B <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> , V <sub>2</sub> , SCL <sub>2</sub> , SDA <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub> , G <sub>1</sub> , B <sub>1</sub> , H <sub>1</sub> , V <sub>1</sub> , SCL <sub>1</sub> , SDA <sub>1</sub>						



### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{DD}$	Supply valtage renge	-0.5	4.6	V	
$V_{DD_5}$	Supply voltage range		-0.5	6.5	V
$V_{I/O}$	Analog voltage range (2)(3)	R, G, B, SCL, SDA	-0.5	$V_{DD} + 0.5$	V
$V_{IN}$	Digital input voltage range (2)(3)	SEL, H, V	-0.5	6.5	V
I <sub>I/OK</sub>	Analog port diode current		-50	mA	
$I_{IK}$	Digital input clamp current	V <sub>IN</sub> < 0 V		-50	mA
I <sub>I/O</sub>	ON-state switch current	R, G, B, SCL, SDA	-128	128	mA
$I_{DD}$	Continuous current through V <sub>DD</sub> or GND		-100	100	mA
$I_{GND}$	Continuous current timought VDD of Citiz		100	100	
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance (4)	RTG package <sup>(4)</sup>		39.2	°C/W
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{DD}$	Supply voltage	3	3.6	V	
$V_{DD_5}$	Supply voltage for H and V channels	4.5	5.5	V	
$V_{IN}$	Digital control input voltage	SEL, H, V	0	5.5	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level control input voltage	SEL, H, V	2		V
$V_{IL}$	Low-level control input voltage	SEL, H, V		0.8	V
I <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output current	H, V		-8	mA
$I_{OL}$	Low-level output current	H, V		8	mA
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	-40	85	°C	

 All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>DD</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

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<sup>(3)</sup> The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

<sup>(4)</sup> The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-1.

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## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**(1)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{DD}$  = 3.3 V ±0.3 V,  $V_{DD}$  5 = 5 V ±0.5 V (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER			MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT			
V <sub>IK</sub>	Digital input clamp voltage	SEL, H, V	$V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ $V_{DD_{-5}} = 5.5 \text{ V},$				-0.8	-1.2	V	
r <sub>ON</sub>	ON-state resistance	R, G, B SCL, SDA	$V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ $0 \text{ V} \le V_{I/O} \le V_{I/O} \le V_{I/O} \le V_{I/O} \le V_{DD}$ , $I_{I/O} = -40 \text{ mA}$				3 4	6 8	Ω	
r <sub>ON(fl</sub> at)	ON-state resistance flatness <sup>(3)</sup>	R, G, B	$V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ $V_{DD_5} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	$V_{I/O} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ and $V_{DD}$ ,	I <sub>I/O</sub> = -40	) mA		0.2	1	Ω
Δr <sub>ON</sub>	ON-state resistance match between channels (4)	R, G, B	$V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ $V_{DD_{-5}} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	$\begin{array}{l} 0 \ V \leq V_{I/O} \leq \\ V_{DD}, \end{array}$	$I_{I/O} = -40$	O mA		0.2	1	Ω
I <sub>IH</sub>	Digital input high leakage current	SEL, H, V	$V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ $V_{DD_5} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$					±1	μΑ
I <sub>IL</sub>	Digital input low leakage current	SEL, H, V	$V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ $V_{DD_5} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	V <sub>IN</sub> = GND					±1	μΑ
I <sub>OFF</sub>	Leakage under power off conditions	All outputs	$V_{DD} = 0 V,$ $V_{DD_5} = 0 V,$	$V_{I/O} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6$ V,	$V_{IN} = 0 t$	o 5.5 V			±1	μΑ
C <sub>IN</sub>	Digital input capacitance	SEL, H, V	f = 10 MHz	$V_{IN} = 0$ ,				4		pF
C <sub>OFF</sub>	Switch OFF	R, G, B	f = 10 MHz	$V_{I/O} = 0 V$ ,	Output	Switch		2.5		pF
OOFF	capacitance	SCL, SDA	1 = 10 101112	V  /O = 0 V,	open,	OFF		2.3		Рι
C <sub>ON</sub>	Switch ON	R, G, B	f = 10 MHz	$V_{I/O} = 0 V$ ,	Output	Switch		8		pF
OON	capacitance	SCL, SDA	1 - 10 10112	V <sub>1/O</sub> = <b>V</b> V,	open,	ON		8.2		ρ.
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	H, V	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ ,	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$			3.8			V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	H, V	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$					0.5	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Voltage hysteresis	H, V						200	300	mV
I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> supply current		$V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ $V_{DD_{-5}} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ or GND,	$I_{I/O} = 0$ mA,			200	500	μΑ
I <sub>DD_5</sub>	V <sub>DD_5</sub> supply current		$V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ $V_{DD_{-}5} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ or GND,	I <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 mA,				50	μΑ

