

MIXED SIGNAL MICROCONTROLLER

FEATURES

- **Embedded Microcontroller**
 - 16-Bit RISC Architecture up to 24-MHz Clock
 - Wide Supply Voltage Range (2 V to 3.6 V)
 - -40°C to 85°C Operation
- **Optimized Ultra-Low Power Modes**

Mode	Consumption (Typical)
Active Mode	81.4 μ A/MHz
Standby (LPM3 With VLO)	6.3 μ A
Real-Time Clock (LPM3.5 With Crystal)	1.5 μ A
Shutdown (LPM4.5)	0.32 μ A

- **Ultra-Low Power Ferroelectric RAM**
 - Up to 16KB Nonvolatile Memory
 - Ultra-Low Power Writes
 - Fast Write at 125 ns per Word (16KB in 1 ms)
 - Built in Error Coding and Correction (ECC) and Memory Protection Unit (MPU)
 - Universal Memory = Program + Data + Storage
 - 10^{15} Write Cycle Endurance
 - Radiation Resistant and Nonmagnetic
- **Intelligent Digital Peripherals**
 - 32-Bit Hardware Multiplier (MPY)
 - Three-Channel Internal DMA
 - Real-Time Clock With Calendar and Alarm Functions
 - Five 16-Bit Timers With up to Three Capture/Compare
 - 16-Bit Cyclic Redundancy Checker (CRC)
- **High-Performance Analog**
 - 16-Channel Analog Comparator With Voltage Reference and Programmable Hysteresis
 - 14-Channel 10-Bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) With Internal Reference and Sample-and-Hold
 - 200 ksps at 100- μ A Consumption
- **Enhanced Serial Communication**
 - eUSCI_A0 and eUSCI_A1 Support:
 - UART With Automatic Baud-Rate Detection
 - IrDA Encode and Decode
 - SPI at Rates up to 10 Mbps
 - eUSCI_B0 Supports:
 - I²C With Multi-Slave Addressing
 - SPI at Rates up to 10 Mbps
 - Hardware UART Bootstrap Loader (BSL)
- **Power Management System**
 - Fully Integrated LDO
 - Supply Voltage Supervisor for Core and Supply Voltages With Reset Capability
 - Always-On Zero-Power Brownout Detection
 - Serial On-Board Programming With No External Voltage Needed
- **Flexible Clock System**
 - Fixed-Frequency DCO With Six Selectable Factory-Trimmed Frequencies (Device Dependent)
 - Low-Power Low-Frequency Internal Clock Source (VLO)
 - 32-kHz Crystals (LFXT)
 - High-Frequency Crystals (HFXT)
- **Development Tools and Software**
 - Free Professional Development Environments (IAR, CCS, GCC)
 - Low-Cost Full-Featured Kit ([MSP-EXP430FR5739](#))
 - Full Development Kit ([MSP-FET430U40A](#))
 - Target Board ([MSP-TS430RHA40A](#))
- **Family Members**
 - 20 Different Variants and 5 Available Packages Summarized in [Table 1](#) and [Table 2](#)
 - For Complete Module Descriptions, See the [MSP430FR57xx Family User's Guide \(SLAU272\)](#)



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CAUTION These products use FRAM nonvolatile memory technology. FRAM retention is sensitive to extreme temperatures, such as those experienced during reflow or hand soldering. See [Absolute Maximum Ratings](#) for more information.

CAUTION System-level ESD protection must be applied in compliance with the device-level ESD specification to prevent electrical overstress or disturb of data or code memory. See the application report *MSP430™ System-Level ESD Considerations (SLAA530)* for more information.

DESCRIPTION

The Texas Instruments MSP430FR57xx family of ultralow-power microcontrollers consists of multiple devices featuring embedded FRAM nonvolatile memory, ultralow power 16-bit MSP430 CPU, and different peripherals targeted for various applications. The architecture, FRAM, and peripherals, combined with seven low-power modes, are optimized to achieve extended battery life in portable and wireless sensing applications. FRAM is a new nonvolatile memory that combines the speed, flexibility, and endurance of SRAM with the stability and reliability of flash, all at lower total power consumption. Peripherals include 10-bit A/D converter, 16-channel comparator with voltage reference generation and hysteresis capabilities, three enhanced serial channels capable of I²C, SPI, or UART protocols, internal DMA, hardware multiplier, real-time clock, five 16-bit timers, and more. The family members that are available are summarized in [Table 1](#).

Table 1. Family Members

Device	FRAM (KB)	SRAM (KB)	System Clock (MHz)	ADC10_B	Comp_D	Timer_A ⁽¹⁾	Timer_B ⁽²⁾	eUSCI		I/O	Package
								Channel A: UART, IrDA, SPI	Channel B: SPI, I ² C		
MSP430FR5739	16	1	24	12 ext, 2 int ch.	16 ch.	3, 3	3, 3, 3	2	1	32	RHA
										30	DA
MSP430FR5738	16	1	24	6 ext, 2 int ch.	10 ch.	3, 3	3	1	1	17	RGE
				8 ext, 2 int ch.	12 ch.					21	PW
				6 ext, 2 int ch.	10 ch.					17	YQD ⁽³⁾
MSP430FR5737	16	1	24		16 ch.	3, 3	3, 3, 3	2	1	32	RHA
										30	DA
MSP430FR5736	16	1	24		10 ch.	3, 3	3	1	1	17	RGE
					12 ch.					21	PW
MSP430FR5735	8	1	24	12 ext, 2 int ch.	16 ch.	3, 3	3, 3, 3	2	1	32	RHA
										30	DA
MSP430FR5734	8	1	24	6 ext, 2 int ch.	10 ch.	3, 3	3	1	1	17	RGE
				8 ext, 2 int ch.	12 ch.					21	PW
MSP430FR5733	8	1	24		16 ch.	3, 3	3, 3, 3	2	1	32	RHA
										30	DA
MSP430FR5732	8	1	24		10 ch.	3, 3	3	1	1	17	RGE
					12 ch.					21	PW
MSP430FR5731	4	1	24	12 ext, 2 int ch.	16 ch.	3, 3	3, 3, 3	2	1	32	RHA
										30	DA
MSP430FR5730	4	1	24	6 ext, 2 int ch.	10 ch.	3, 3	3	1	1	17	RGE
				8 ext, 2 int ch.	12 ch.					21	PW

- (1) Each number in the sequence represents an instantiation of Timer_A with its associated number of capture/compare registers and PWM output generators available. For example, a number sequence of 3, 5 would represent two instantiations of Timer_A, the first instantiation having 3 and the second instantiation having 5 capture/compare registers and PWM output generators, respectively.
- (2) Each number in the sequence represents an instantiation of Timer_B with its associated number of capture/compare registers and PWM output generators available. For example, a number sequence of 3, 5 would represent two instantiations of Timer_B, the first instantiation having 3 and the second instantiation having 5 capture/compare registers and PWM output generators, respectively.
- (3) Product Preview

Table 1. Family Members (continued)

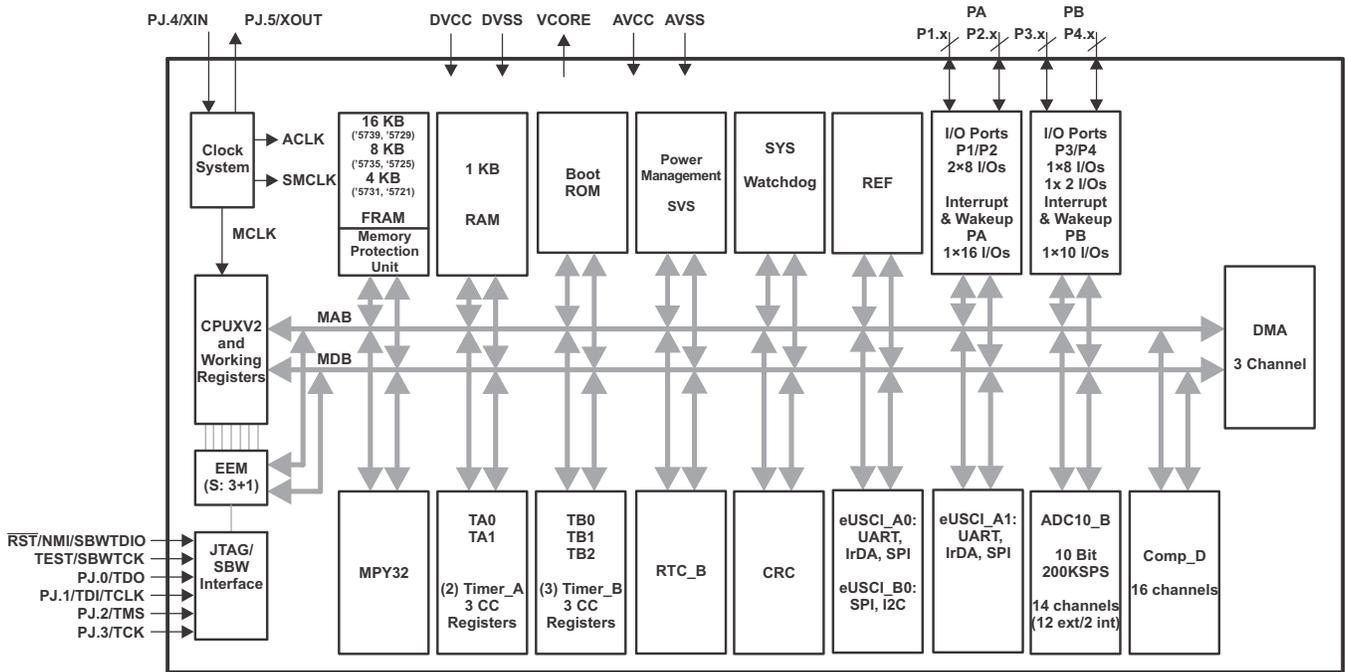
Device	FRAM (KB)	SRAM (KB)	System Clock (MHz)	ADC10_B	Comp_D	Timer_A ⁽¹⁾	Timer_B ⁽²⁾	eUSCI		I/O	Package
								Channel A: UART, IrDA, SPI	Channel B: SPI, I ² C		
MSP430FR5729	16	1	8	12 ext, 2 int ch.	16 ch.	3, 3	3, 3, 3	2	1	32	RHA
										30	DA
MSP430FR5728	16	1	8	6 ext, 2 int ch.	10 ch.	3, 3	3	1	1	17	RGE
				8 ext, 2 int ch.	12 ch.					21	PW
MSP430FR5727	16	1	8		16 ch.	3, 3	3, 3, 3	2	1	32	RHA
										30	DA
MSP430FR5726	16	1	8		10 ch.	3, 3	3	1	1	17	RGE
					12 ch.					21	PW
MSP430FR5725	8	1	8	12 ext, 2 int ch.	16 ch.	3, 3	3, 3, 3	2	1	32	RHA
										30	DA
MSP430FR5724	8	1	8	6 ext, 2 int ch.	10 ch.	3, 3	3	1	1	17	RGE
				8 ext, 2 int ch.	12 ch.					21	PW
MSP430FR5723	8	1	8		16 ch.	3, 3	3, 3, 3	2	1	32	RHA
										30	DA
MSP430FR5722	8	1	8		10 ch.	3, 3	3	1	1	17	RGE
					12 ch.					21	PW
MSP430FR5721	4	1	8	12 ext, 2 int ch.	16 ch.	3, 3	3, 3, 3	2	1	32	RHA
										30	DA
MSP430FR5720	4	1	8	6 ext, 2 int ch.	10 ch.	3, 3	3	1	1	17	RGE
				8 ext, 2 int ch.	12 ch.					21	PW

Table 2. Ordering Information⁽¹⁾

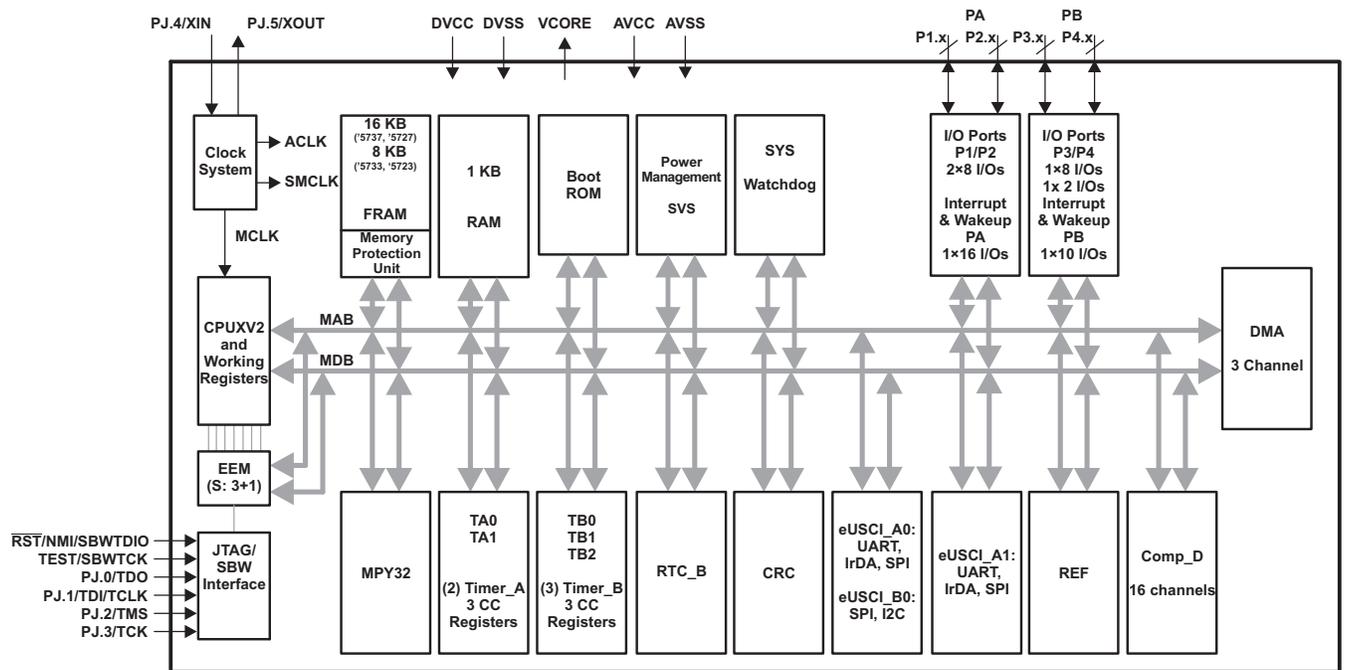
T _A	PACKAGED DEVICES ⁽²⁾				
	PLASTIC 40-PIN VQFN (RHA)	PLASTIC 24-PIN VQFN (RGE)	PLASTIC 38-PIN TSSOP (DA)	PLASTIC 28-PIN TSSOP (PW)	PLASTIC 24-BALL DSBGA (YQD)
–40°C to 85°C	MSP430FR5721RHA	MSP430FR5720IRGE	MSP430FR5721IDA	MSP430FR5720IPW	MSP430FR5738IYQD ⁽³⁾
	MSP430FR5723RHA	MSP430FR5722IRGE	MSP430FR5723IDA	MSP430FR5722IPW	
	MSP430FR5725RHA	MSP430FR5724IRGE	MSP430FR5725IDA	MSP430FR5724IPW	
	MSP430FR5727RHA	MSP430FR5726IRGE	MSP430FR5727IDA	MSP430FR5726IPW	
	MSP430FR5729RHA	MSP430FR5728IRGE	MSP430FR5729IDA	MSP430FR5728IPW	
	MSP430FR5731RHA	MSP430FR5730IRGE	MSP430FR5731IDA	MSP430FR5730IPW	
	MSP430FR5733RHA	MSP430FR5732IRGE	MSP430FR5733IDA	MSP430FR5732IPW	
	MSP430FR5735RHA	MSP430FR5734IRGE	MSP430FR5735IDA	MSP430FR5734IPW	
	MSP430FR5737RHA	MSP430FR5736IRGE	MSP430FR5737IDA	MSP430FR5736IPW	
	MSP430FR5739RHA	MSP430FR5738IRGE	MSP430FR5739IDA	MSP430FR5738IPW	

- (1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.
- (2) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/packaging.
- (3) Product Preview

**Functional Block Diagram –
MSP430FR5721IRHA, MSP430FR5725IRHA, MSP430FR5729IRHA,
MSP430FR5731IRHA, MSP430FR5735IRHA, MSP430FR5739IRHA**

