www.ti.com

SCES767B - SEPTEMBER 2011 - REVISED SEPTEMBER 2011

# 2-BIT UNDIRECTIONAL VOLTAGE-LEVEL TRANSLATOR

Check for Samples: SN74AVC2T244

#### **FEATURES**

- Wide Operating V<sub>CC</sub> Range of 0.9 V to 3.6 V
- Low Static-Power Consumption, 6-µA Max I<sub>CC</sub>
- Output Enable Feature Allows User to Disable Outputs to Reduce Power Consumption
- ±24-mA Output Drive at 3.0 V
- I<sub>off</sub> Supports Partial Power-Down-Mode Operation
- Input Hysteresis Allows Slow Input Transition and Better Switching Noise Immunity at Input
- Maximum Data Rates
  - 380 Mbps (1.8-V to 3.3-V Translation)
  - 200 Mbps (<1.8-V to 3.3-V Translation)</li>
  - 200 Mbps (Translate to 2.5 V or 1.8 V)
  - 150 Mbps (Translate to 1.5 V)
  - 100 Mbps (Translate to 1.2 V)

- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
  - 5000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)

# **APPLICATIONS**

Handset, Smartphone, Tablet, Server

#### DQE/DQM PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

| $V_{CCA}$        | [[]  | 1_8_          | $V_{\text{CCB}}$ |
|------------------|------|---------------|------------------|
| V <sub>CCA</sub> | _2_1 | ī_7_          | B1               |
| A2               | _3_I | ı <u>_</u> 6_ | B2               |
| OE               | _4_I | 1_5_          | GND              |

# **DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION**

This 2-bit unidirectional translator uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The A port is designed to track  $V_{CCA}$ .  $V_{CCA}$  accepts any supply voltage from 0.9 V to 3.6 V. The B port is designed to track  $V_{CCB}$ .  $V_{CCB}$  accepts any supply voltage from 0.9 V to 3.6 V. This allows for low-voltage translation between 0.9-V, 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V and 3.6-V voltage nodes. For the SN74AVC2T244, when the output-enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) input is high, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. The SN74AVC2T244 is designed so that the  $\overline{OE}$  input circuit is referenced to  $V_{CCA}$ . This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using loff. The  $I_{off}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

### ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

| T <sub>A</sub> | PACKAGE <sup>(2)</sup> | ORDERABLE<br>PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE MARKING |
|----------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| 40°C to 95°C   | DQE – MicroQFN         | SN74AVC2T244DQER         | VA               |
| –40°C to 85°C  | DQM – MicroQFN         | SN74AVC2T244DQMR         | VAH              |

<sup>(1)</sup> For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

<sup>(2)</sup> Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging





These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

# **DEVICE INFORMATION**

# **PIN DESCRIPTION**

| PIN  | FUNCTION                    |
|------|-----------------------------|
| VCCA | Input Port DC Power Supply  |
| VCCB | Output Port DC Power Supply |
| GND  | Ground                      |
| An   | Input Port                  |
| Bn   | Output Port                 |
| OE   | Output Enable               |

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                  |   |                      |                | MIN  | MAX  | UNIT |
|------------------|---|----------------------|----------------|------|------|------|
|                  | DC Supply voltage, V <sub>CCA</sub> V <sub>CCB</sub>                        |                      |                | -0.5 | 4.6  | V    |
|                  | DC Input voltage, V <sub>I</sub>  | An                   | -0.5           | 4.6  | V    |      |
|                  | Control Input, V <sub>C</sub>   |                      | ŌĒ             | -0.5 | 4.6  | V    |
| Voltage          | DC Output voltage, V <sub>O</sub> , V <sub>CCA</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> = 0 | (Power<br>Down)      | B <sub>n</sub> | -0.5 | 4.6  |      |
|                  |   | (Active<br>Mode)     | B <sub>n</sub> | -0.5 | 4.6  | V    |
|                  |   | 3-State Mode         | B <sub>n</sub> | -0.5 | 4.6  |      |
|                  | DC Input Diode current, I <sub>IK</sub>                                     | V <sub>I</sub> < GND |                |      | -20  | mA   |
|                  | DC Output Diode current, I <sub>OK</sub>                                    | V <sub>O</sub> < GND |                |      | -50  | mA   |
|                  | DC Output Source/Sink current, IO   |                      |                |      | ±50  | mA   |
|                  | DC Supply current per supply pin, I <sub>CCA</sub> , I <sub>CCB</sub>       |                      |                |      | ±100 | mA   |
| I <sub>GND</sub> | DC Ground current per ground pin  |                      |                |      | ±100 | mA   |
| T <sub>stg</sub> | Storage temperature range   |                      |                | -65  | 150  | °C   |