 $<sup>\</sup>begin{array}{lll} \text{(1)} & V_{\text{I}}, \ V_{\text{O}}, \ I_{\text{I}}, \ \text{and} \ I_{\text{O}} \ \text{refer} \ \text{to} \ \text{I/O} \ \text{pins.} \ V_{\text{IN}} \ \text{refers} \ \text{to} \ \text{the control inputs.} \\ \text{(2)} & \text{All typical values are at} \ V_{\text{DD}} = 3.3 \text{V}, \ V_{\text{DD}\_5} = 5 \text{V} \ \text{(unless otherwise noted)}, \ T_{\text{A}} = 25 ^{\circ} \text{C}. \\ \text{(3)} & r_{\text{ON}(\text{flat})} \ \text{is} \ \text{the} \ \text{difference} \ \text{of} \ r_{\text{ON}} \ \text{in} \ \text{a} \ \text{given channel} \ \text{at specified voltages.} \\ \text{(4)} & \Delta r_{\text{ON}} \ \text{is} \ \text{the} \ \text{difference} \ \text{of} \ r_{\text{ON}} \ \text{from center} \ \text{port to} \ \text{any other} \ \text{ports.} \\ \end{array}$ 



#### **SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V ±0.3 V, V<sub>DD 5</sub> = 5 V ±0.5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	R <sub>0</sub> ,G <sub>0</sub> , B <sub>0</sub>	R <sub>1</sub> , G <sub>1</sub> , B <sub>1</sub> or R <sub>2</sub> , G <sub>2</sub> , B <sub>2</sub>		0.25		
t <sub>pd</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	SCL <sub>0</sub> , SDA <sub>0</sub>	SCL <sub>1</sub> , SDA <sub>1</sub> or SCL <sub>2</sub> , SDA <sub>2</sub>		0.25		ns
	H0,V0	H1, V1 or H2, V2		3	7	
t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	SEL	R <sub>1</sub> , G <sub>1</sub> , B <sub>1</sub> , SCL <sub>1</sub> , SDA <sub>1</sub> or R <sub>2</sub> , G <sub>2</sub> , B <sub>2</sub> , SCL <sub>2</sub> , SDA <sub>2</sub>	0.5		11	ns
	SEL	H <sub>1</sub> , V <sub>1</sub> or H <sub>2</sub> , V <sub>2</sub>	0.5		13	
t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PZL</sub> <sup>(3)</sup>	SEL	R <sub>1</sub> , G <sub>1</sub> , B <sub>1</sub> , SCL <sub>1</sub> , SDA <sub>1</sub> or R <sub>2</sub> , G <sub>2</sub> , B <sub>2</sub> , SCL <sub>2</sub> , SDA <sub>2</sub>	0.5		11	ns
	SEL	H <sub>1</sub> , V <sub>1</sub> or H <sub>2</sub> , V <sub>2</sub>	0.5		13	
t <sub>sk(o)</sub> (4)	I		0.05	0.1	ns	
t <sub>sk(p)</sub> (5)	I		0.05	0.1	ns	

<sup>(1)</sup> The propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical ON-state resistance of the switch and the specified load capacitance when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).