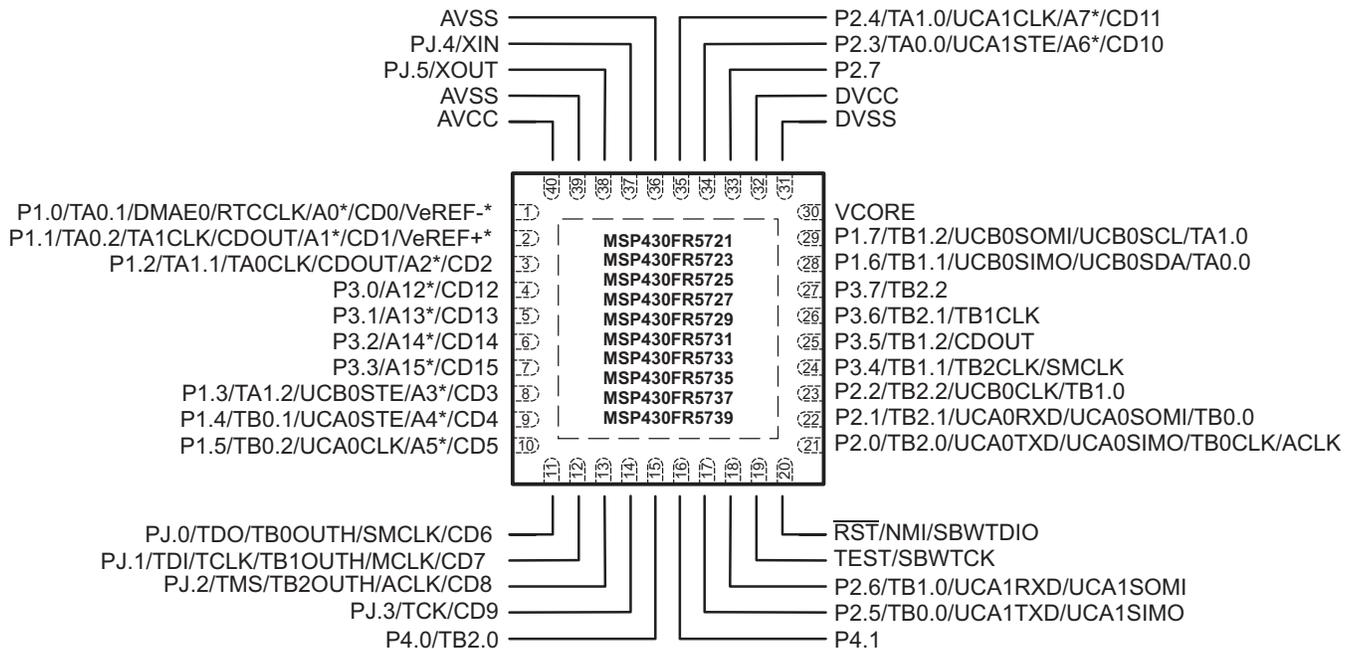


**Functional Block Diagram –
MSP430FR5723IRHA, MSP430FR5727IRHA,
MSP430FR5733IRHA, MSP430FR5737IRHA**



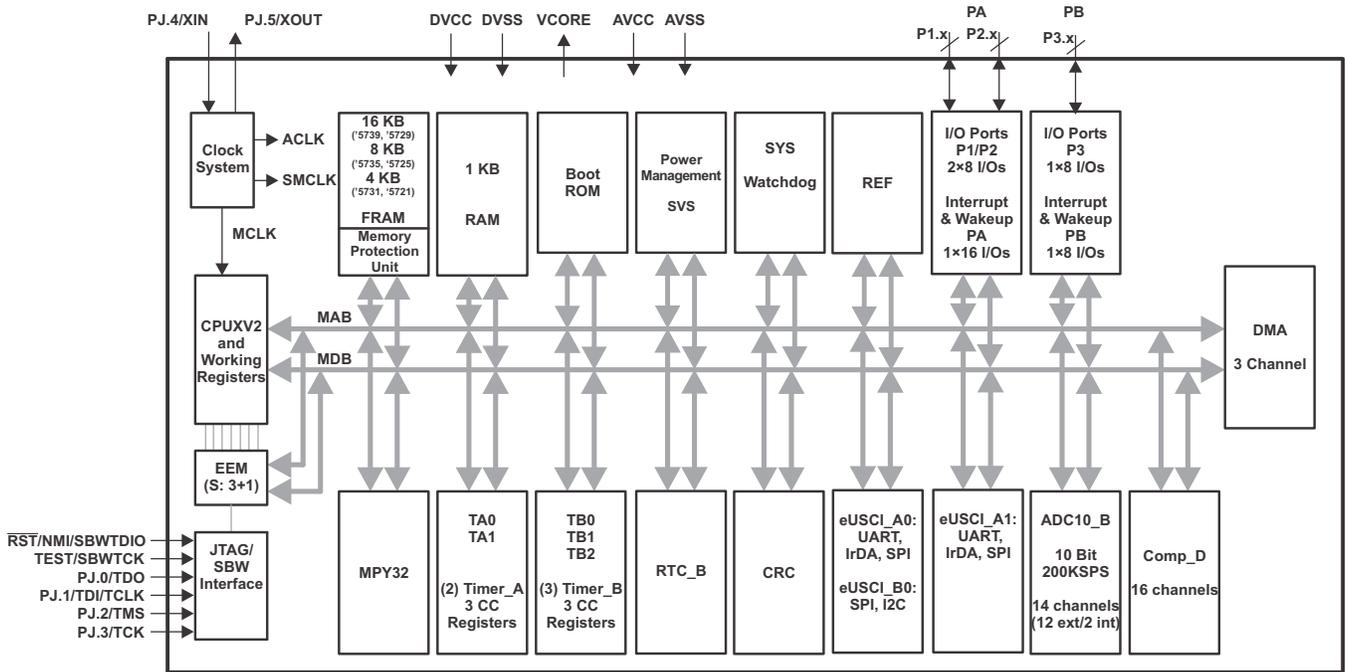
**Pin Designation –
MSP430FR5721IRHA, MSP430FR5723IRHA, MSP430FR5725IRHA, MSP430FR5727IRHA,
MSP430FR5729IRHA,
MSP430FR5731IRHA, MSP430FR5733IRHA, MSP430FR5735IRHA, MSP430FR5737IRHA,
MSP430FR5739IRHA**

**RHA PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**

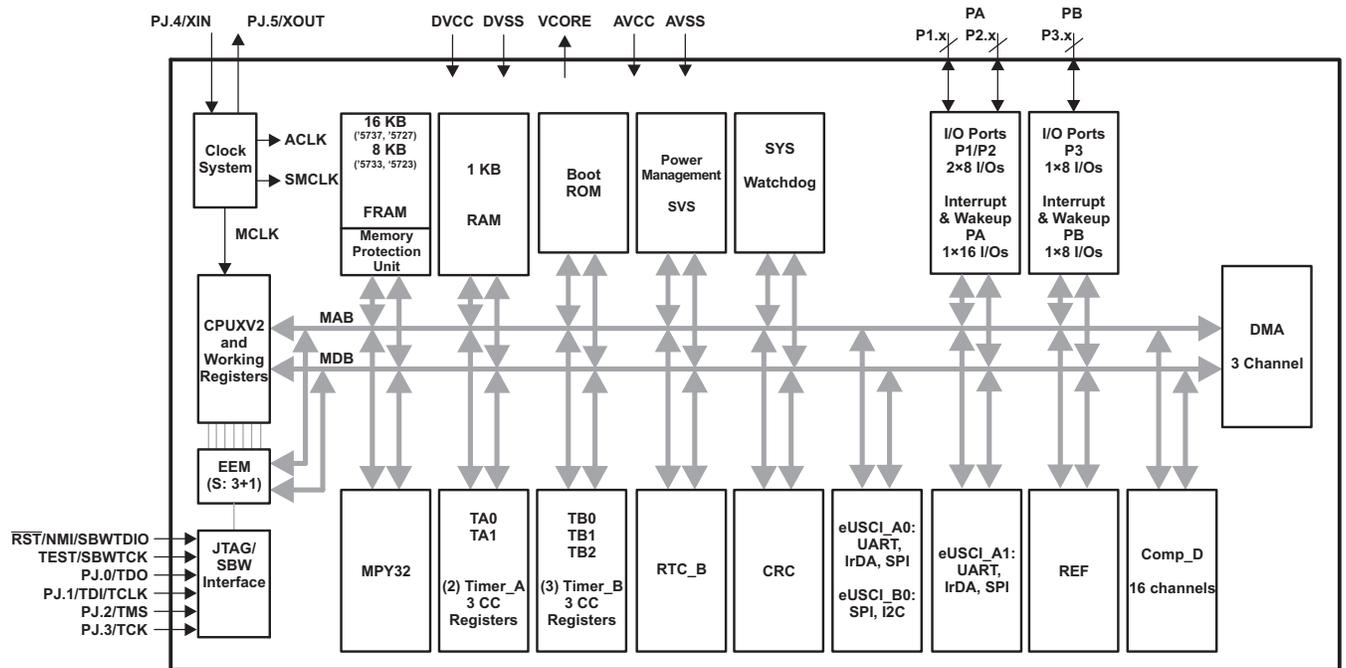


* Not available on MSP430FR5737, MSP430FR5733, MSP430FR5727, MSP430FR5723
Note: Power Pad connection to V_{SS} recommended.

**Functional Block Diagram –
MSP430FR5721IDA, MSP430FR5725IDA, MSP430FR5729IDA,
MSP430FR5731IDA, MSP430FR5735IDA, MSP430FR5739IDA**



**Functional Block Diagram –
MSP430FR5723IDA, MSP430FR5727IDA,
MSP430FR5733IDA, MSP430FR5737IDA**



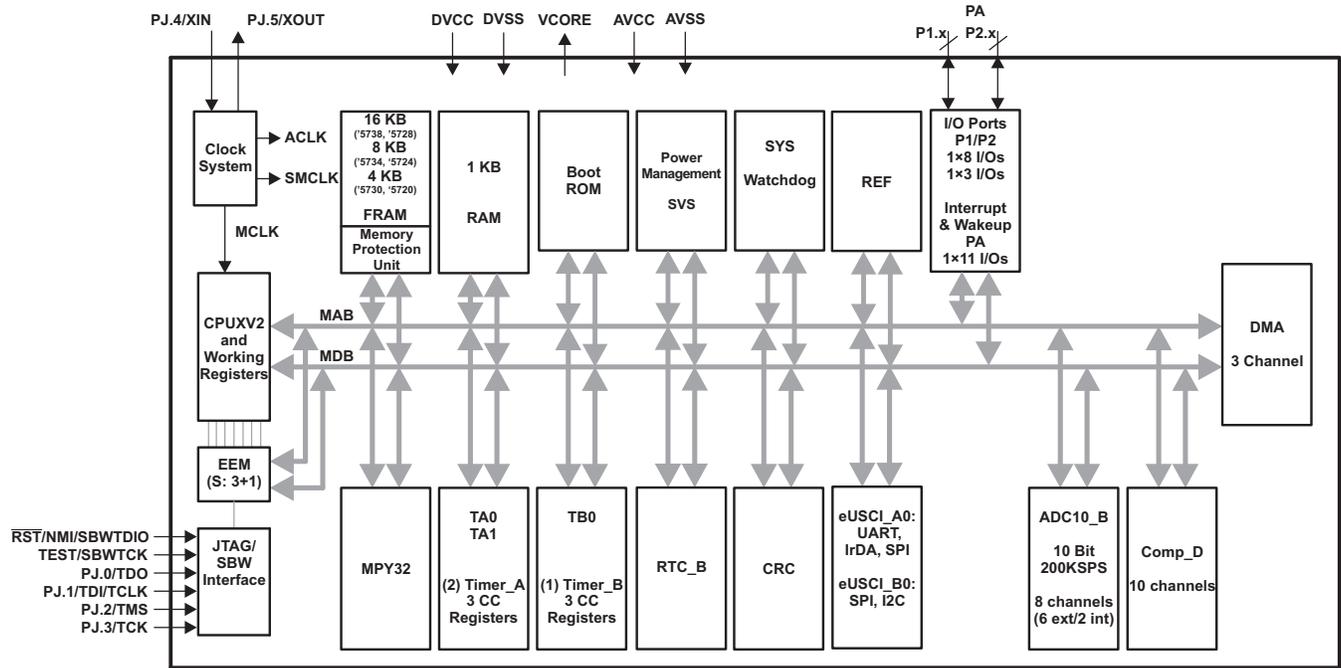
**Pin Designation –
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MSP430FR5729IDA,
MSP430FR5731IDA, MSP430FR5733IDA, MSP430FR5735IDA, MSP430FR5737IDA,
MSP430FR5739IDA**

**DA PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**

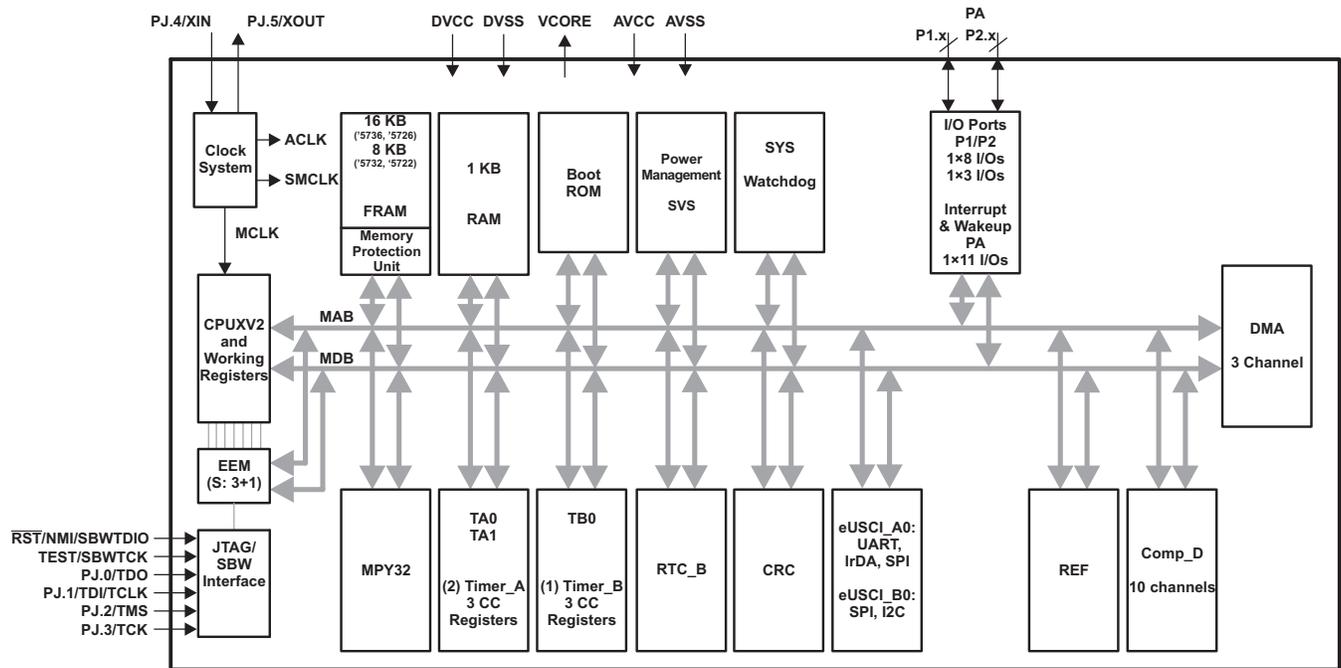
PJ.4/XIN	1	38	AVSS
PJ.5/XOUT	2	37	P2.4/TA1.0/UCA1CLK/A7*/CD11
AVSS	3	36	P2.3/TA0.0/UCA1STE/A6*/CD10
AVCC	4	35	P2.7
P1.0/TA0.1/DMAE0/RTCCLK/A0*/CD0/VeREF-*	5	34	DVCC
P1.1/TA0.2/TA1CLK/CDOOUT/A1*/CD1/VeREF+*	6	33	DVSS
P1.2/TA1.1/TA0CLK/CDOOUT/A2*/CD2	7	32	VCORE
P3.0/A12*/CD12	8	31	P1.7/TB1.2/UCB0SOMI/UCB0SCL/TA1.0
P3.1/A13*/CD13	9	30	P1.6/TB1.1/UCB0SIMO/UCB0SDA/TA0.0
P3.2/A14*/CD14	10	29	P3.7/TB2.2
P3.3/A15*/CD15	11	28	P3.6/TB2.1/TB1CLK
P1.3/TA1.2/UCB0STE/A3*/CD3	12	27	P3.5/TB1.2/CDOOUT
P1.4/TB0.1/UCA0STE/A4*/CD4	13	26	P3.4/TB1.1/TB2CLK/SMCLK
P1.5/TB0.2/UCA0CLK/A5*/CD5	14	25	P2.2/TB2.2/UCB0CLK/TB1.0
PJ.0/TDO/TB0OUTH/SMCLK/CD6	15	24	P2.1/TB2.1/UCA0RXD/UCA0SOMI/TB0.0
PJ.1/TDI/TCLK/TB1OUTH/MCLK/CD7	16	23	P2.0/TB2.0/UCA0TXD/UCA0SIMO/TB0CLK/ACLK
PJ.2/TMS/TB2OUTH/ACLK/CD8	17	22	\overline{RST} /NMI/SBWTIO
PJ.3/TCK/CD9	18	21	TEST/SBWTCK
P2.5/TB0.0/UCA1TXD/UCA1SIMO	19	20	P2.6/TB1.0/UCA1RXD/UCA1SOMI

* Not available on MSP430FR5737, MSP430FR5733, MSP430FR5727, MSP430FR5723

**Functional Block Diagram –
MSP430FR5720IRGE, MSP430FR5724IRGE, MSP430FR5728IRGE,
MSP430FR5730IRGE, MSP430FR5734IRGE, MSP430FR5738IRGE, MSP430FR5738IYQD**