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

|                                     |   |                   |                | MIN | MAX       | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------|----------------|-----|-----------|------|
| V <sub>CCA</sub> , V <sub>CCB</sub> | Positive DC Supply voltage  |                   |                | 0.9 | 3.6       | V    |
| V <sub>I</sub>                      | Bus input voltage   | Bus input voltage |                |     |           | V    |
| V <sub>I</sub>                      | Input voltage   |                   |                | GND | 3.6       | V    |
| $V_{C}$                             | Control input   | ŌĒ                | GND            | 3.6 | V         |      |
|                                     |   | (Power Down Mode) | B <sub>n</sub> | GND | 3.6       | V    |
| Vo                                  | Bus output voltage  | (Active Mode)     | B <sub>n</sub> | GND | $V_{CCB}$ | V    |
|                                     |   | 3-State Mode      | B <sub>n</sub> | GND | 3.6       | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>                      | Operating free-air temperature  |                   |                | -40 | 85        | °C   |
| Δt/Δν                               | Input transition rise or fall rate $V_1$ from 30% to 70% of $V_{CC}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3.3$ |                   |                |     |           | nS   |

Submit Documentation Feedback

www.ti.com

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(1) (2)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|  | PARAMETER   | TEST CONDITIONS  | V <sub>CCA</sub> (V) | V <sub>CCB</sub> (V) | −40°C to                   | 85°C                       | UNIT |
|--|---|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------|
|  | TANAMETER   | TEOT CONDITIONS  | ▼CCA(▼)              | ▼CCB (▼)             | MIN                        | MAX                        | Oiti |
|  |   |  | 2.7 – 3.6            |                      | 2.0                        | -                          |      |
|  |   |  | 2.3 – 2.7            |                      | 1.6                        | _                          |      |
| V <sub>IH</sub>                        | Input HIGH Voltage<br>(An, OE)  |  | 1.4 – 2.3            | 0.9 – 3.6            | 0.65 ×<br>V <sub>CCA</sub> | _                          | V    |
|  |   |  | 0.9 – 1.4            |                      | 0.9 ×<br>V <sub>CCA</sub>  | _                          |      |
|  |   |  | 2.7 – 3.6            |                      | _                          | 8.0                        |      |
|  |   |  | 2.3 – 2.7            |                      | _                          | 0.7                        |      |
| V <sub>IL</sub>                        | Input LOW voltage (An, OE)  |  | 1.4 – 2.3            | 0.9 – 3.6            | _                          | 0.35 ×<br>V <sub>CCA</sub> | V    |
|  |   |  | 0.9 – 1.5            |                      | _                          | 0.1 ×<br>V <sub>CCA</sub>  |      |
|  |   | $I_{OH} = -100 \mu A; V_I = V_H$                                   | 0.9 – 3.6            | 0.9 – 3.6            | V <sub>CCB</sub> – 0.2     | _                          |      |
|  |   | $I_{OH} = -0.5 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_H$                              | 0.9                  | 0.9                  | 0.75 ×<br>V <sub>CCB</sub> | _                          |      |
|  |   | $I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_H$                                | 1.4                  | 1.4                  | 1.05                       | _                          |      |
|  | Output HIGH voltage   | $I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_H$                                | 1.65                 | 1.65                 | 1.25                       | _                          |      |
| $V_{OH}$                               |   | IOH = -0 IIIA, VI = VH   | 2.3                  | 2.3                  | 2.0                        | _                          | V    |
|  |   | 1 - 12 m 1 · 1/  | 2.3                  | 2.3                  | 1.8                        | _                          |      |
|  |   | $I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_H$                               | 2.7                  | 2.7                  | 2.2                        | -                          |      |