#### **DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V ±0.3 V, V<sub>DD 5</sub> = 5 V ±0.5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAI	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS				
X <sub>TALK</sub>	R, G, B	$R_L = 50 \Omega$	f = 250 MHz	-50	dB		
O <sub>IRR</sub>	R, G, B	$R_L = 50 \Omega$	f = 250 MHz	-40	dB		
BW	R, G, B	$R_L = 50 \Omega$	Switch ON	1.3	GHz		

(1) All typical values are at  $V_{DD}$  = 3.3 V,  $V_{DD_{-5}}$  = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

<sup>(2)</sup> Line disable time: SEL to input and output; also called "SEL to Switch Turn Off Time."

<sup>(3)</sup> Line enable time: SEL to input and output; also called "SEL to Switch Turn On Time."

<sup>4)</sup> Output skew between center channel to any other channel.

<sup>(5)</sup> Skew between opposite transitions of the same output.  $|t_{PHL} - t_{PLH}|$ 



#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

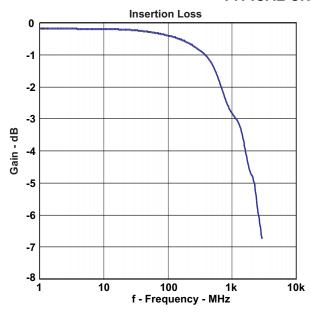


Figure 1. Gain vs Frequency

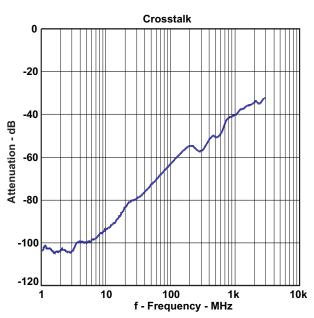


Figure 3. Crosstalk vs Frequency

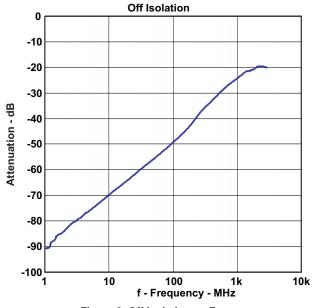


Figure 2. Off Isolation vs Frequency

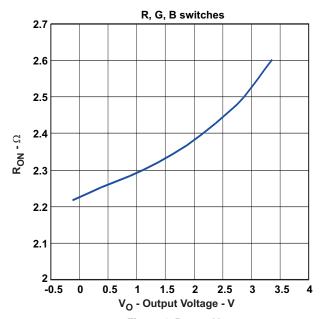
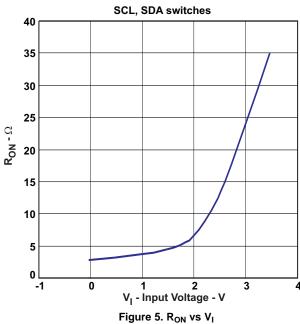