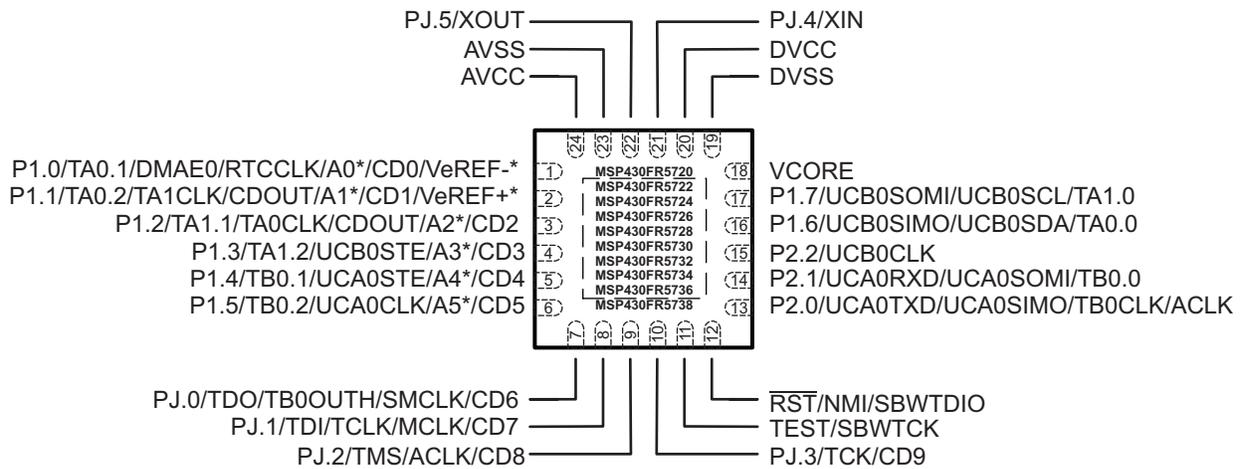


**Functional Block Diagram –
MSP430FR5722IRGE, MSP430FR5726IRGE,
MSP430FR5732IRGE, MSP430FR5736IRGE**



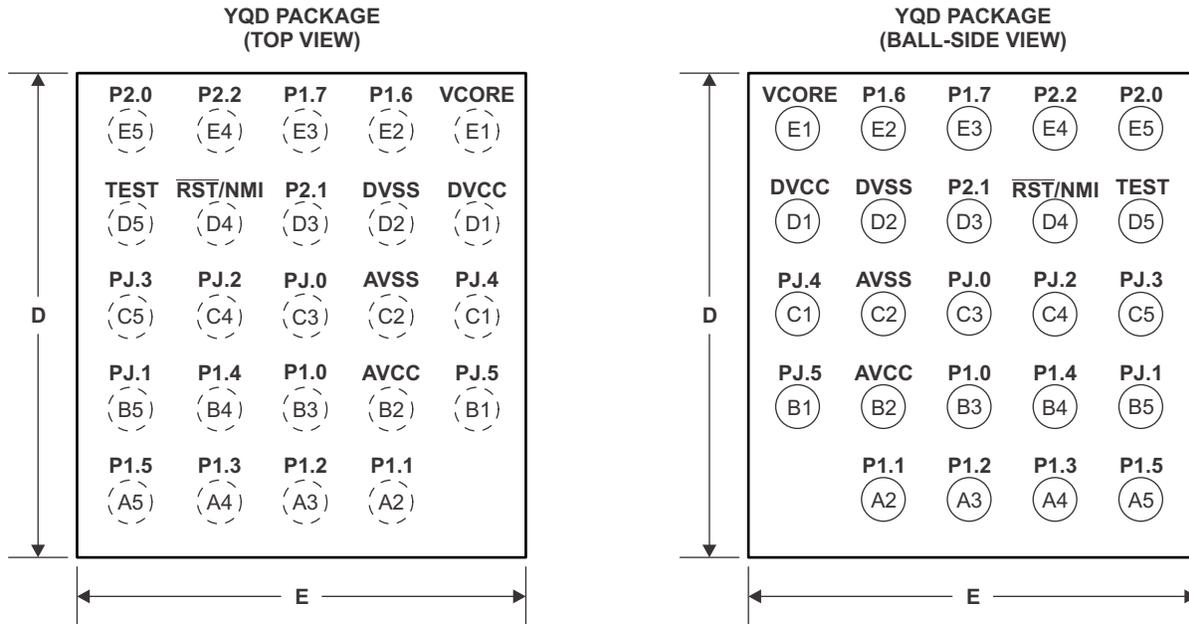
**Pin Designation –
MSP430FR5720IRGE, MSP430FR5722IRGE, MSP430FR5724IRGE, MSP430FR5726IRGE,
MSP430FR5728IRGE,
MSP430FR5730IRGE, MSP430FR5732IRGE, MSP430FR5734IRGE, MSP430FR5736IRGE,
MSP430FR5738IRGE**

**RGE PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**



* Not available on MSP430FR5736, MSP430FR5732, MSP430FR5726, MSP430FR5722
Note: Power Pad connection to V_{SS} recommended.

**Pin Designation –
MSP430FR5730IYQD, MSP430FR5736IYQD, MSP430FR5738IYQD**

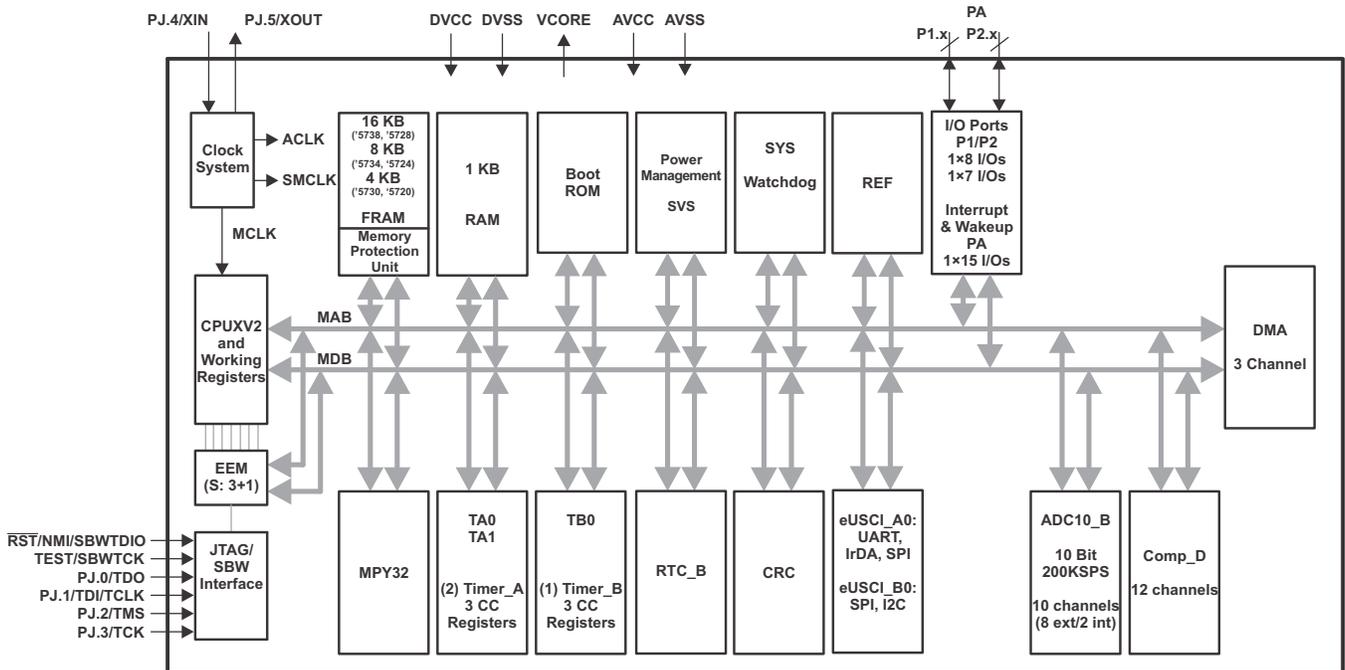


Package Dimensions: The package dimensions for the YQD package are shown in [Table 3](#). See the package drawing at the end of this data sheet for more details.

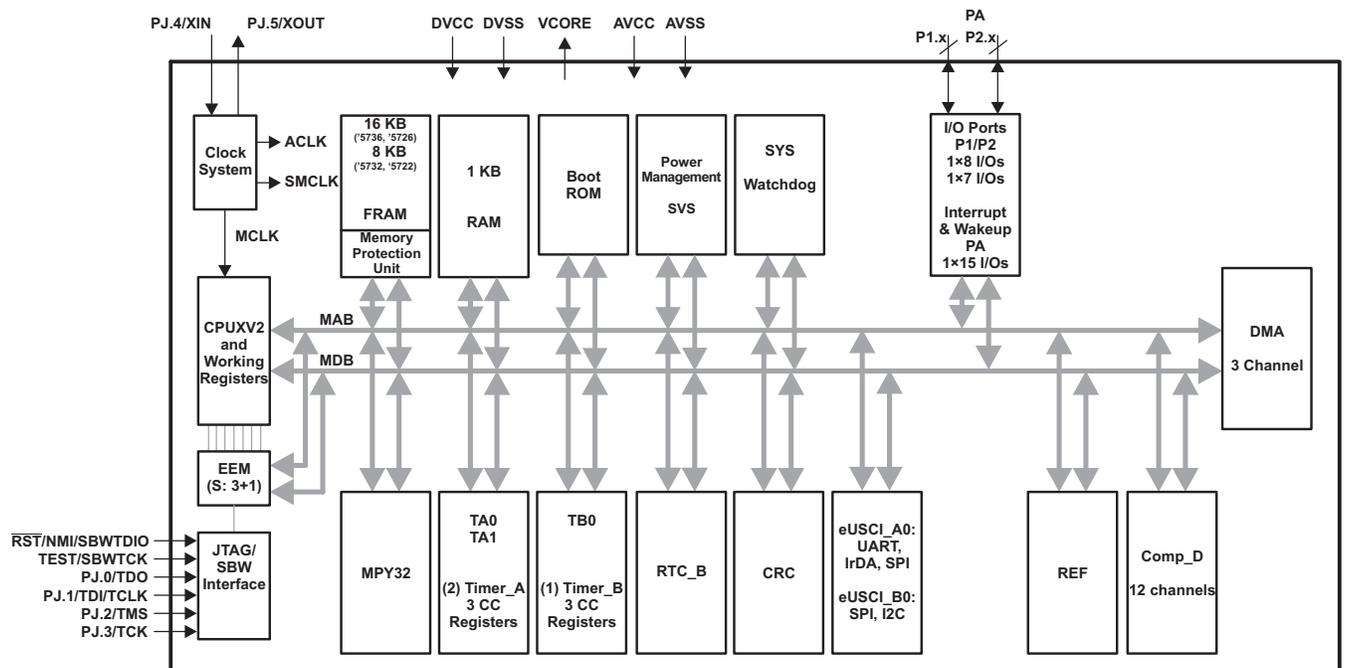
Table 3. YQD Package Dimensions

PACKAGED DEVICES	D	E
MSP430FR5738IYQD	2.04 ± 0.03	2.24 ± 0.03

**Functional Block Diagram –
MSP430FR5720IPW, MSP430FR5724IPW, MSP430FR5728IPW,
MSP430FR5730IPW, MSP430FR5734IPW, MSP430FR5738IPW**



**Functional Block Diagram –
MSP430FR5722IPW, MSP430FR5726IPW,
MSP430FR5732IPW, MSP430FR5736IPW**



**Pin Designation –
MSP430FR5720IPW, MSP430FR5722IPW, MSP430FR5724IPW, MSP430FR5726IPW,
MSP430FR5728IPW,
MSP430FR5730IPW, MSP430FR5732IPW, MSP430FR5734IPW, MSP430FR5736IPW,
MSP430FR5738IPW**

**PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**

PJ.4/XIN	1	○	28	P2.4/TA1.0/A7*/CD11
PJ.5/XOUT	2		27	P2.3/TA0.0/A6*/CD10
AVSS	3		26	DVCC
AVCC	4	MSP430FR5738	25	DVSS
P1.0/TA0.1/DMAE0/RTCCLK/A0*/CD0/VerEF-*	5	MSP430FR5736	24	VCORE
P1.1/TA0.2/TA1CLK/CDOUT/A1*/CD1/VerEF+*	6	MSP430FR5734	23	P1.7/UCB0SOMI/UCB0SCL/TA1.0
P1.2/TA1.1/TA0CLK/CDOUT/A2*/CD2	7	MSP430FR5732	22	P1.6/UCB0SIMO/UCB0SDA/TA0.0
P1.3/TA1.2/UCB0STE/A3*/CD3	8	MSP430FR5730	21	P2.2/UCB0CLK
P1.4/TB0.1/UCA0STE/A4*/CD4	9	MSP430FR5728	20	P2.1/UCA0RXD/UCA0SOMI/TB0.0
P1.5/TB0.2/UCA0CLK/A5*/CD5	10	MSP430FR5726	19	P2.0/UCA0TXD/UCA0SIMO/TB0CLK/ACLK
PJ.0/TDO/TB0OUTH/SMCLK/CD6	11	MSP430FR5724	18	RST/NMI/SBWTIO
PJ.1/TDI/TCLK/MCLK/CD7	12	MSP430FR5722	17	TEST/SBWTCK
PJ.2/TMS/ACLK/CD8	13		16	P2.6
PJ.3/TCK/CD9	14		15	P2.5/TB0.0

* Not available on MSP430FR5736, MSP430FR5732, MSP430FR5726, MSP430FR5722

Table 4. Terminal Functions

NAME	TERMINAL					I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
	RHA	RGE	DA	PW	YQD		
P1.0/TA0.1/DMAE0/ RTCCLK/A0/CD0/VeREF-	1	1	5	5	B3	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 TA0 CCR1 capture: CCI1A input, compare: Out1 External DMA trigger RTC clock calibration output Analog input A0 – ADC (not available on devices without ADC) Comparator_D input CD0 External applied reference voltage (not available on devices without ADC)
P1.1/TA0.2/TA1CLK/ CDOOUT/A1/CD1/VeREF+	2	2	6	6	A2	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 TA0 CCR2 capture: CCI2A input, compare: Out2 TA1 input clock Comparator_D output Analog input A1 – ADC (not available on devices without ADC) Comparator_D input CD1 Input for an external reference voltage to the ADC (not available on devices without ADC)
P1.2/TA1.1/TA0CLK/ CDOOUT/A2/CD2	3	3	7	7	A3	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 TA1 CCR1 capture: CCI1A input, compare: Out1 TA0 input clock Comparator_D output Analog input A2 – ADC (not available on devices without ADC) Comparator_D input CD2
P3.0/A12/CD12	4	N/A	8	N/A	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 (not available on package options PW, RGE) Analog input A12 – ADC (not available on devices without ADC or package options PW, RGE) Comparator_D input CD12 (not available on package options PW, RGE)
P3.1/A13/CD13	5	N/A	9	N/A	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 (not available on package options PW, RGE) Analog input A13 – ADC (not available on devices without ADC or package options PW, RGE) Comparator_D input CD13 (not available on package options PW, RGE)
P3.2/A14/CD14	6	N/A	10	N/A	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 (not available on package options PW, RGE) Analog input A14 – ADC (not available on devices without ADC or package options PW, RGE) Comparator_D input CD14 (not available on package options PW, RGE)
P3.3/A15/CD15	7	N/A	11	N/A	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 (not available on package options PW, RGE) Analog input A15 – ADC (not available on devices without ADC or package options PW, RGE) Comparator_D input CD15 (not available on package options PW, RGE)

(1) I = input, O = output, N/A = not available

Table 4. Terminal Functions (continued)

NAME	TERMINAL					I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
	RHA	RGE	DA	PW	YQD		
P1.3/TA1.2/UCB0STE/ A3/CD3	8	4	12	8	A4	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 TA1 CCR2 capture: CCI2A input, compare: Out2 Slave transmit enable – eUSCI_B0 SPI mode Analog input A3 – ADC (not available on devices without ADC) Comparator_D input CD3
P1.4/TB0.1/UCA0STE/ A4/CD4	9	5	13	9	B4	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 TB0 CCR1 capture: CCI1A input, compare: Out1 Slave transmit enable – eUSCI_A0 SPI mode Analog input A4 – ADC (not available on devices without ADC) Comparator_D input CD4
P1.5/TB0.2/UCA0CLK/ A5/CD5	10	6	14	10	A5	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 TB0 CCR2 capture: CCI2A input, compare: Out2 Clock signal input – eUSCI_A0 SPI slave mode, Clock signal output – eUSCI_A0 SPI master mode Analog input A5 – ADC (not available on devices without ADC) Comparator_D input CD5
PJ.0/TDO/TB0OUTH/ SMCLK/CD6 ⁽²⁾	11	7	15	11	C3	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O Test data output port Switch all PWM outputs high impedance input – TB0 SMCLK output Comparator_D input CD6
PJ.1/TDI/TCLK/TB1OUTH/ MCLK/CD7 ⁽²⁾	12	8	16	12	B5	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O Test data input or test clock input Switch all PWM outputs high impedance input – TB1 (not available on devices without TB1) MCLK output Comparator_D input CD7
PJ.2/TMS/TB2OUTH/ ACLK/CD8 ⁽²⁾	13	9	17	13	C4	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O Test mode select Switch all PWM outputs high impedance input – TB2 (not available on devices without TB2) ACLK output Comparator_D input CD8
PJ.3/TCK/CD9 ⁽²⁾	14	10	18	14	C5	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O Test clock Comparator_D input CD9
P4.0/TB2.0	15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 (not available on package options PW, RGE) TB2 CCR0 capture: CCI0B input, compare: Out0 (not available on devices without TB2 or package options DA, PW, RGE)
P4.1	16	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 (not available on package options DA, PW, RGE)

(2) See [JTAG Operation](#) for use with JTAG function.