|  |   | 10 40 40 1   | 2.3                  | 2.3                  | 1.7                        | _                          |      |
|  |   | $I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_H$                               | 3.0                  | 3.0                  | 2.4                        | _                          |      |
|  |   | $I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_H$                               | 3.0                  | 3.0                  | 2.2                        | _                          |      |
|  |   | $I_{OH} = 100 \mu A; V_I = V_H$                                    | 0.9 - 3.6            | 0.9 - 3.6            | _                          | 0.2                        |      |
|  |   | $I_{OH} = 0.5 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_H$                               | 1.1                  | 1.1                  | _                          | 0.3                        |      |
|  |   | $I_{OH} = 2 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_H$                                 | 1.4                  | 1.4                  | _                          | 0.35                       |      |
|  |   | $I_{OH} = 6 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_H$                                 | 1.65                 | 1.65                 | _                          | 0.3                        |      |
| $V_{OL}$                               | Output LOW voltage  |  | 2.3                  | 2.3                  | _                          | 0.4                        | V    |
|  |   | $I_{OH} = 12 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_H$                                | 2.7                  | 2.7                  | _                          | 0.4                        |      |
|  |   |  | 2.3                  | 2.3                  | _                          | 0.6                        |      |
|  |   | $I_{OH} = 18 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_H$                                | 3.0                  | 3.0                  | _                          | 0.4                        |      |
|  |   | $I_{OH} = 24 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_H$                                | 3.0                  | 3.0                  | _                          | 0.55                       |      |
| l <sub>l</sub>                         | Input Leakage<br>Current  | V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND                           | 0.9 – 3.6            | 0.9 – 3.6            | -1.0                       | 1.5                        | μΑ   |
|  | Power-Off Leakage   | <del></del>  | 0                    | 0.9 - 3.6            | -1.0                       | 1.3                        |      |
| I <sub>OFF</sub>                       | Current   | OE = 0V  | 0.9 - 3.6            | 0                    | -1.0                       | 1.5                        | μA   |
| I <sub>CCA</sub>                       | Quiescent Supply<br>Current   | $V_I = V_{CCA}$ or GND;<br>$I_O = 0$                               | 0.9 – 3.6            | 0.9 – 3.6            | _                          | 3.0                        | μΑ   |
| Іссв                                   | Quiescent Supply<br>Current   | $V_I = V_{CCA}$ or GND;<br>$I_O = 0$                               | 0.9 – 3.6            | 0.9 – 3.6            | _                          | 3.0                        | μΑ   |
| I <sub>CCA</sub> +<br>I <sub>CCB</sub> | Quiescent Supply<br>Current   | $V_I = V_{CCA}$ or GND;<br>$I_O = 0$                               | 0.9 – 3.6            | 0.9 – 3.6            | -                          | 6.0                        | μΑ   |
| ΔI <sub>CCA</sub>                      | Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per<br>Input Voltage, Other<br>inputs at V <sub>CCA</sub> or<br>GND | $V_I = V_{CCA} - 0.3 \text{ V};$<br>$V_I = V_{CCA} \text{ or GND}$ | 3.6                  | 3.6                  | -                          | 5.0                        | μΑ   |

 $<sup>\</sup>begin{array}{ll} \hbox{(1)} & V_{CCO} \ \hbox{is the} \ V_{CC} \ \hbox{associated with the output port.} \\ \hbox{(2)} & V_{CCI} \ \hbox{is the} \ V_{CC} \ \hbox{associated with the input port.} \\ \end{array}$ 



# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(1) (2) (continued)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                   | PARAMETER   | TEST CONDITIONS VCCA (V)   |                      | V 00                 | –40°C to | 85°C | UNIT |  |
|-------------------|---|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------|------|------|--|
|                   | PARAMETER   | TEST CONDITIONS  | V <sub>CCA</sub> (V) | V <sub>CCB</sub> (V) | MIN      | MAX  | UNII |  |
| ΔI <sub>CCB</sub> | Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per<br>Input Voltage, Other<br>inputs at V <sub>CCA</sub> or<br>GND | $V_I = V_{CCA} - 0.3 \text{ V};$<br>$V_I = V_{CCA} \text{ or GND}$ | 3.6                  | 3.6                  | -        | 5.0  | μΑ   |  |
| l <sub>OZ</sub>   | I/O Tri-State Output<br>Leakage Current   | $TA = 25^{\circ}C, \overline{OE} = 0 V$                            | 0.9 – 3.6            | 0.9 – 3.6            | -1.0     | 1.0  | μΑ   |  |

Submit Documentation Feedback

www.ti.com

## **AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol                                | Parameter   | V <sub>CCA</sub> (V) | VCCB (V)  | MIN | MAX  | UNIT |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------|-----------|-----|------|------|
|                                       |   | 0.9 - 3.6            | 0.9 – 3.6 |     | 20   |      |
| t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>   | Propagation Delay, A <sub>n</sub> to B <sub>n</sub> | 1.2 – 3.6            | 1.2 – 3.6 |     | 7    | nS   |
|                                       |   | 1.8 – 3.6            | 1.8 – 3.6 |     | 3.5  |      |
|                                       |   | 0.9 - 3.6            | 0.9 – 3.6 |     | 23   |      |
| t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PZL</sub>   | Output Enable, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to $B_n$      | 1.2 – 3.6            | 1.2 – 3.6 |     | 6.5  | nS   |
|                                       |   | 1.8 – 3.6            | 1.8 – 3.6 |     | 4.1  |      |
|                                       |   | 0.9 - 3.6            | 0.9 – 3.6 |     | 17   |      |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>   | Output Disable, $\overline{OE}$ to $B_n$            | 1.2 – 3.6            | 1.2 – 3.6 |     | 7    | nS   |
|                                       |   | 1.8 – 3.6            | 1.8 – 3.6 |     | 4.3  |      |
|                                       |   | 0.9 - 3.6            | 0.9 - 3.6 |     | 0.15 |      |
| t <sub>OSHL</sub> , t <sub>OSLH</sub> | Output to Output Skew, Time                         | 1.2 – 3.6            | 1.2 – 3.6 |     | 0.15 | nS   |
| toshl, toslh                          |   | 1.8 – 3.6            | 1.8 – 3.6 |     | 0.15 |      |

# Table 1. CAPACITANCE<sup>(1)</sup>

| Symbol           | Parameter                     | Test Conditions  | TYP <sup>(2)</sup> | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|------|
| C <sub>IN</sub>  | Control Pin Input Capacitance | $V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_I = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CCA/B}$                     | 3.5                | pF   |
| C <sub>I/O</sub> | I/O Pin Input capacitance     | $V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_I = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CCA/B}$                     | 5.0                | pF   |
| C <sub>PD</sub>  | Power Dissipation Capacitance | $V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_I = 0 \text{ V or } V_{CCA/B}, f = 10 \text{ MHz}$ | 33                 | pF   |

 <sup>(1)</sup> C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the IC's equivalent capacitance from which the operating current can be calculated from: I<sub>CC(operating)</sub> ≈ C<sub>PD</sub> × V<sub>CC</sub> × f<sub>IN</sub> × N<sub>SW</sub> where I<sub>CC</sub> = I<sub>CCA</sub> + I<sub>CCB</sub> and N<sub>SW</sub> = total number of outputs switching.
 (2) Typical values are at TA = +25°C.



# PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

20-May-2013

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan                   | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp      | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking | Samples |
|------------------|--------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------|---------|
| SN74AVC2T244DQER | ACTIVE | X2SON        | DQE                | 8    | 5000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | VA             | Samples |
| SN74AVC2T244DQMR | ACTIVE | X2SON        | DQM                | 8    | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | VAH            | Samples |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

8-Sep-2012 www.ti.com

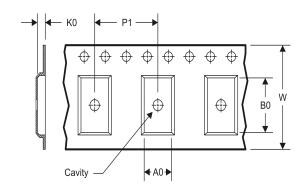
# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

# **REEL DIMENSIONS**





# **TAPE DIMENSIONS**



| A0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width     |
|----|---|
| В0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length    |
| K0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W  | Overall width of the carrier tape                         |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers                   |

# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

\*All dimensions are nominal

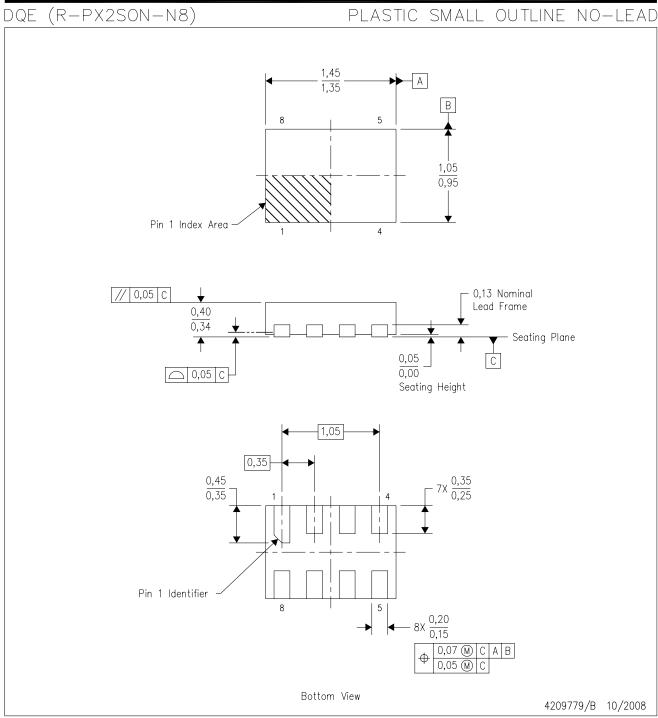
| Device           | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing |   | SPQ  | Reel<br>Diameter<br>(mm) | Reel<br>Width<br>W1 (mm) | A0<br>(mm) | B0<br>(mm) | K0<br>(mm) | P1<br>(mm) | W<br>(mm) | Pin1<br>Quadrant |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| SN74AVC2T244DQER | X2SON           | DQE                | 8 | 5000 | 180.0                    | 8.4                      | 1.2        | 1.6        | 0.55       | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q1               |
| SN74AVC2T244DQMR | X2SON           | DQM                | 8 | 3000 | 180.0                    | 8.4                      | 1.57       | 2.21       | 0.59       | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q1               |

www.ti.com 8-Sep-2012



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

| Device           | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| SN74AVC2T244DQER | X2SON        | DQE             | 8    | 5000 | 202.0       | 201.0      | 28.0        |
| SN74AVC2T244DQMR | X2SON        | DQM             | 8    | 3000 | 202.0       | 201.0      | 28.0        |