Figure 4. R<sub>ON</sub> vs V<sub>O</sub>



## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**



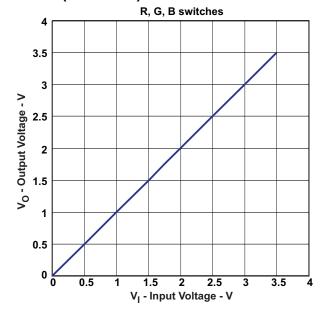


Figure 6.  $V_{\rm O}$  vs  $V_{\rm I}$ 

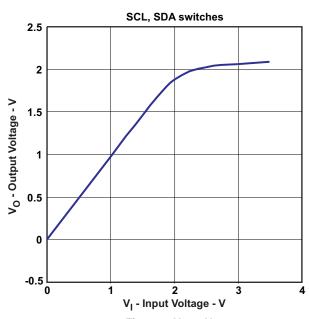


Figure 7.  $V_{\rm O}$  vs  $V_{\rm I}$ 

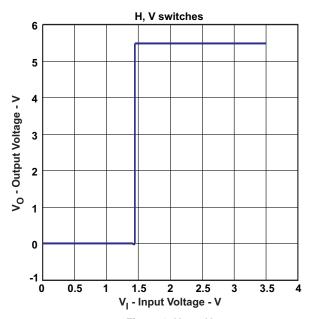
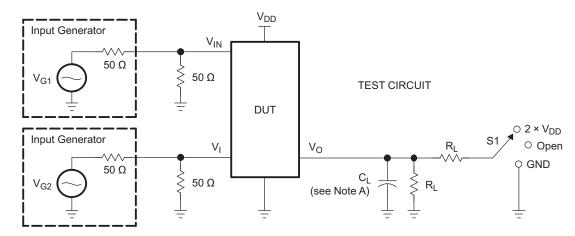


Figure 8.  $V_{\rm O}$  vs  $V_{\rm I}$ 



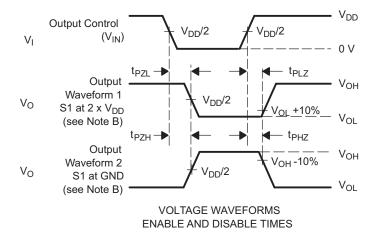
# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (Enable and Disable Times)



TEST	V <sub>DD_5</sub>	$V_{DD}$	S1	$R_L$	V <sub>in</sub>	CL	$V_\Delta$
$t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}$	5 V± 0.5 V	3.3 V± 0.3 V	$2 \times V_{DD}$	200 Ω	GND	10 pF	0.3 V
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	5 V± 0.5 V	3.3 V± 0.3 V	GND	or 1 kΩ*	V <sub>DD</sub>	10 pF	0.3 V

 $<sup>{}^*</sup>R_L = 200 \Omega$  applies to all switch outputs

 $R_1 = 1 k\Omega$  applies to all buffer outputs



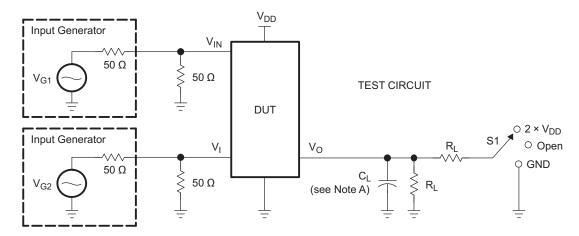
NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is lowexcept when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR 10 MHz,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r \le 2.5$  ns.  $t_r \le 2.5$  ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. t<sub>PLZ</sub> and t<sub>PHZ</sub> are the same as t<sub>dis</sub>.
- F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .

Figure 9. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



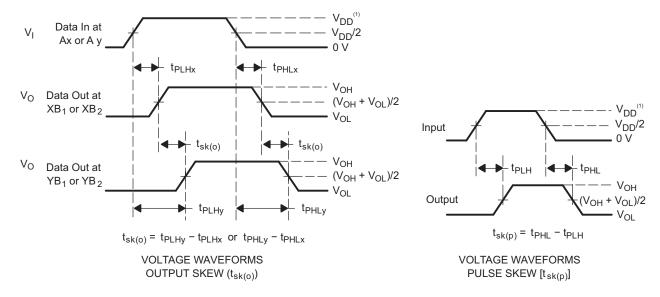
# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (Propagation Delay and Skew)



TEST	- V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD_5</sub>	; S1	R <sub>L</sub>	V <sub>in</sub>	CL
t <sub>sk(o)</sub>	3.3 V ± 0	.3 V 5 V ± 0.5	5 V Open	200 Ω*	V <sub>DD</sub> or GND	10 pF
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	3.3 V ± 0	.3 V 5 V ± 0.5	5 V Open	or 1 kΩ	V <sub>DD</sub> or GND	10 pF

 ${}^*R_L = 200 \Omega$  applies to all switch outputs

 $R_1 = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$  applies to all buffer outputs