Table 4. Terminal Functions (continued)

TERMINAL						I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.						
	RHA	RGE	DA	PW	YQD		
P2.5/TB0.0/UCA1TXD/ UCA1SIMO	17	N/A	19	15	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 TB0 CCR0 capture: CCI0A input, compare: Out0 Transmit data – eUSCI_A1 UART mode, Slave in, master out – eUSCI_A1 SPI mode (not available on devices without UCSI_A1)
P2.6/TB1.0/UCA1RXD/ UCA1SOMI	18	N/A	20	16	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 TB1 CCR0 capture: CCI0A input, compare: Out0 (not available on devices without TB1) Receive data – eUSCI_A1 UART mode, Slave out, master in – eUSCI_A1 SPI mode (not available on devices without UCSI_A1)
TEST/SBWTCK ^{(2) (3)}	19	11	21	17	D5	I	Test mode pin – enable JTAG pins Spy-Bi-Wire input clock
$\overline{\text{RST}}$ /NMI/SBWTDIO ^{(2) (3)}	20	12	22	18	D4	I/O	Reset input active low Non-maskable interrupt input Spy-Bi-Wire data input/output
P2.0/TB2.0/UCA0TXD/ UCA0SIMO/TB0CLK/ACLK ⁽³⁾	21	13	23	19	E5	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 TB2 CCR0 capture: CCI0A input, compare: Out0 (not available on devices without TB2) Transmit data – eUSCI_A0 UART mode Slave in, master out – eUSCI_A0 SPI mode TB0 clock input ACLK output
P2.1/TB2.1/UCA0RXD/ UCA0SOMI/TB0.0 ⁽⁴⁾	22	14	24	20	D3	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 TB2 CCR1 capture: CCI1A input, compare: Out1 (not available on devices without TB2) Receive data – eUSCI_A0 UART mode Slave out, master in – eUSCI_A0 SPI mode TB0 CCR0 capture: CCI0A input, compare: Out0
P2.2/TB2.2/UCB0CLK/ TB1.0	23	15	25	21	E4	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 TB2 CCR2 capture: CCI2A input, compare: Out2 (not available on devices without TB2) Clock signal input – eUSCI_B0 SPI slave mode, Clock signal output – eUSCI_B0 SPI master mode TB1 CCR0 capture: CCI0A input, compare: Out0 (not available on devices without TB1)
P3.4/TB1.1/TB2CLK/ SMCLK	24	N/A	26	N/A	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 (not available on package options PW, RGE) TB1 CCR1 capture: CCI1B input, compare: Out1 (not available on devices without TB1) TB2 clock input (not available on devices without TB2 or package options PW, RGE) SMCLK output (not available on package options PW, RGE)

(3) See [Bootstrap Loader \(BSL\)](#) and [JTAG Operation](#) for use with BSL and JTAG functions.

(4) See [Bootstrap Loader \(BSL\)](#) and [JTAG Operation](#) for use with BSL and JTAG functions.

Table 4. Terminal Functions (continued)

NAME	TERMINAL					I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
	RHA	RGE	DA	PW	YQD		
P3.5/TB1.2/CDOUT	25	N/A	27	N/A	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 (not available on package options PW, RGE) TB1 CCR2 capture: CCI2B input, compare: Out2 (not available on devices without TB1) Comparator_D output (not available on package options PW, RGE)
P3.6/TB2.1/TB1CLK	26	N/A	28	N/A	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 (not available on package options PW, RGE) TB2 CCR1 capture: CCI1B input, compare: Out1 (not available on devices without TB2) TB1 clock input (not available on devices without TB1 or package options PW, RGE)
P3.7/TB2.2	27	N/A	29	N/A	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 (not available on package options PW, RGE) TB2 CCR2 capture: CCI2B input, compare: Out2 (not available on devices without TB2 or package options PW, RGE)
P1.6/TB1.1/UCB0SIMO/ UCB0SDA/TA0.0	28	16	30	22	E2	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 TB1 CCR1 capture: CCI1A input, compare: Out1 (not available on devices without TB1) Slave in, master out – eUSCI_B0 SPI mode I2C data – eUSCI_B0 I2C mode TA0 CCR0 capture: CCI0A input, compare: Out0
P1.7/TB1.2/UCB0SOMI/ UCB0SCL/TA1.0	29	17	31	23	E3	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 TB1 CCR2 capture: CCI2A input, compare: Out2 (not available on devices without TB1) Slave out, master in – eUSCI_B0 SPI mode I2C clock – eUSCI_B0 I2C mode TA1 CCR0 capture: CCI0A input, compare: Out0
VCORE ⁽⁵⁾	30	18	32	24	E1		Regulated core power supply (internal use only, no external current loading)
DVSS	31	19	33	25	D2		Digital ground supply
DVCC	32	20	34	26	D1		Digital power supply
P2.7	33	N/A	35	N/A	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 (not available on package options PW, RGE)
P2.3/TA0.0/UCA1STE/ A6/CD10	34	N/A	36	27	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 (not available on package options RGE) TA0 CCR0 capture: CCI0B input, compare: Out0 (not available on package options RGE) Slave transmit enable – eUSCI_A1 SPI mode (not available on devices without eUSCI_A1) Analog input A6 – ADC (not available on devices without ADC) Comparator_D input CD10 (not available on package options RGE)
P2.4/TA1.0/UCA1CLK/ A7/CD11	35	N/A	37	28	N/A	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O with port interrupt and wake up from LPMx.5 (not available on package options RGE) TA1 CCR0 capture: CCI0B input, compare: Out0 (not available on package options RGE) Clock signal input – eUSCI_A1 SPI slave mode, Clock signal output – eUSCI_A1 SPI master mode (not available on devices without eUSCI_A1) Analog input A7 – ADC (not available on devices without ADC) Comparator_D input CD11 (not available on package options RGE)

(5) V_{CORE} is for internal use only. No external current loading is possible. V_{CORE} should only be connected to the recommended capacitor value, C_{VCORE}.

Table 4. Terminal Functions (continued)

NAME	TERMINAL					I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
	NO.						
	RHA	RGE	DA	PW	YQD		
AVSS	36	N/A	38	N/A	N/A		Analog ground supply
PJ.4/XIN	37	21	1	1	C1	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O Input terminal for crystal oscillator XT1
PJ.5/XOUT	38	22	2	2	B1	I/O	General-purpose digital I/O Output terminal of crystal oscillator XT1
AVSS	39	23	3	3	C2		Analog ground supply
AVCC	40	24	4	4	B2		Analog power supply
QFN Pad	Pad	Pad	N/A	N/A	N/A		QFN package pad. Connection to VSS recommended.

SHORT-FORM DESCRIPTION

CPU

The MSP430 CPU has a 16-bit RISC architecture that is highly transparent to the application. All operations, other than program-flow instructions, are performed as register operations in conjunction with seven addressing modes for source operand and four addressing modes for destination operand.

The CPU is integrated with 16 registers that provide reduced instruction execution time. The register-to-register operation execution time is one cycle of the CPU clock.

Four of the registers, R0 to R3, are dedicated as program counter, stack pointer, status register, and constant generator, respectively. The remaining registers are general-purpose registers.

Peripherals are connected to the CPU using data, address, and control buses, and can be handled with all instructions.

The instruction set consists of the original 51 instructions with three formats and seven address modes and additional instructions for the expanded address range. Each instruction can operate on word and byte data.

Operating Modes

The MSP430 has one active mode and seven software-selectable low-power modes of operation. An interrupt event can wake up the device from low-power modes LPM0 through LPM4, service the request, and restore back to the low-power mode on return from the interrupt program. Low-power modes LPM3.5 and LPM4.5 disable the core supply to minimize power consumption.

The following eight operating modes can be configured by software:

- Active mode (AM)
 - All clocks are active
- Low-power mode 0 (LPM0)
 - CPU is disabled
 - ACLK active, MCLK disabled, SMCLK optionally active
 - Complete data retention
- Low-power mode 1 (LPM1)
 - CPU is disabled
 - ACLK active, MCLK disabled, SMCLK optionally active
 - DCO disabled
 - Complete data retention
- Low-power mode 2 (LPM2)
 - CPU is disabled
 - ACLK active, MCLK disabled, SMCLK optionally active
 - DCO disabled
 - Complete data retention
- Low-power mode 3 (LPM3)
 - CPU is disabled
 - ACLK active, MCLK and SMCLK disabled
 - DCO disabled
 - Complete data retention
- Low-power mode 4 (LPM4)
 - CPU is disabled
 - ACLK, MCLK, SMCLK disabled
 - Complete data retention
- Low-power mode 3.5 (LPM3.5)
 - RTC operation
 - Internal regulator disabled
 - No data retention
 - I/O pad state retention
 - Wake up from $\overline{\text{RST}}$, general-purpose I/O, RTC events
- Low-power mode 4.5 (LPM4.5)
 - Internal regulator disabled
 - No data retention
 - I/O pad state retention
 - Wake up from $\overline{\text{RST}}$ and general-purpose I/O

Interrupt Vector Addresses

The interrupt vectors and the power-up start address are located in the address range 0FFFFh to 0FF80h. The vector contains the 16-bit address of the appropriate interrupt-handler instruction sequence.

Table 5. Interrupt Sources, Flags, and Vectors

INTERRUPT SOURCE	INTERRUPT FLAG	SYSTEM INTERRUPT	WORD ADDRESS	PRIORITY
System Reset Power-Up, Brownout, Supply Supervisors External Reset \overline{RST} Watchdog Timeout (Watchdog mode) WDT, FRCTL MPU, CS, PMM Password Violation FRAM double bit error detection MPU segment violation Software POR, BOR	SVSLIFG, SVSHIFG PMMRSTIFG WDTIFG WDTPW, FRCTLPW, MPUPW, CSPW, PMMPW DBDIFG MPUSEGIIFG, MPUSEG1IFG, MPUSEG2IFG, MPUSEG3IFG PMMPORIFG, PMMBORIFG (SYSRSTIV) ^{(1) (2)}	Reset	0FFFEh	63, highest
System NMI Vacant Memory Access JTAG Mailbox FRAM access time error FRAM single, double bit error detection	VMAIFG JMBNIFG, JMBOUTIFG ACCTIMIFG SBDIFG, DBDIFG (SYSSNIV) ⁽¹⁾	(Non)maskable	0FFFCh	62
User NMI External NMI Oscillator Fault	NMIIIFG, OFIFG (SYSUNIV) ^{(1) (2)}	(Non)maskable	0FFFAh	61
Comparator_D	Comparator_D interrupt flags (CBIV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFF8h	60
TB0	TB0CCR0 CCIFG0 ⁽³⁾	Maskable	0FFF6h	59
TB0	TB0CCR1 CCIFG1 to TB0CCR2 CCIFG2, TB0IFG (TB0IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFF4h	58
Watchdog Timer (Interval Timer Mode)	WDTIFG	Maskable	0FFF2h	57
eUSCI_A0 Receive and Transmit	UCA0RXIFG, UCA0TXIFG (SPI mode) UCA0STTIFG, UCA0XCPTIFG, UCA0RXIFG, UCA0TXIFG (UART mode) (UCA0IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFF0h	56
eUSCI_B0 Receive and Transmit	UCB0STTIFG, UCB0XCPTIFG, UCB0RXIFG, UCB0TXIFG (SPI mode) UCB0ALIFG, UCB0NACKIFG, UCB0STTIFG, UCB0STPIFG, UCB0RXIFG0, UCB0TXIFG0, UCB0RXIFG1, UCB0TXIFG1, UCB0RXIFG2, UCB0TXIFG2, UCB0RXIFG3, UCB0TXIFG3, UCB0CNTIFG, UCB0BIT9IFG (I2C mode) (UCB0IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFEEh	55
ADC10_B	ADC10OVIFG, ADC10TOVIFG, ADC10HIIFG, ADC10LOIFG ADC10INIFG, ADC10IFG0 (ADC10IV) ^{(1) (3) (4)}	Maskable	0FFECCh	54
TA0	TA0CCR0 CCIFG0 ⁽³⁾	Maskable	0FFEAh	53
TA0	TA0CCR1 CCIFG1 to TA0CCR2 CCIFG2, TA0IFG (TA0IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFE8h	52

(1) Multiple source flags

(2) A reset is generated if the CPU tries to fetch instructions from within peripheral space or vacant memory space.

(Non)maskable: the individual interrupt-enable bit can disable an interrupt event, but the general-interrupt enable cannot disable it.

(3) Interrupt flags are located in the module.

(4) Only on devices with ADC, otherwise reserved.

Table 5. Interrupt Sources, Flags, and Vectors (continued)

INTERRUPT SOURCE	INTERRUPT FLAG	SYSTEM INTERRUPT	WORD ADDRESS	PRIORITY
eUSCI_A1 Receive and Transmit	UCA1RXIFG, UCA1TXIFG (SPI mode) UCA1STTIFG, UCA1TXCPTIFG, UCA1RXIFG, UXA1TXIFG (UART mode) (UCA1IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFE6h	51
DMA	DMA0IFG, DMA1IFG, DMA2IFG (DMAIV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFE4h	50
TA1	TA1CCR0 CCIFG0 ⁽³⁾	Maskable	0FFE2h	49
TA1	TA1CCR1 CCIFG1 to TA1CCR2 CCIFG2, TA1IFG (TA1IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFE0h	48
I/O Port P1	P1IFG.0 to P1IFG.7 (P1IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFDEh	47
TB1	TB1CCR0 CCIFG0 ⁽³⁾	Maskable	0FFDCh	46
TB1	TB1CCR1 CCIFG1 to TB1CCR2 CCIFG2, TB1IFG (TB1IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFDAh	45
I/O Port P2	P2IFG.0 to P2IFG.7 (P2IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFD8h	44
TB2	TB2CCR0 CCIFG0 ⁽³⁾	Maskable	0FFD6h	43
TB2	TB2CCR1 CCIFG1 to TB2CCR2 CCIFG2, TB2IFG (TB2IV) ^{(1) (3)}	Maskable	0FFD4h	42
I/O Port P3	P3IFG.0 to P3IFG.7 (P3IV) ^{(5) (6)}	Maskable	0FFD2h	41
I/O Port P4	P4IFG.0 to P4IFG.2 (P4IV) ^{(5) (6)}	Maskable	0FFD0h	40
RTC_B	RTCRDYIFG, RTCTEVIFG, RTCAIFG, RT0PSIFG, RT1PSIFG, RTCOFIFG (RTCIV) ^{(5) (6)}	Maskable	0FFCEh	39
Reserved	Reserved ⁽⁷⁾		0FFCCh : 0FF80h	38 : 0, lowest

(5) Multiple source flags

(6) Interrupt flags are located in the module.

(7) Reserved interrupt vectors at addresses are not used in this device and can be used for regular program code if necessary. To maintain compatibility with other devices, it is recommended to reserve these locations.

Memory Organization

Table 6. Memory Organization ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾

		MSP430FR5726 MSP430FR5727 MSP430FR5728 MSP430FR5729 MSP430FR5736 MSP430FR5737 MSP430FR5738 MSP430FR5739	MSP430FR5722 MSP430FR5723 MSP430FR5724 MSP430FR5725 MSP430FR5732 MSP430FR5733 MSP430FR5734 MSP430FR5735	MSP430FR5720 MSP430FR5721 MSP430FR5730 MSP430FR5731
Memory (FRAM) Main: interrupt vectors Main: code memory	Total Size	15.5 KB 00FFFFh–00FF80h 00FF7Fh–00C200h	8.0 KB 00FFFFh–00FF80h 00FF7Fh–00E000h	4 KB 00FFFFh–00FF80h 00FF7Fh–00F000h
RAM		1 KB 001FFFh–001C00h	1 KB 001FFFh–001C00h	1 KB 001FFFh–001C00h
Device Descriptor Info (TLV) (FRAM)		128 B 001A7Fh–001A00h	128 B 001A7Fh–001A00h	128 B 001A7Fh–001A00h
Information memory (FRAM)	N/A	0019FFh–001980h Address space mirrored to Info A	0019FFh–001980h Address space mirrored to Info A	0019FFh–001980h Address space mirrored to Info A
	N/A	00197Fh–001900h Address space mirrored to Info B	00197Fh–001900h Address space mirrored to Info B	00197Fh–001900h Address space mirrored to Info B
	Info A	128 B 0018FFh–001880h	128 B 0018FFh–001880h	128 B 0018FFh–001880h
	Info B	128 B 00187Fh–001800h	128 B 00187Fh–001800h	128 B 00187Fh–001800h
Bootstrap loader (BSL) memory (ROM)	BSL 3	512 B 0017FFh–001600h	512 B 0017FFh–001600h	512 B 0017FFh–001600h
	BSL 2	512 B 0015FFh–001400h	512 B 0015FFh–001400h	512 B 0015FFh–001400h
	BSL 1	512 B 0013FFh–001200h	512 B 0013FFh–001200h	512 B 0013FFh–001200h
	BSL 0	512 B 0011FFh–001000h	512 B 0011FFh–001000h	512 B 0011FFh–001000h
Peripherals	Size	4 KB 000FFFh–0h	4 KB 000FFFh–0h	4 KB 000FFFh–0h

(1) N/A = Not available

(2) All address space not listed in this table is considered vacant memory.