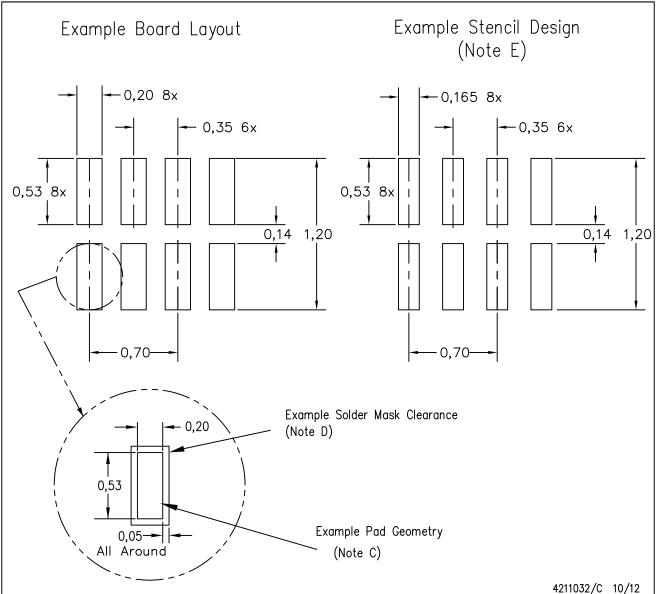
NOTES: All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  C. SON (Small Outline No-Lead) package configuration.
  D. This package complies to JEDEC MO-287 variation X2EAF.



# DQE (R-PX2SON-N8)

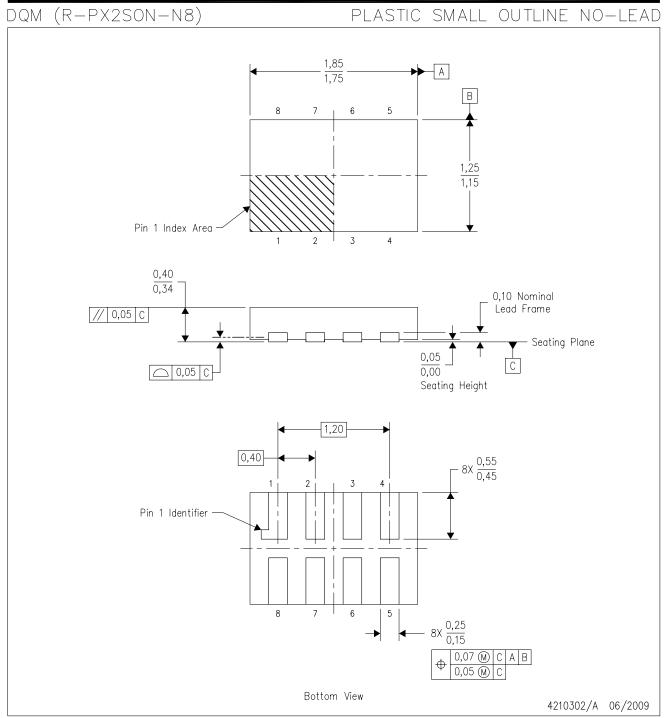
# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads. If 2 mil solder mask is outside PCB vendor capability, it is advised to omit solder mask.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,1016 mm (4 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Over—printing land for acceptable area ratio is not viable due to land width and bridging potential. Customer may further reduce side aperture dimensions if stencil manufacturing process allows for sufficient release at smaller opening.
- H. Suggest stencils cut with lasers such as Fiber Laser that produce the greatest positional accuracy.
- I. Component placement force should be minimized to prevent excessive paste block deformation.





NOTES: All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.C. SON (Small Outline No-Lead) package configuration.



#### IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have *not* been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

## Products Applications

Audio www.ti.com/audio Automotive and Transportation www.ti.com/automotive Communications and Telecom **Amplifiers** amplifier.ti.com www.ti.com/communications **Data Converters** dataconverter.ti.com Computers and Peripherals www.ti.com/computers **DLP® Products** www.dlp.com Consumer Electronics www.ti.com/consumer-apps

DSP **Energy and Lighting** dsp.ti.com www.ti.com/energy Clocks and Timers www.ti.com/clocks Industrial www.ti.com/industrial Interface interface.ti.com Medical www.ti.com/medical logic.ti.com Logic Security www.ti.com/security

Power Mgmt power.ti.com Space, Avionics and Defense www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense

Microcontrollers microcontroller.ti.com Video and Imaging www.ti.com/video

RFID www.ti-rfid.com

OMAP Applications Processors <a href="www.ti.com/omap">www.ti.com/omap</a> TI E2E Community <a href="e2e.ti.com">e2e.ti.com</a>

Wireless Connectivity <u>www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity</u>