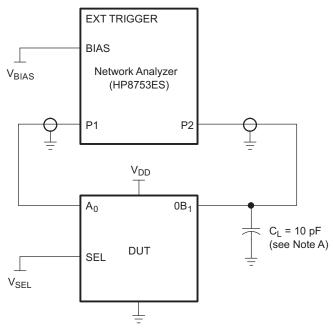
NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is lowexcept when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$ 10 MHz,  $Z_O$  = 50  $\Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq$  2.5 ns,  $t_f \leq$  2.5 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- (1)  $2 V \pm 0.2 V$  for SCL, SDA

Figure 10. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 11. Test Circuit for Frequency Response (BW)

Frequency response is measured at the output of the ON channel. For example, when  $V_{SEL}=0$  and  $A_0$  is the input, the output is measured at  $0B_1$ . All unused analog I/O ports are left open.

#### **HP8753ES Setup**

Average = 4

RBW = 3 kHz

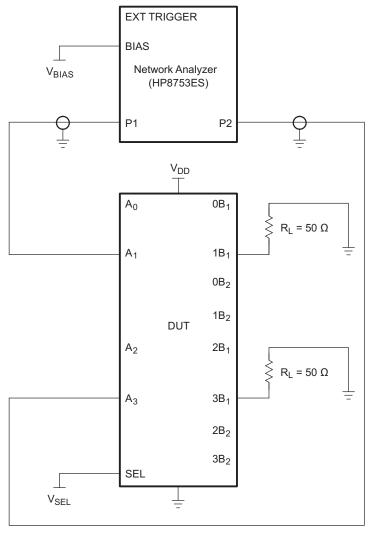
 $V_{BIAS} = 0.35 V$ 

ST = 2 s

P1 = 0 dBM



## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. A  $50-\Omega$  termination resistor is needed to match the loading of the network analyzer.

Figure 12. Test Circuit for Crosstalk (X<sub>TALK</sub>)

Crosstalk is measured at the output of the nonadjacent ON channel. For example, when  $V_{SEL}=0$  and  $A_1$  is the input, the output is measured at  $A_3$ . All unused analog input (A) ports are connected to GND, and the output (B) ports are left open.

### **HP8753ES Setup**

Average = 4

RBW = 3 kHz

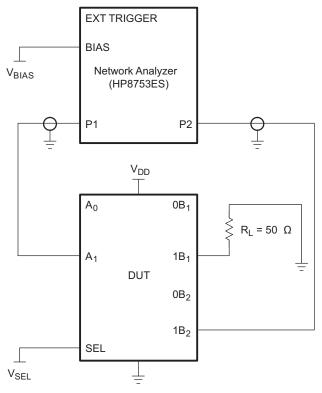
 $V_{BIAS} = 0.35 V$ 

ST = 2 s

P1 = 0 dBM



## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. A  $50-\Omega$  termination resistor is needed to match the loading of the network analyzer.

Figure 13. Test Circuit for Off Isolation (OIRR)

Off isolation is measured at the output of the OFF channel. For example, when  $V_{SEL} = GND$  and  $A_s$  is the input, the output is measured at  $1B_2$ . All unused analog input (A) ports are connected to GND, and the output (B) ports are left open.

#### **HP8753ES Setup**

Average = 4

RBW = 3 kHz

 $V_{BIAS} = 0.35 V$ 

ST = 2 s

P1 = 0 dBM



## PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

20-May-2013

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing		Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TS3V713ELRTGR	ACTIVE	WQFN	RTG	32	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	TF713EL	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