Bootstrap Loader (BSL)

The BSL enables users to program the FRAM or RAM using a UART serial interface. Access to the device memory by the BSL is protected by a user-defined password. Use of the BSL requires four pins as shown in [Table 7](#). BSL entry requires a specific entry sequence on the $\overline{\text{RST}}/\text{NMI}/\text{SBWTDIO}$ and $\text{TEST}/\text{SBWTCK}$ pins. For complete description of the features of the BSL and its implementation, see the *MSP430 Programming Via the Bootstrap Loader User's Guide* ([SLAU319](#)).

Table 7. BSL Pin Requirements and Functions

DEVICE SIGNAL	BSL FUNCTION
$\overline{\text{RST}}/\text{NMI}/\text{SBWTDIO}$	Entry sequence signal
$\text{TEST}/\text{SBWTCK}$	Entry sequence signal
P2.0	Data transmit
P2.1	Data receive
VCC	Power supply
VSS	Ground supply

JTAG Operation

JTAG Standard Interface

The MSP430 family supports the standard JTAG interface, which requires four signals for sending and receiving data. The JTAG signals are shared with general-purpose I/O. The $\text{TEST}/\text{SBWTCK}$ pin is used to enable the JTAG signals. In addition to these signals, the $\overline{\text{RST}}/\text{NMI}/\text{SBWTDIO}$ is required to interface with MSP430 development tools and device programmers. The JTAG pin requirements are shown in [Table 8](#). For further details on interfacing to development tools and device programmers, see the *MSP430 Hardware Tools User's Guide* ([SLAU278](#)). For a complete description of the features of the JTAG interface and its implementation, see *MSP430 Programming Via the JTAG Interface* ([SLAU320](#)).

Table 8. JTAG Pin Requirements and Functions

DEVICE SIGNAL	DIRECTION	FUNCTION
PJ.3/TCK	IN	JTAG clock input
PJ.2/TMS	IN	JTAG state control
PJ.1/TDI/TCLK	IN	JTAG data input, TCLK input
PJ.0/TDO	OUT	JTAG data output
$\text{TEST}/\text{SBWTCK}$	IN	Enable JTAG pins
$\overline{\text{RST}}/\text{NMI}/\text{SBWTDIO}$	IN	External reset
VCC		Power supply
VSS		Ground supply

Spy-Bi-Wire Interface

In addition to the standard JTAG interface, the MSP430 family supports the two-wire Spy-Bi-Wire interface. Spy-Bi-Wire can be used to interface with MSP430 development tools and device programmers. The Spy-Bi-Wire interface pin requirements are shown in [Table 9](#). For further details on interfacing to development tools and device programmers, see the *MSP430 Hardware Tools User's Guide* ([SLAU278](#)). For a complete description of the features of the JTAG interface and its implementation, see *MSP430 Programming Via the JTAG Interface* ([SLAU320](#)).

Table 9. Spy-Bi-Wire Pin Requirements and Functions

DEVICE SIGNAL	DIRECTION	FUNCTION
$\text{TEST}/\text{SBWTCK}$	IN	Spy-Bi-Wire clock input
$\overline{\text{RST}}/\text{NMI}/\text{SBWTDIO}$	IN, OUT	Spy-Bi-Wire data input and output
VCC		Power supply
VSS		Ground supply

FRAM

The FRAM can be programmed through the JTAG port, Spy-Bi-Wire (SBW), the BSL, or in-system by the CPU. Features of the FRAM include:

- Low-power ultrafast write nonvolatile memory
- Byte and word access capability
- Programmable and automated wait state generation
- Error Correction Coding (ECC) with single bit detection and correction, double bit detection

Memory Protection Unit (MPU)

The FRAM can be protected from inadvertent CPU execution or write access by the MPU. Features of the MPU include:

- Main memory partitioning programmable up to three segments
- Each segment's (main and information memory) access rights can be individually selected
- Access violation flags with interrupt capability for easy servicing of access violations

Peripherals

Peripherals are connected to the CPU through data, address, and control buses and can be handled using all instructions. For complete module descriptions, see the *MSP430FR57xx Family User's Guide (SLAU272)*.

Digital I/O

There are up to four 8-bit I/O ports implemented:

- All individual I/O bits are independently programmable.
- Any combination of input, output, and interrupt conditions is possible.
- Programmable pullup or pulldown on all ports.
- Edge-selectable interrupt and LPM3.5 and LPM4.5 wake-up input capability is available for all ports.
- Read/write access to port-control registers is supported by all instructions.
- Ports can be accessed byte-wise or word-wise in pairs.

Oscillator and Clock System (CS)

The clock system includes support for a 32-kHz watch crystal oscillator XT1 (LF mode), an internal very-low-power low-frequency oscillator (VLO), an integrated internal digitally controlled oscillator (DCO), and a high-frequency crystal oscillator XT1 (HF mode). The clock system module is designed to meet the requirements of both low system cost and low power consumption. A fail-safe mechanism exists for all crystal sources. The clock system module provides the following clock signals:

- Auxiliary clock (ACLK), sourced from a 32-kHz watch crystal (XT1 LF mode), a high-frequency crystal (XT1 HF mode), the internal VLO, or the internal DCO.
- Main clock (MCLK), the system clock used by the CPU. MCLK can be sourced by the same sources made available to ACLK.
- Sub-Main clock (SMCLK), the subsystem clock used by the peripheral modules. SMCLK can be sourced by the same sources made available to ACLK.

Power Management Module (PMM)

The PMM includes an integrated voltage regulator that supplies the core voltage to the device. The PMM also includes supply voltage supervisor (SVS) and brownout protection. The brownout circuit is implemented to provide the proper internal reset signal to the device during power-on and power-off. The SVS circuitry detects if the supply voltage drops below a user-selectable safe level. SVS circuitry is available on the primary and core supplies.

Hardware Multiplier (MPY)

The multiplication operation is supported by a dedicated peripheral module. The module performs operations with 32-bit, 24-bit, 16-bit, and 8-bit operands. The module supports signed and unsigned multiplication as well as signed and unsigned multiply-and-accumulate operations.

Real-Time Clock (RTC_B)

The RTC_B module contains an integrated real-time clock (RTC) (calendar mode). Calendar mode integrates an internal calendar which compensates for months with fewer than 31 days and includes leap year correction. The RTC_B also supports flexible alarm functions and offset-calibration hardware. RTC operation is available in LPM3.5 mode to minimize power consumption.

Watchdog Timer (WDT_A)

The primary function of the watchdog timer (WDT_A) module is to perform a controlled system restart after a software problem occurs. If the selected time interval expires, a system reset is generated. If the watchdog function is not needed in an application, the module can be configured as an interval timer and can generate interrupts at selected time intervals.

System Module (SYS)

The SYS module handles many of the system functions within the device. These include power-on reset (POR) and power-up clear (PUC) handling, NMI source selection and management, reset interrupt vector generators, bootstrap loader entry mechanisms, and configuration management (device descriptors). It also includes a data exchange mechanism using JTAG called a JTAG mailbox that can be used in the application.

Table 10. System Module Interrupt Vector Registers

INTERRUPT VECTOR REGISTER	ADDRESS	INTERRUPT EVENT	VALUE	PRIORITY
SYSRSTIV, System Reset	019Eh	No interrupt pending	00h	
		Brownout (BOR)	02h	Highest
		RSTIFG RST/NMI (BOR)	04h	
		PMMSWBOR software BOR (BOR)	06h	
		LPMx.5 wake up (BOR)	08h	
		Security violation (BOR)	0Ah	
		SVSLIFG SVSL event (BOR)	0Ch	
		SVSHIFG SVSH event (BOR)	0Eh	
		Reserved	10h	
		Reserved	12h	
		PMMSWPOR software POR (POR)	14h	
		WDTIFG watchdog timeout (PUC)	16h	
		WDTPW password violation (PUC)	18h	
		FRCTLPW password violation (PUC)	1Ah	
		DBDIFG FRAM double bit error (PUC)	1Ch	
		Peripheral area fetch (PUC)	1Eh	
		PMMPW PMM password violation (PUC)	20h	
		MPUPW MPU password violation (PUC)	22h	
		CSPW CS password violation (PUC)	24h	
		MPUSEGIIFG information memory segment violation (PUC)	26h	
		MPUSEG1IFG segment 1 memory violation (PUC)	28h	
		MPUSEG2IFG segment 2 memory violation (PUC)	2Ah	
		MPUSEG3IFG segment 3 memory violation (PUC)	2Ch	
Reserved	2Eh			
Reserved	30h to 3Eh	Lowest		
SYSSNIV, System NMI	019Ch	No interrupt pending	00h	
		DBDIFG FRAM double bit error	02h	Highest
		ACCTIMIFG access time error	04h	
		Reserved	0Eh	
		VMAIFG Vacant memory access	10h	
		JMBINIFG JTAG mailbox input	12h	
		JMBOUTIFG JTAG mailbox output	14h	
		SBDIFG FRAM single bit error	16h	
		Reserved	18h to 1Eh	Lowest
		SYSUNIV, User NMI	019Ah	No interrupt pending
NMIFG NMI pin	02h			Highest
OFIFG oscillator fault	04h			
Reserved	06h			
Reserved	08h			
Reserved	0Ah to 1Eh			Lowest

DMA Controller

The DMA controller allows movement of data from one memory address to another without CPU intervention. For example, the DMA controller can be used to move data from the ADC10_B conversion memory to RAM. Using the DMA controller can increase the throughput of peripheral modules. The DMA controller reduces system power consumption by allowing the CPU to remain in sleep mode, without having to awaken to move data to or from a peripheral.

Table 11. DMA Trigger Assignments ⁽¹⁾

TRIGGER	CHANNEL 0	CHANNEL 1	CHANNEL 2
0	DMAREQ	DMAREQ	DMAREQ
1	TA0CCR0 CCIFG	TA0CCR0 CCIFG	TA0CCR0 CCIFG
2	TA0CCR2 CCIFG	TA0CCR2 CCIFG	TA0CCR2 CCIFG
3	TA1CCR0 CCIFG	TA1CCR0 CCIFG	TA1CCR0 CCIFG
4	TA1CCR2 CCIFG	TA1CCR2 CCIFG	TA1CCR2 CCIFG
5	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
6	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
7	TB0CCR0 CCIFG	TB0CCR0 CCIFG	TB0CCR0 CCIFG
8	TB0CCR2 CCIFG	TB0CCR2 CCIFG	TB0CCR2 CCIFG
9	TB1CCR0 CCIFG ⁽²⁾	TB1CCR0 CCIFG ⁽²⁾	TB1CCR0 CCIFG ⁽²⁾
10	TB1CCR2 CCIFG ⁽²⁾	TB1CCR2 CCIFG ⁽²⁾	TB1CCR2 CCIFG ⁽²⁾
11	TB2CCR0 CCIFG ⁽³⁾	TB2CCR0 CCIFG ⁽³⁾	TB2CCR0 CCIFG ⁽³⁾
12	TB2CCR2 CCIFG ⁽³⁾	TB2CCR2 CCIFG ⁽³⁾	TB2CCR2 CCIFG ⁽³⁾
13	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
14	UCA0RXIFG	UCA0RXIFG	UCA0RXIFG
15	UCA0TXIFG	UCA0TXIFG	UCA0TXIFG
16	UCA1RXIFG ⁽⁴⁾	UCA1RXIFG ⁽⁴⁾	UCA1RXIFG ⁽⁴⁾
17	UCA1TXIFG ⁽⁴⁾	UCA1TXIFG ⁽⁴⁾	UCA1TXIFG ⁽⁴⁾
18	UCB0RXIFG0	UCB0RXIFG0	UCB0RXIFG0
19	UCB0TXIFG0	UCB0TXIFG0	UCB0TXIFG0
20	UCB0RXIFG1	UCB0RXIFG1	UCB0RXIFG1
21	UCB0TXIFG1	UCB0TXIFG1	UCB0TXIFG1
22	UCB0RXIFG2	UCB0RXIFG2	UCB0RXIFG2
23	UCB0TXIFG2	UCB0TXIFG2	UCB0TXIFG2
24	UCB0RXIFG3	UCB0RXIFG3	UCB0RXIFG3
25	UCB0TXIFG3	UCB0TXIFG3	UCB0TXIFG3
26	ADC10IFGx ⁽⁵⁾	ADC10IFGx ⁽⁵⁾	ADC10IFGx ⁽⁵⁾
27	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
28	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
29	MPY ready	MPY ready	MPY ready
30	DMA2IFG	DMA0IFG	DMA1IFG
31	DMAE0 ⁽⁶⁾	DMAE0 ⁽⁶⁾	DMAE0 ⁽⁶⁾

- (1) If a reserved trigger source is selected, no trigger is generated.
- (2) Only on devices with TB1, otherwise reserved
- (3) Only on devices with TB2, otherwise reserved
- (4) Only on devices with eUSCI_A1, otherwise reserved
- (5) Only on devices with ADC, otherwise reserved
- (6) This function is not available on YQD package types.

Enhanced Universal Serial Communication Interface (eUSCI)

The eUSCI modules are used for serial data communication. The eUSCI module supports synchronous communication protocols such as SPI (3 or 4 pin) and I²C, and asynchronous communication protocols such as UART, enhanced UART with automatic baudrate detection, and IrDA. Each eUSCI module contains two portions, A and B.

The eUSCI_An module provides support for SPI (3 pin or 4 pin), UART, enhanced UART, or IrDA.

The eUSCI_Bn module provides support for SPI (3 pin or 4 pin) or I2C.

The MSP430FR572x and MSP430FR573x series include one or two eUSCI_An modules (eUSCI_A0, eUSCI_A1) and one eUSCI_Bn module (eUSCI_B).

TA0, TA1

TA0 and TA1 are 16-bit timers/counters (Timer_A type) with three capture/compare registers each. Each can support multiple capture/compares, PWM outputs, and interval timing. Each has extensive interrupt capabilities. Interrupts may be generated from the counter on overflow conditions and from each of the capture/compare registers.

Table 12. TA0 Signal Connections

INPUT PIN NUMBER				DEVICE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE BLOCK	MODULE OUTPUT SIGNAL	DEVICE OUTPUT SIGNAL	OUTPUT PIN NUMBER			
RHA	RGE, YQD	DA	PW						RHA	RGE, YQD	DA	PW
3-P1.2	3-P1.2, A3-P1.2	7-P1.2	7-P1.2	TA0CLK	TACLK	Timer	N/A	N/A				
				ACLK (internal)	ACLK							
				SMCLK (internal)	SMCLK							
3-P1.2	3-P1.2, A3-P1.2	7-P1.2	7-P1.2	TA0CLK	$\overline{\text{TACLK}}$							
28-P1.6	16-P1.6, E2-P1.6	30-P1.6	22-P1.6	TA0.0	CCI0A	CCR0	TA0	TA0.0	28-P1.6	16-P1.6, E2-P1.6	30-P1.6	22-P1.6
34-P2.3	N/A	36-P2.3	27-P2.3	TA0.0	CCI0B				34-P2.3	N/A	36-P2.3	27-P2.3
				DV _{SS}	GND							
				DV _{CC}	V _{CC}							
1-P1.0	1-P1.0, N/A	5-P1.0	5-P1.0	TA0.1	CCI1A	CCR1	TA1	TA0.1	1-P1.0	1-P1.0, N/A	5-P1.0	5-P1.0
				CDOUT (internal)	CCI1B				ADC10 (internal) ⁽¹⁾ ADC10SHSx = {1}			
				DV _{SS}	GND							
				DV _{CC}	V _{CC}							
2-P1.1	2-P1.1, A2-P1.1	6-P1.1	6-P1.1	TA0.2	CCI2A	CCR2	TA2	TA0.2	2-P1.1	2-P1.1, A2-P1.1	6-P1.1	6-P1.1
				ACLK (internal)	CCI2B							
				DV _{SS}	GND							
				DV _{CC}	V _{CC}							

(1) Only on devices with ADC

Table 13. TA1 Signal Connections

INPUT PIN NUMBER				DEVICE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE BLOCK	MODULE OUTPUT SIGNAL	DEVICE OUTPUT SIGNAL	OUTPUT PIN NUMBER			
RHA	RGE, YQD	DA	PW						RHA	RGE, YQD	DA	PW
2-P1.1	2-P1.1, A2-P1.1	6-P1.1	6-P1.1	TA1CLK	TACLK	Timer	N/A	N/A				
				ACLK (internal)	ACLK							
				SMCLK (internal)	SMCLK							
2-P1.1	2-P1.1, A2-P1.1	6-P1.1	6-P1.1	TA1CLK	$\overline{\text{TACLK}}$							
29-P1.7	17-P1.7, E3-P1.7	31-P1.7	23-P1.7	TA1.0	CCI0A	CCR0	TA0	TA1.0	29-P1.7	17-P1.7, E3-P1.7	31-P1.7	23-P1.7
35-P2.4	N/A	37-P2.4	28-P2.4	TA1.0	CCI0B				35-P2.4	N/A	37-P2.4	28-P2.4
				DV _{SS}	GND							
				DV _{CC}	V _{CC}							
3-P1.2	3-P1.2, N/A	7-P1.2	7-P1.2	TA1.1	CC1A	CCR1	TA1	TA1.1	3-P1.2	3-P1.2, N/A	7-P1.2	7-P1.2
				CDOUT (internal)	CC1B							
				DV _{SS}	GND							
				DV _{CC}	V _{CC}							
8-P1.3	4-P1.3, A4-P1.3	12-P1.3	8-P1.3	TA1.2	CCI2A	CCR2	TA2	TA1.2	8-P1.3	4-P1.3, A4-P1.3	12-P1.3	8-P1.3
				ACLK (internal)	CCI2B							
				DV _{SS}	GND							
				DV _{CC}	V _{CC}							

TB0, TB1, TB2

TB0, TB1, and TB2 are 16-bit timers/counters (Timer_B type) with three capture/compare registers each. Each can support multiple capture/compares, PWM outputs, and interval timing. Each has extensive interrupt capabilities. Interrupts may be generated from the counter on overflow conditions and from each of the capture/compare registers.

Table 14. TB0 Signal Connections

INPUT PIN NUMBER				DEVICE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE BLOCK	MODULE OUTPUT SIGNAL	DEVICE OUTPUT SIGNAL	OUTPUT PIN NUMBER			
RHA	RGE, YQD	DA	PW						RHA	RGE, YQD	DA	PW
21-P2.0	13-P2.0, E5-P2.0	23-P2.0	19-P2.0	TB0CLK	TBCLK	Timer	N/A	N/A				
				ACLK (internal)	ACLK							
				SMCLK (internal)	SMCLK							
21-P2.0	13-P2.0, E5-P2.0	23-P2.0	19-P2.0	TB0CLK	$\overline{\text{TBCLK}}$							
22-P2.1	14-P2.1, D3-P2.1	24-P2.1	20-P2.1	TB0.0	CC10A	CCR0	TB0	TB0.0	22-P2.1	14-P2.1, D3-P2.1	24-P2.1	20-P2.1
17-P2.5	N/A	19-P2.5	15-P2.5	TB0.0	CC10B				17-P2.5	N/A	19-P2.5	15-P2.5
				DV _{ss}	GND				ADC10 (internal) ⁽¹⁾ ADC10SHSx = {2}			
				DV _{cc}	V _{cc}							
9-P1.4	5-P1.4, B4-P1.4	13-P1.4	9-P1.4	TB0.1	CC11A	CCR1	TB1	TB0.1	9-P1.4	5-P1.4, B4-P1.4	13-P1.4	9-P1.4
				CDOUT (internal)	CC11B				ADC10 (internal) ⁽¹⁾ ADC10SHSx = {3}			
				DV _{ss}	GND							
				DV _{cc}	V _{cc}							
10-P1.5	6-P1.5, A5-P1.5	14-P1.5	19-P1.5	TB0.2	CC12A	CCR2	TB2	TB0.2	10-P1.5	6-P1.5, A5-P1.5	14-P1.5	19-P1.5
				ACLK (internal)	CC12B							
				DV _{ss}	GND							
				DV _{cc}	V _{cc}							

(1) Only on devices with ADC

Table 15. TB1 Signal Connections ⁽¹⁾

INPUT PIN NUMBER				DEVICE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE BLOCK	MODULE OUTPUT SIGNAL	DEVICE OUTPUT SIGNAL	OUTPUT PIN NUMBER			
RHA	RGE, YQD	DA	PW						RHA	RGE, YQD	DA	PW
26-P3.6	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	28-P3.6	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB1CLK	TBCLK	Timer	N/A	N/A				
				ACLK (internal)	ACLK							
				SMCLK (internal)	SMCLK							
26-P3.6	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	28-P3.6	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB1CLK	$\overline{\text{TBCLK}}$							
23-P2.2	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	25-P2.2	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB1.0	CCI0A	CCR0	TB0	TB1.0	23-P2.2	N/A	25-P2.2	N/A
18-P2.6	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	20-P2.6	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB1.0	CCI0B				18-P2.6	N/A	20-P2.6	N/A
				DV _{SS}	GND							
				DV _{CC}	V _{CC}							
28-P1.6	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	30-P1.6	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB1.1	CCI1A	CCR1	TB1	TB1.1	28-P1.6	N/A	30-P1.6	N/A
24-P3.4	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	26-P3.4	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB1.1	CCI1B				24-P3.4	N/A	26-P3.4	N/A
				DV _{SS}	GND							
				DV _{CC}	V _{CC}							
29-P1.7	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	31-P1.7	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB1.2	CCI2A	CCR2	TB2	TB1.2	29-P1.7	N/A	31-P1.7	N/A
25-P3.5	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	27-P3.5	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB1.2	CCI2B				25-P3.5	N/A	27-P3.5	N/A
				DV _{SS}	GND							
				DV _{CC}	V _{CC}							

(1) TB1 is not present on all device types.

Table 16. TB2 Signal Connections ⁽¹⁾

INPUT PIN NUMBER				DEVICE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE INPUT SIGNAL	MODULE BLOCK	MODULE OUTPUT SIGNAL	DEVICE OUTPUT SIGNAL	OUTPUT PIN NUMBER			
RHA	RGE, YQD	DA	PW						RHA	RGE, YQD	DA	PW
24-P3.4	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	26-P3.4	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB2CLK	TBCLK	Timer	N/A	N/A				
				ACLK (internal)	ACLK							
				SMCLK (internal)	SMCLK							
24-P3.4	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	26-P3.4	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB2CLK	$\overline{\text{TBCLK}}$							
21-P2.0	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	23-P2.0	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB2.0	CCI0A	CCR0	TB0	TB2.0	21-P2.0	N/A	23-P2.0	N/A
15-P4.0	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	N/A (DV _{SS})	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB2.0	CCI0B				15-P4.0	N/A	36-P4.0	N/A
				DV _{SS}	GND							
				DV _{CC}	V _{CC}							
22-P2.1	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	24-P2.1	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB2.1	CCI1A	CCR1	TB1	TB2.1	22-P2.1	N/A	24-P2.1	N/A
26-P3.6	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	28-P3.6	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB2.1	CCI1B				26-P3.6	N/A	28-P3.6	N/A
				DV _{SS}	GND							
				DV _{CC}	V _{CC}							
23-P2.2	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	25-P2.2	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB2.2	CCI2A	CCR2	TB2	TB2.2	23-P2.2	N/A	25-P2.2	N/A
27-P3.7	N/A (DV _{SS}), N/A (DV _{SS})	29-P3.7	N/A (DV _{SS})	TB2.2	CCI2B				27-P3.7	N/A	29-P3.7	N/A
				DV _{SS}	GND							
				DV _{CC}	V _{CC}							

(1) TB2 is not present on all device types.

ADC10_B

The ADC10_B module supports fast 10-bit analog-to-digital conversions. The module implements a 10-bit SAR core, sample select control, reference generator, and a conversion result buffer. A window comparator with a lower limit and an upper limit allows CPU-independent result monitoring with three window comparator interrupt flags.

Comparator_D

The primary function of the Comparator_D module is to support precision slope analog-to-digital conversions, battery voltage supervision, and monitoring of external analog signals.

CRC16

The CRC16 module produces a signature based on a sequence of entered data values and can be used for data checking purposes. The CRC16 module signature is based on the CRC-CCITT standard.

Shared Reference (REF)

The reference module (REF) is responsible for generation of all critical reference voltages that can be used by the various analog peripherals in the device.

Embedded Emulation Module (EEM)

The EEM supports real-time in-system debugging. The S version of the EEM implemented on all devices has the following features:

- Three hardware triggers or breakpoints on memory access
- One hardware trigger or breakpoint on CPU register write access
- Up to four hardware triggers can be combined to form complex triggers or breakpoints
- One cycle counter
- Clock control on module level

Peripheral File Map
Table 17. Peripherals

MODULE NAME	BASE ADDRESS	OFFSET ADDRESS RANGE
Special Functions (see Table 18)	0100h	000h-01Fh
PMM (see Table 19)	0120h	000h-010h
FRAM Control (see Table 20)	0140h	000h-00Fh
CRC16 (see Table 21)	0150h	000h-007h
Watchdog (see Table 22)	015Ch	000h-001h
CS (see Table 23)	0160h	000h-00Fh
SYS (see Table 24)	0180h	000h-01Fh
Shared Reference (see Table 25)	01B0h	000h-001h
Port P1/P2 (see Table 26)	0200h	000h-01Fh
Port P3/P4 (see Table 27)	0220h	000h-01Fh
Port PJ (see Table 28)	0320h	000h-01Fh
TA0 (see Table 29)	0340h	000h-02Fh
TA1 (see Table 30)	0380h	000h-02Fh
TB0 (see Table 31)	03C0h	000h-02Fh
TB1 (see Table 32)	0400h	000h-02Fh
TB2 (see Table 33)	0440h	000h-02Fh
Real-Time Clock (RTC_B) (see Table 34)	04A0h	000h-01Fh
32-Bit Hardware Multiplier (see Table 35)	04C0h	000h-02Fh
DMA General Control (see Table 36)	0500h	000h-00Fh
DMA Channel 0 (see Table 36)	0510h	000h-00Ah
DMA Channel 1 (see Table 36)	0520h	000h-00Ah
DMA Channel 2 (see Table 36)	0530h	000h-00Ah
MPU Control (see Table 37)	05A0h	000h-00Fh
eUSCI_A0 (see Table 38)	05C0h	000h-01Fh
eUSCI_A1 (see Table 39)	05E0h	000h-01Fh
eUSCI_B0 (see Table 40)	0640h	000h-02Fh
ADC10_B (see Table 41)	0700h	000h-03Fh
Comparator_D (see Table 42)	08C0h	000h-00Fh

Table 18. Special Function Registers (Base Address: 0100h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
SFR interrupt enable	SFRIE1	00h
SFR interrupt flag	SFRIFG1	02h
SFR reset pin control	SFRRPCR	04h

Table 19. PMM Registers (Base Address: 0120h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
PMM Control 0	PMMCTL0	00h
PMM interrupt flags	PMMIFG	0Ah
PM5 Control 0	PM5CTL0	10h

Table 20. FRAM Control Registers (Base Address: 0140h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
FRAM control 0	FRCTLCTLO	00h
General control 0	GCCTL0	04h
General control 1	GCCTL1	06h

Table 21. CRC16 Registers (Base Address: 0150h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
CRC data input	CRC16DI	00h
CRC data input reverse byte	CRCDIRB	02h
CRC initialization and result	CRCINIRES	04h
CRC result reverse byte	CRCRESR	06h

Table 22. Watchdog Registers (Base Address: 015Ch)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Watchdog timer control	WDTCTL	00h

Table 23. CS Registers (Base Address: 0160h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
CS control 0	CSCTL0	00h
CS control 1	CSCTL1	02h
CS control 2	CSCTL2	04h
CS control 3	CSCTL3	06h
CS control 4	CSCTL4	08h
CS control 5	CSCTL5	0Ah
CS control 6	CSCTL6	0Ch

Table 24. SYS Registers (Base Address: 0180h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
System control	SYSCCTL	00h
JTAG mailbox control	SYSJMBC	06h
JTAG mailbox input 0	SYSJMBIO	08h
JTAG mailbox input 1	SYSJMBI1	0Ah
JTAG mailbox output 0	SYSJMBO0	0Ch
JTAG mailbox output 1	SYSJMBO1	0Eh
Bus Error vector generator	SYSBERRIV	18h
User NMI vector generator	SYSUNIV	1Ah
System NMI vector generator	SYSSNIV	1Ch
Reset vector generator	SYSRSTIV	1Eh

Table 25. Shared Reference Registers (Base Address: 01B0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Shared reference control	REFCTL	00h

Table 26. Port P1/P2 Registers (Base Address: 0200h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Port P1 input	P1IN	00h
Port P1 output	P1OUT	02h
Port P1 direction	P1DIR	04h
Port P1 pullup/pulldown enable	P1REN	06h
Port P1 selection 0	P1SEL0	0Ah
Port P1 selection 1	P1SEL1	0Ch
Port P1 interrupt vector word	P1IV	0Eh
Port P1 complement selection	P1SELC	16h
Port P1 interrupt edge select	P1IES	18h
Port P1 interrupt enable	P1IE	1Ah
Port P1 interrupt flag	P1IFG	1Ch
Port P2 input	P2IN	01h
Port P2 output	P2OUT	03h
Port P2 direction	P2DIR	05h
Port P2 pullup/pulldown enable	P2REN	07h
Port P2 selection 0	P2SEL0	0Bh
Port P2 selection 1	P2SEL1	0Dh
Port P2 complement selection	P2SELC	17h
Port P2 interrupt vector word	P2IV	1Eh
Port P2 interrupt edge select	P2IES	19h
Port P2 interrupt enable	P2IE	1Bh
Port P2 interrupt flag	P2IFG	1Dh

Table 27. Port P3/P4 Registers (Base Address: 0220h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Port P3 input	P3IN	00h
Port P3 output	P3OUT	02h
Port P3 direction	P3DIR	04h
Port P3 pullup/pulldown enable	P3REN	06h
Port P3 selection 0	P3SEL0	0Ah
Port P3 selection 1	P3SEL1	0Ch
Port P3 interrupt vector word	P3IV	0Eh
Port P3 complement selection	P3SELC	16h
Port P3 interrupt edge select	P3IES	18h
Port P3 interrupt enable	P3IE	1Ah
Port P3 interrupt flag	P3IFG	1Ch
Port P4 input	P4IN	01h
Port P4 output	P4OUT	03h
Port P4 direction	P4DIR	05h
Port P4 pullup/pulldown enable	P4REN	07h
Port P4 selection 0	P4SEL0	0Bh
Port P4 selection 1	P4SEL1	0Dh
Port P4 complement selection	P4SELC	17h
Port P4 interrupt vector word	P4IV	1Eh
Port P4 interrupt edge select	P4IES	19h
Port P4 interrupt enable	P4IE	1Bh
Port P4 interrupt flag	P4IFG	1Dh

Table 28. Port J Registers (Base Address: 0320h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Port PJ input	PJIN	00h
Port PJ output	PJOUT	02h
Port PJ direction	PJDIR	04h
Port PJ pullup/pulldown enable	PJREN	06h
Port PJ selection 0	PJSEL0	0Ah
Port PJ selection 1	PJSEL1	0Ch
Port PJ complement selection	PJSELC	16h

Table 29. TA0 Registers (Base Address: 0340h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
TA0 control	TAOCTL	00h
Capture/compare control 0	TAOCCTL0	02h
Capture/compare control 1	TAOCCTL1	04h
Capture/compare control 2	TAOCCTL2	06h
TA0 counter register	TAOR	10h
Capture/compare register 0	TAOCCR0	12h
Capture/compare register 1	TAOCCR1	14h
Capture/compare register 2	TAOCCR2	16h
TA0 expansion register 0	TAOEX0	20h
TA0 interrupt vector	TAOIV	2Eh

Table 30. TA1 Registers (Base Address: 0380h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
TA1 control	TA1CTL	00h
Capture/compare control 0	TA1CCTL0	02h
Capture/compare control 1	TA1CCTL1	04h
Capture/compare control 2	TA1CCTL2	06h
TA1 counter register	TA1R	10h
Capture/compare register 0	TA1CCR0	12h
Capture/compare register 1	TA1CCR1	14h
Capture/compare register 2	TA1CCR2	16h
TA1 expansion register 0	TA1EX0	20h
TA1 interrupt vector	TA1IV	2Eh

Table 31. TB0 Registers (Base Address: 03C0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
TB0 control	TBOCTL	00h
Capture/compare control 0	TBOCCTL0	02h
Capture/compare control 1	TBOCCTL1	04h
Capture/compare control 2	TBOCCTL2	06h
TB0 register	TBOR	10h
Capture/compare register 0	TBOCCR0	12h
Capture/compare register 1	TBOCCR1	14h
Capture/compare register 2	TBOCCR2	16h
TB0 expansion register 0	TBOEX0	20h
TB0 interrupt vector	TBOIV	2Eh

Table 32. TB1 Registers (Base Address: 0400h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
TB1 control	TB1CTL	00h
Capture/compare control 0	TB1CCTL0	02h
Capture/compare control 1	TB1CCTL1	04h
Capture/compare control 2	TB1CCTL2	06h
TB1 register	TB1R	10h
Capture/compare register 0	TB1CCR0	12h
Capture/compare register 1	TB1CCR1	14h
Capture/compare register 2	TB1CCR2	16h
TB1 expansion register 0	TB1EX0	20h
TB1 interrupt vector	TB1IV	2Eh

Table 33. TB2 Registers (Base Address: 0440h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
TB2 control	TB2CTL	00h
Capture/compare control 0	TB2CCTL0	02h
Capture/compare control 1	TB2CCTL1	04h
Capture/compare control 2	TB2CCTL2	06h
TB2 register	TB2R	10h
Capture/compare register 0	TB2CCR0	12h
Capture/compare register 1	TB2CCR1	14h
Capture/compare register 2	TB2CCR2	16h
TB2 expansion register 0	TB2EX0	20h
TB2 interrupt vector	TB2IV	2Eh