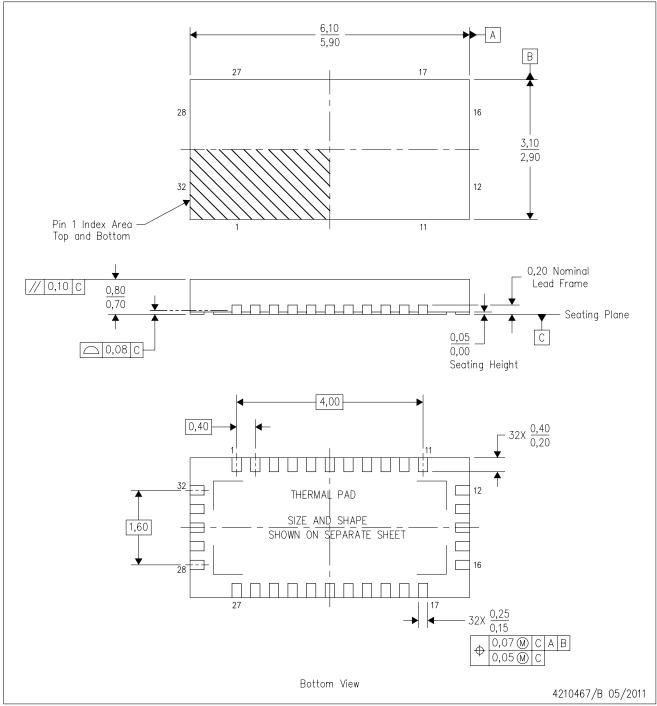
- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

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# RTG (R-PWQFN-N32)

## PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) package configuration.
  - D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
  - E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
  - F. Reference JEDEC MO-220.



# RTG (R-PWQFN-N32)

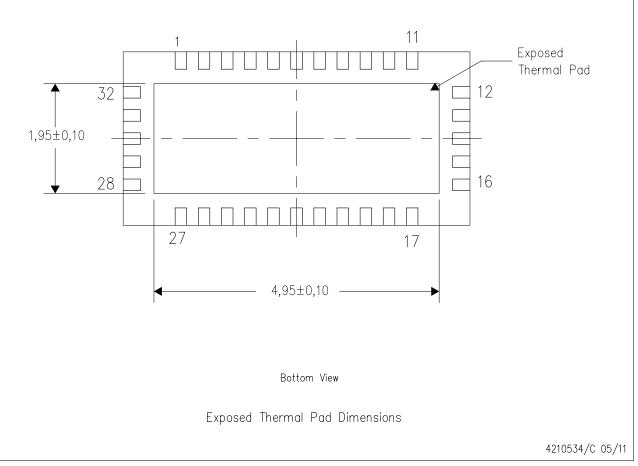
## PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

#### THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No—Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.

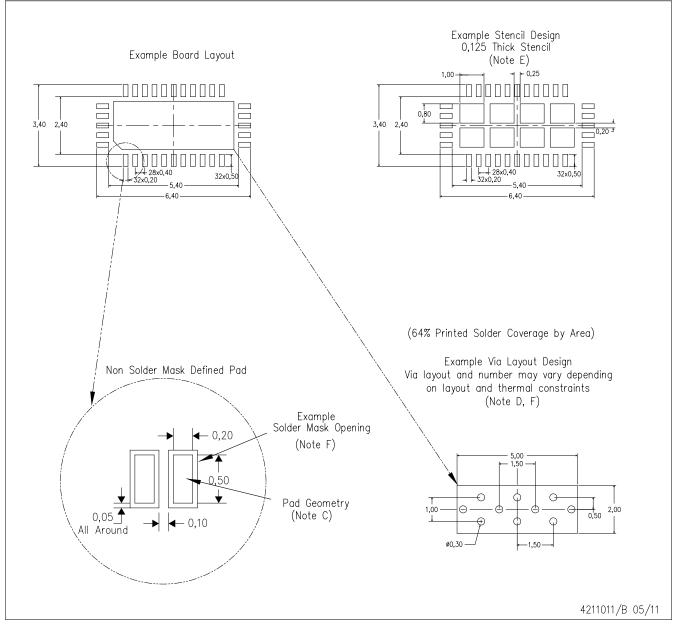


NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters



# RTG (R-PWQFN-N32)

## PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



#### NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat—Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017, SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <a href="https://www.ti.com">http://www.ti.com</a>.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for recommended solder mask tolerances and via tenting recommendations for vias placed in the thermal pad.



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