Table 34. Real-Time Clock Registers (Base Address: 04A0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
RTC control 0	RTCCTL0	00h
RTC control 1	RTCCTL1	01h
RTC control 2	RTCCTL2	02h
RTC control 3	RTCCTL3	03h
RTC prescaler 0 control	RTCPS0CTL	08h
RTC prescaler 1 control	RTCPS1CTL	0Ah
RTC prescaler 0	RTCPS0	0Ch
RTC prescaler 1	RTCPS1	0Dh
RTC interrupt vector word	RTCIV	0Eh
RTC seconds, RTC counter register 1	RTCSEC, RTCNT1	10h
RTC minutes, RTC counter register 2	RTCMIN, RTCNT2	11h
RTC hours, RTC counter register 3	RTCHOUR, RTCNT3	12h
RTC day of week, RTC counter register 4	RTCDOW, RTCNT4	13h
RTC days	RTCDAY	14h
RTC month	RTCMON	15h
RTC year low	RTCYEARL	16h
RTC year high	RTCYEARH	17h
RTC alarm minutes	RTCAMIN	18h
RTC alarm hours	RTCAHOUR	19h
RTC alarm day of week	RTCADOW	1Ah
RTC alarm days	RTCADAY	1Bh
Binary-to-BCD conversion register	BIN2BCD	1Ch
BCD-to-binary conversion register	BCD2BIN	1Eh

Table 35. 32-Bit Hardware Multiplier Registers (Base Address: 04C0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
16-bit operand 1 – multiply	MPY	00h
16-bit operand 1 – signed multiply	MPYS	02h
16-bit operand 1 – multiply accumulate	MAC	04h
16-bit operand 1 – signed multiply accumulate	MACS	06h
16-bit operand 2	OP2	08h
16 × 16 result low word	RESLO	0Ah
16 × 16 result high word	RESHI	0Ch
16 × 16 sum extension register	SUMEXT	0Eh
32-bit operand 1 – multiply low word	MPY32L	10h
32-bit operand 1 – multiply high word	MPY32H	12h
32-bit operand 1 – signed multiply low word	MPYS32L	14h
32-bit operand 1 – signed multiply high word	MPYS32H	16h
32-bit operand 1 – multiply accumulate low word	MAC32L	18h
32-bit operand 1 – multiply accumulate high word	MAC32H	1Ah
32-bit operand 1 – signed multiply accumulate low word	MACS32L	1Ch
32-bit operand 1 – signed multiply accumulate high word	MACS32H	1Eh
32-bit operand 2 – low word	OP2L	20h
32-bit operand 2 – high word	OP2H	22h
32 × 32 result 0 – least significant word	RES0	24h
32 × 32 result 1	RES1	26h
32 × 32 result 2	RES2	28h
32 × 32 result 3 – most significant word	RES3	2Ah
MPY32 control register 0	MPY32CTL0	2Ch

**Table 36. DMA Registers (Base Address DMA General Control: 0500h,
DMA Channel 0: 0510h, DMA Channel 1: 0520h, DMA Channel 2: 0530h)**

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
DMA channel 0 control	DMA0CTL	00h
DMA channel 0 source address low	DMA0SAL	02h
DMA channel 0 source address high	DMA0SAH	04h
DMA channel 0 destination address low	DMA0DAL	06h
DMA channel 0 destination address high	DMA0DAH	08h
DMA channel 0 transfer size	DMA0SZ	0Ah
DMA channel 1 control	DMA1CTL	00h
DMA channel 1 source address low	DMA1SAL	02h
DMA channel 1 source address high	DMA1SAH	04h
DMA channel 1 destination address low	DMA1DAL	06h
DMA channel 1 destination address high	DMA1DAH	08h
DMA channel 1 transfer size	DMA1SZ	0Ah
DMA channel 2 control	DMA2CTL	00h
DMA channel 2 source address low	DMA2SAL	02h
DMA channel 2 source address high	DMA2SAH	04h
DMA channel 2 destination address low	DMA2DAL	06h
DMA channel 2 destination address high	DMA2DAH	08h
DMA channel 2 transfer size	DMA2SZ	0Ah
DMA module control 0	DMACTL0	00h
DMA module control 1	DMACTL1	02h
DMA module control 2	DMACTL2	04h
DMA module control 3	DMACTL3	06h
DMA module control 4	DMACTL4	08h
DMA interrupt vector	DMAIV	0Ah

Table 37. MPU Control Registers (Base Address: 05A0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
MPU control 0	MPUCTL0	00h
MPU control 1	MPUCTL1	02h
MPU Segmentation Register	MPUSEG	04h
MPU access management	MPUSAM	06h

Table 38. eUSCI_A0 Registers (Base Address: 05C0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
eUSCI_A control word 0	UCA0CTLW0	00h
eUSCI_A control word 1	UCA0CTLW1	03h
eUSCI_A baud rate 0	UCA0BR0	06h
eUSCI_A baud rate 1	UCA0BR1	07h
eUSCI_A modulation control	UCA0MCTLW	08h
eUSCI_A status	UCA0STAT	0Ah
eUSCI_A receive buffer	UCA0RXBUF	0Ch
eUSCI_A transmit buffer	UCA0TXBUF	0Eh
eUSCI_A LIN control	UCA0ABCTL	10h
eUSCI_A IrDA transmit control	UCA0IRTCTL	12h
eUSCI_A IrDA receive control	UCA0IRRCTL	13h
eUSCI_A interrupt enable	UCA0IE	1Ah
eUSCI_A interrupt flags	UCA0IFG	1Ch
eUSCI_A interrupt vector word	UCA0IV	1Eh

Table 39. eUSCI_A1 Registers (Base Address: 05E0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
eUSCI_A control word 0	UCA1CTLW0	00h
eUSCI_A control word 1	UCA1CTLW1	03h
eUSCI_A baud rate 0	UCA1BR0	06h
eUSCI_A baud rate 1	UCA1BR1	07h
eUSCI_A modulation control	UCA1MCTLW	08h
eUSCI_A status	UCA1STAT	0Ah
eUSCI_A receive buffer	UCA1RXBUF	0Ch
eUSCI_A transmit buffer	UCA1TXBUF	0Eh
eUSCI_A LIN control	UCA1ABCTL	10h
eUSCI_A IrDA transmit control	UCA1IRTCTL	12h
eUSCI_A IrDA receive control	UCA1IRRCTL	13h
eUSCI_A interrupt enable	UCA1IE	1Ah
eUSCI_A interrupt flags	UCA1IFG	1Ch
eUSCI_A interrupt vector word	UCA1IV	1Eh

Table 40. eUSCI_B0 Registers (Base Address: 0640h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
eUSCI_B control word 0	UCB0CTLW0	00h
eUSCI_B control word 1	UCB0CTLW1	02h
eUSCI_B bit rate 0	UCB0BR0	06h
eUSCI_B bit rate 1	UCB0BR1	07h
eUSCI_B status word	UCB0STATW	08h
eUSCI_B byte counter threshold	UCB0TBCNT	0Ah
eUSCI_B receive buffer	UCB0RXBUF	0Ch
eUSCI_B transmit buffer	UCB0TXBUF	0Eh
eUSCI_B I2C own address 0	UCB0I2COA0	14h
eUSCI_B I2C own address 1	UCB0I2COA1	16h
eUSCI_B I2C own address 2	UCB0I2COA2	18h
eUSCI_B I2C own address 3	UCB0I2COA3	1Ah
eUSCI_B received address	UCB0ADDRX	1Ch
eUSCI_B address mask	UCB0ADDMASK	1Eh
eUSCI I2C slave address	UCB0I2CSA	20h
eUSCI interrupt enable	UCB0IE	2Ah
eUSCI interrupt flags	UCB0IFG	2Ch
eUSCI interrupt vector word	UCB0IV	2Eh

Table 41. ADC10_B Registers (Base Address: 0700h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
ADC10_B Control register 0	ADC10CTL0	00h
ADC10_B Control register 1	ADC10CTL1	02h
ADC10_B Control register 2	ADC10CTL2	04h
ADC10_B Window Comparator Low Threshold	ADC10LO	06h
ADC10_B Window Comparator High Threshold	ADC10HI	08h
ADC10_B Memory Control Register 0	ADC10MCTL0	0Ah
ADC10_B Conversion Memory Register	ADC10MEM0	12h
ADC10_B Interrupt Enable	ADC10IE	1Ah
ADC10_B Interrupt Flags	ADC10IGH	1Ch
ADC10_B Interrupt Vector Word	ADC10IV	1Eh

Table 42. Comparator_D Registers (Base Address: 08C0h)

REGISTER DESCRIPTION	REGISTER	OFFSET
Comparator_D control register 0	CDCTL0	00h
Comparator_D control register 1	CDCTL1	02h
Comparator_D control register 2	CDCTL2	04h
Comparator_D control register 3	CDCTL3	06h
Comparator_D interrupt register	CDINT	0Ch
Comparator_D interrupt vector word	CDIV	0Eh

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Voltage applied at V_{CC} to V_{SS}	-0.3 V to 4.1 V
Voltage applied to any pin (excluding V_{CORE}) ⁽²⁾	-0.3 V to $V_{CC} + 0.3$ V
Diode current at any device pin	± 2 mA
Storage temperature range, T_{stg} ^{(3) (4) (5)}	-55°C to 125°C
Maximum junction temperature, T_J	95°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltages referenced to V_{SS} . V_{CORE} is for internal device use only. No external DC loading or voltage should be applied.
- (3) Data retention on FRAM memory cannot be ensured when exceeding the specified maximum storage temperature, T_{stg} .
- (4) For soldering during board manufacturing, it is required to follow the current JEDEC J-STD-020 specification with peak reflow temperatures not higher than classified on the device label on the shipping boxes or reels.
- (5) Programming of devices with user application code should only be performed after reflow or hand soldering. Factory programmed information, such as calibration values, are designed to withstand the temperatures reached in the current JEDEC J-STD-020 specification.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Typical values are specified at $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V and $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage during program execution and FRAM programming ($AV_{CC} = DV_{CC}$) ⁽¹⁾		2.0		3.6	V
V_{SS}	Supply voltage ($AV_{SS} = DV_{SS}$)			0		V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	I version	-40		85	°C
T_J	Operating junction temperature	I version	-40		85	°C
$C_{V_{CORE}}$	Required capacitor at V_{CORE}			470		nF
$C_{V_{CC}}/C_{V_{CORE}}$	Capacitor ratio of V_{CC} to V_{CORE}		10			
f_{SYSTEM}	Processor frequency (maximum MCLK frequency) ⁽²⁾	No FRAM wait states ⁽³⁾ , $2\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$	0		8.0	MHz
		With FRAM wait states ⁽³⁾ , NACCESS = {2}, NPRECHG = {1}, $2\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$	0		24.0	

- (1) It is recommended to power AV_{CC} and DV_{CC} from the same source. A maximum difference of 0.3 V between AV_{CC} and DV_{CC} can be tolerated during power up and operation.
- (2) Modules may have a different maximum input clock specification. See the specification of the respective module in this data sheet.
- (3) When using manual wait state control, see the *MSP430FR57xx Family User's Guide (SLAU272)* for recommended settings for common system frequencies.

Electrical Characteristics

Active Mode Supply Current Into V_{CC} Excluding External Current

 over recommended operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)^{(1) (2) (3)}

PARAMETER	EXECUTION MEMORY	V_{CC}	Frequency ($f_{MCLK} = f_{SMCLK}$) ⁽⁴⁾												UNIT
			1 MHz		4 MHz		8 MHz		16 MHz ⁽⁵⁾		20 MHz ⁽⁵⁾		24 MHz ⁽⁵⁾		
			TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	
$I_{AM, FRAM_UNI}$ ⁽⁶⁾	FRAM	3 V	0.27		0.58		1.0		1.53		1.9		2.2		mA
$I_{AM,0\%}$ ⁽⁷⁾	FRAM 0% cache hit ratio	3 V	0.42	0.73	1.2	1.6	2.2	2.8	2.3	2.9	2.8	3.6	3.45	4.3	mA
$I_{AM,50\%}$ ^{(7) (8)}	FRAM 50% cache hit ratio	3 V	0.31		0.73		1.3		1.75		2.1		2.5		
$I_{AM,66\%}$ ^{(7) (8)}	FRAM 66% cache hit ratio	3 V	0.27		0.58		1.0		1.55		1.9		2.2		
$I_{AM,75\%}$ ^{(7) (8)}	FRAM 75% cache hit ratio	3 V	0.25		0.5		0.82		1.3		1.6		1.8		
$I_{AM,100\%}$ ^{(7) (8)}	FRAM 100% cache hit ratio	3 V	0.2	0.43	0.3	0.55	0.42	0.8	0.73	1.15	0.88	1.3	1.0	1.5	
$I_{AM, RAM}$ ^{(8) (9)}	RAM	3 V	0.2	0.4	0.35	0.55	0.55	0.75	1.0	1.25	1.20	1.45	1.45	1.75	mA

- (1) All inputs are tied to 0 V or to V_{CC} . Outputs do not source or sink any current.
- (2) The currents are characterized with a Micro Crystal CC4V-T1A SMD crystal with a load capacitance of 9 pF. The internal and external load capacitance are chosen to closely match the required 9 pF.
- (3) Characterized with program executing typical data processing.
- (4) At MCLK frequencies above 8 MHz, the FRAM requires wait states. When wait states are required, the effective MCLK frequency, $f_{MCLK,eff}$, decreases. The effective MCLK frequency is also dependent on the cache hit ratio. SMCLK is not affected by the number of wait states or the cache hit ratio. The following equation can be used to compute $f_{MCLK,eff}$:

$$f_{MCLK,eff,MHZ} = f_{MCLK,MHZ} \times 1 / [\# \text{ of wait states} \times ((1 - \text{cache hit ratio percent}/100)) + 1]$$
- (5) MSP430FR573x series only
- (6) Program and data reside entirely in FRAM. No wait states enabled. DCORSEL = 0, DCOFSELx = 3 ($f_{DCO} = 8$ MHz). MCLK = SMCLK.
- (7) Program resides in FRAM. Data resides in SRAM. Average current dissipation varies with cache hit-to-miss ratio as specified. Cache hit ratio represents number cache accesses divided by the total number of FRAM accesses. For example, a 25% ratio implies one of every four accesses is from cache, the remaining are FRAM accesses.
 For 1, 4, and 8 MHz, DCORSEL = 0, DCOFSELx = 3 ($f_{DCO} = 8$ MHz). MCLK = SMCLK. No wait states enabled.
 For 16 MHz, DCORSEL = 1, DCOFSELx = 0 ($f_{DCO} = 16$ MHz). MCLK = SMCLK. One wait state enabled.
 For 20 MHz, DCORSEL = 1, DCOFSELx = 2 ($f_{DCO} = 20$ MHz). MCLK = SMCLK. Three wait states enabled.
 For 24 MHz, DCORSEL = 1, DCOFSELx = 3 ($f_{DCO} = 24$ MHz). MCLK = SMCLK. Three wait states enabled.
- (8) See [Figure 1](#) for typical curves. Each characteristic equation shown in the graph is computed using the least squares method for best linear fit using the typical data shown in [Active Mode Supply Current Into \$V_{CC}\$ Excluding External Current](#).
 $f_{ACLK} = 32786$ Hz, $f_{MCLK} = f_{SMCLK}$ at specified frequency. No peripherals active.
 XTS = CPUOFF = SCG0 = SCG1 = OSCOFF = SMCLKOFF = 0.
- (9) All execution is from RAM.
 For 1, 4, and 8 MHz, DCORSEL = 0, DCOFSELx = 3 ($f_{DCO} = 8$ MHz). MCLK = SMCLK.
 For 16 MHz, DCORSEL = 1, DCOFSELx = 0 ($f_{DCO} = 16$ MHz). MCLK = SMCLK.
 For 20 MHz, DCORSEL = 1, DCOFSELx = 2 ($f_{DCO} = 20$ MHz). MCLK = SMCLK.
 For 24 MHz, DCORSEL = 1, DCOFSELx = 3 ($f_{DCO} = 24$ MHz). MCLK = SMCLK.

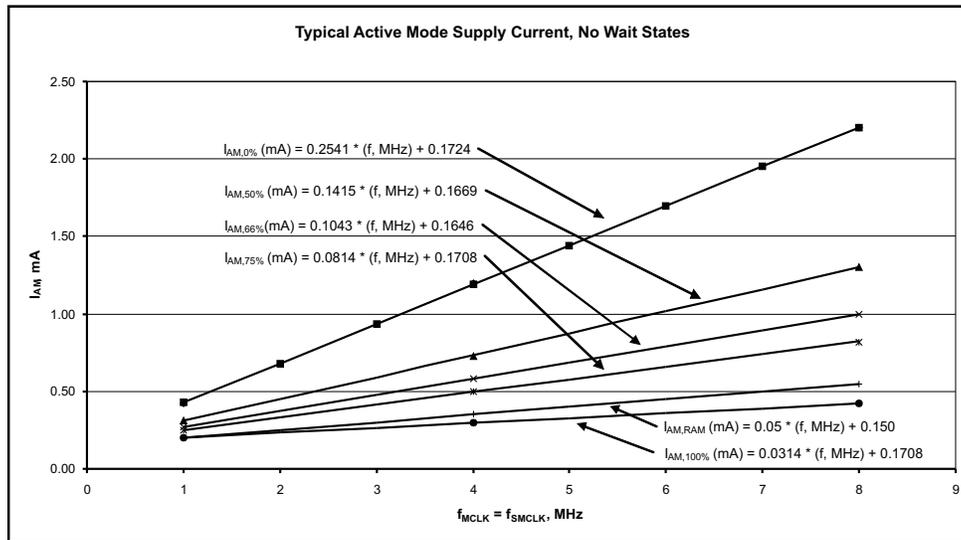


Figure 1. Typical Active Mode Supply Currents, No Wait States

Low-Power Mode Supply Currents (Into V_{CC}) Excluding External Current

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) ^{(1) (2)}

PARAMETER	V_{CC}	-40°C		25°C		60°C		85°C		UNIT
		TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	TYP	MAX	
$I_{LPM0,1MHz}$ Low-power mode 0 ^{(3) (4)}	2 V, 3 V	166		175		190		225		μA
LPM0,8MHz Low-power mode 0 ^{(5) (4)}	2 V, 3 V	170		177	244	195		225	360	μA
LPM0,24MHz Low-power mode 0 ^{(6) (4)}	2 V, 3 V	274		285	340	315		340	455	μA
I_{LPM2} Low-power mode 2 ^{(7) (8)}	2 V, 3 V	56		61	80	75		110	210	μA
$I_{LPM3,XT1LF}$ Low-power mode 3, crystal mode ^{(9) (8)}	2 V, 3 V	3.4		6.4	15	18		48	150	μA
$I_{LPM3,VLO}$ Low-power mode 3, VLO mode ^{(10) (8)}	2 V, 3 V	3.3		6.3	15	18		48	150	μA
I_{LPM4} Low-power mode 4 ^{(11) (8)}	2 V, 3 V	2.9		5.9	15	18		48	150	μA
$I_{LPM3.5}$ Low-power mode 3.5 ⁽¹²⁾	2 V, 3 V	1.3		1.5	2.2	1.9		2.8	5.0	μA
$I_{LPM4.5}$ Low-power mode 4.5 ⁽¹³⁾	2 V, 3 V	0.3		0.32	0.66	0.38		0.57	2.55	μA

- (1) All inputs are tied to 0 V or to V_{CC} . Outputs do not source or sink any current.
- (2) The currents are characterized with a Micro Crystal CC4V-T1A SMD crystal with a load capacitance of 9 pF. The internal and external load capacitance are chosen to closely match the required 9 pF.
- (3) Current for watchdog timer clocked by SMCLK included. ACLK = low-frequency crystal operation (XTS = 0, XT1DRIVE_x = 0). CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 0, SCG1 = 0, OSCOFF = 0 (LPM0), f_{ACLK} = 32768 Hz, f_{MCLK} = 0 MHz, f_{SMCLK} = 1 MHz. DCORSEL = 0, DCOFSEL_x = 3 (f_{DCO} = 8 MHz)
- (4) Current for brownout, high-side supervisor (SVS_H) and low-side supervisor (SVS_L) included.
- (5) Current for watchdog timer clocked by SMCLK included. ACLK = low-frequency crystal operation (XTS = 0, XT1DRIVE_x = 0). CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 0, SCG1 = 0, OSCOFF = 0 (LPM0), f_{ACLK} = 32768 Hz, f_{MCLK} = 0 MHz, f_{SMCLK} = 8 MHz. DCORSEL = 0, DCOFSEL_x = 3 (f_{DCO} = 8 MHz)
- (6) Current for watchdog timer clocked by SMCLK included. ACLK = low-frequency crystal operation (XTS = 0, XT1DRIVE_x = 0). CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 0, SCG1 = 0, OSCOFF = 0 (LPM0), f_{ACLK} = 32768 Hz, f_{MCLK} = 0 MHz, f_{SMCLK} = 24 MHz. DCORSEL = 1, DCOFSEL_x = 3 (f_{DCO} = 24 MHz)
- (7) Current for watchdog timer (clocked by ACLK) and RTC (clocked by XT1 LF mode) included. ACLK = low-frequency crystal operation (XTS = 0, XT1DRIVE_x = 0). CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 0, SCG1 = 1, OSCOFF = 0 (LPM2), f_{ACLK} = 32768 Hz, f_{MCLK} = 0 MHz, f_{SMCLK} = f_{DCO} = 0 MHz, DCORSEL = 0, DCOFSEL_x = 3, DCO bias generator enabled.
- (8) Current for brownout, high-side supervisor (SVS_H) included. Low-side supervisor disabled (SVS_L).
- (9) Current for watchdog timer (clocked by ACLK) and RTC (clocked by XT1 LF mode) included. ACLK = low-frequency crystal operation (XTS = 0, XT1DRIVE_x = 0). CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 1, SCG1 = 1, OSCOFF = 0 (LPM3), f_{ACLK} = 32768 Hz, f_{MCLK} = f_{SMCLK} = f_{DCO} = 0 MHz
- (10) Current for watchdog timer (clocked by ACLK) included. ACLK = VLO. CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 1, SCG1 = 1, OSCOFF = 0 (LPM3), f_{ACLK} = f_{VLO} , f_{MCLK} = f_{SMCLK} = f_{DCO} = 0 MHz
- (11) CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 1, SCG1 = 1, OSCOFF = 1 (LPM4), f_{DCO} = f_{ACLK} = f_{MCLK} = f_{SMCLK} = 0 MHz
- (12) Internal regulator disabled. No data retention. RTC active clocked by XT1 LF mode. CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 1, SCG1 = 1, OSCOFF = 1, PMMREGOFF = 1 (LPM3.5), f_{DCO} = f_{ACLK} = f_{MCLK} = f_{SMCLK} = 0 MHz
- (13) Internal regulator disabled. No data retention. CPUOFF = 1, SCG0 = 1, SCG1 = 1, OSCOFF = 1, PMMREGOFF = 1 (LPM4.5), f_{DCO} = f_{ACLK} = f_{MCLK} = f_{SMCLK} = 0 MHz

Schmitt-Trigger Inputs – General Purpose I/O
(P1.0 to P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7, P3.0 to P3.7, P4.0 to P4.1, PJ.0 to PJ.5, $\overline{\text{RST/NMI}}$)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{IT+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage		2 V	0.80		1.40	V
			3 V	1.50		2.10	
V _{IT-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage		2 V	0.45		1.10	V
			3 V	0.75		1.65	
V _{hys}	Input voltage hysteresis (V _{IT+} – V _{IT-})		2 V	0.25		0.8	V
			3 V	0.30		1.0	
R _{Pull}	Pullup or pulldown resistor	For pullup: V _{IN} = V _{SS} For pulldown: V _{IN} = V _{CC}		20	35	50	kΩ
C _I	Input capacitance	V _{IN} = V _{SS} or V _{CC}			5		pF

Inputs – Ports P1 and P2 ⁽¹⁾
(P1.0 to P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
t _(int)	External interrupt timing ⁽²⁾ External trigger pulse duration to set interrupt flag	2 V, 3 V	20		ns

- (1) Some devices may contain additional ports with interrupts. See the block diagram and terminal function descriptions.
- (2) An external signal sets the interrupt flag every time the minimum interrupt pulse duration t_(int) is met. It may be set by trigger signals shorter than t_(int).

Leakage Current – General Purpose I/O
(P1.0 to P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7, P3.0 to P3.7, P4.0 to P4.1, PJ.0 to PJ.5, $\overline{\text{RST/NMI}}$)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
I _{Ikg(Px.x)}	(1) (2)	2 V, 3 V	-50	50	nA

- (1) The leakage current is measured with V_{SS} or V_{CC} applied to the corresponding pin(s), unless otherwise noted.
- (2) The leakage of the digital port pins is measured individually. The port pin is selected for input and the pullup/pulldown resistor is disabled.

Outputs – General Purpose I/O (P1.0 to P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7, P3.0 to P3.7, P4.0 to P4.1, PJ.0 to PJ.5)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{OH} High-level output voltage	I _(OHmax) = -1 mA ⁽¹⁾	2 V	V _{CC} - 0.25	V _{CC}	V
	I _(OHmax) = -3 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{CC} - 0.60	V _{CC}	
	I _(OHmax) = -2 mA ⁽¹⁾	3 V	V _{CC} - 0.25	V _{CC}	
	I _(OHmax) = -6 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{CC} - 0.60	V _{CC}	
V _{OL} Low-level output voltage	I _(OLmax) = 1 mA ⁽¹⁾	2 V	V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.25	V
	I _(OLmax) = 3 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.60	
	I _(OLmax) = 2 mA ⁽¹⁾	3 V	V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.25	
	I _(OLmax) = 6 mA ⁽²⁾		V _{SS}	V _{SS} + 0.60	

- (1) The maximum total current, I_(OHmax) and I_(OLmax), for all outputs combined, should not exceed ±48 mA to hold the maximum voltage drop specified.
- (2) The maximum total current, I_(OHmax) and I_(OLmax), for all outputs combined, should not exceed ±100 mA to hold the maximum voltage drop specified.

Output Frequency – General Purpose I/O (P1.0 to P1.7, P2.0 to P2.7, P3.0 to P3.7, P4.0 to P4.1, PJ.0 to PJ.5)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
f _{Px.y} Port output frequency (with load)	P _{x.y} ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾	2 V		16	MHz
		3 V		24	
f _{Port_CLK} Clock output frequency	ACLK, SMCLK, or MCLK at configured output port, C _L = 20 pF, no DC loading ⁽²⁾	2 V		16	MHz
		3 V		24	

- (1) A resistive divider with 2 × 1.6 kΩ between V_{CC} and V_{SS} is used as load. The output is connected to the center tap of the divider. C_L = 20 pF is connected from the output to V_{SS}.
- (2) The output voltage reaches at least 10% and 90% V_{CC} at the specified toggle frequency.

Typical Characteristics – Outputs

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

**TYPICAL LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT
VS
LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE**

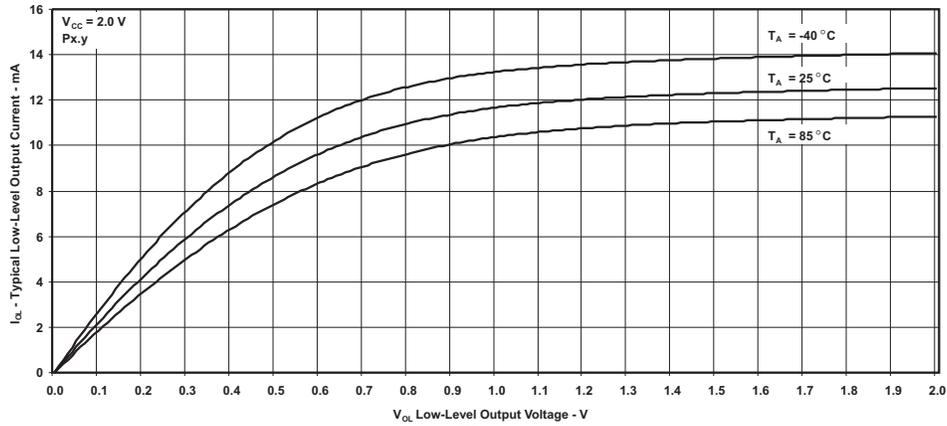


Figure 2.

**TYPICAL LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT
VS
LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE**

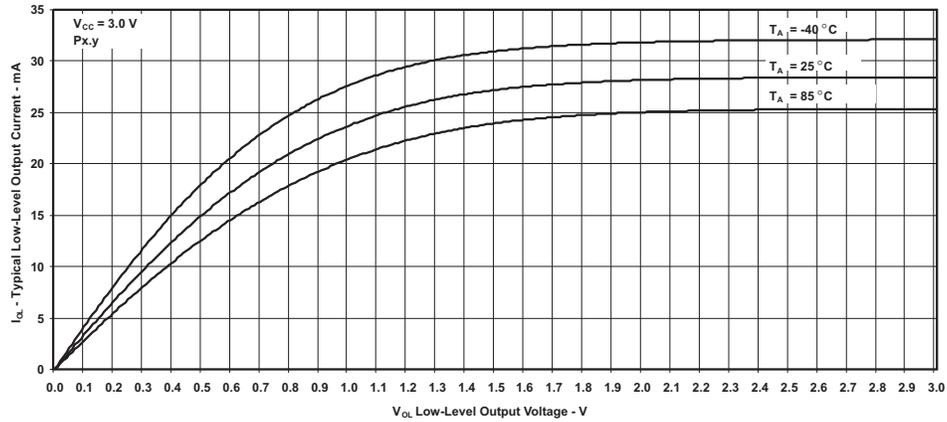


Figure 3.

**TYPICAL HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT
VS
HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE**

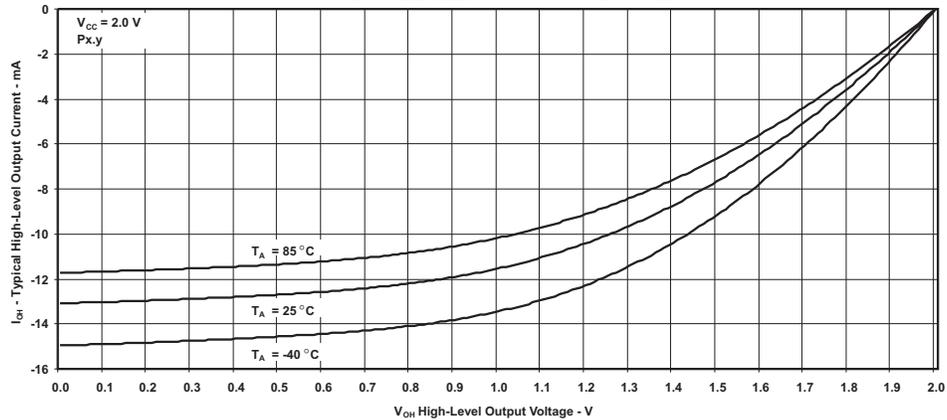


Figure 4.

Typical Characteristics – Outputs (continued)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

TYPICAL HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

VS HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE

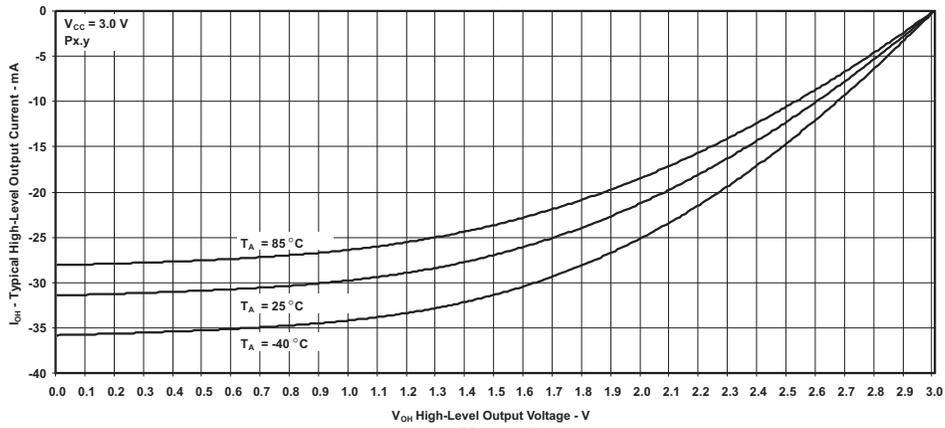


Figure 5.

Crystal Oscillator, XT1, Low-Frequency (LF) Mode ⁽¹⁾

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$\Delta I_{VCC,LF}$	Additional current consumption XT1 LF mode from lowest drive setting	$f_{OSC} = 32768$ Hz, XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {1}, $C_{L,eff} = 9$ pF, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$,	3 V		60		nA
		$f_{OSC} = 32768$ Hz, XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {2}, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{L,eff} = 9$ pF	3 V		90		
		$f_{OSC} = 32768$ Hz, XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {3}, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{L,eff} = 12$ pF	3 V		140		
$f_{XT1,LF0}$	XT1 oscillator crystal frequency, LF mode	XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0			32768		Hz
$f_{XT1,LF,SW}$	XT1 oscillator logic-level square-wave input frequency, LF mode	XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 1 ^{(2) (3)}		10	32.768	50	kHz
OA_{LF}	Oscillation allowance for LF crystals ⁽⁴⁾	XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {0}, $f_{XT1,LF} = 32768$ Hz, $C_{L,eff} = 6$ pF			210		k Ω
		XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {3}, $f_{XT1,LF} = 32768$ Hz, $C_{L,eff} = 12$ pF			300		
	Duty cycle, LF mode	XTS = 0, Measured at ACLK, $f_{XT1,LF} = 32768$ Hz		30		70	%
$f_{Fault,LF}$	Oscillator fault frequency, LF mode ⁽⁵⁾	XTS = 0 ⁽⁶⁾		10		10000	Hz
$t_{START,LF}$	Startup time, LF mode ⁽⁷⁾	$f_{OSC} = 32768$ Hz, XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {0}, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{L,eff} = 6$ pF	3 V		1000		ms
		$f_{OSC} = 32768$ Hz, XTS = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {3}, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_{L,eff} = 12$ pF			1000		
$C_{L,eff}$	Integrated effective load capacitance, LF mode ^{(8) (9)}	XTS = 0			1		pF

- (1) To improve EMI on the XT1 oscillator, the following guidelines should be observed.
 - (a) Keep the trace between the device and the crystal as short as possible.
 - (b) Design a good ground plane around the oscillator pins.
 - (c) Prevent crosstalk from other clock or data lines into oscillator pins XIN and XOUT.
 - (d) Avoid running PCB traces underneath or adjacent to the XIN and XOUT pins.
 - (e) Use assembly materials and praxis to avoid any parasitic load on the oscillator XIN and XOUT pins.
 - (f) If conformal coating is used, ensure that it does not induce capacitive/resistive leakage between the oscillator pins.
- (2) When XT1BYPASS is set, XT1 circuits are automatically powered down. Input signal is a digital square wave with parametrics defined in the Schmitt-trigger Inputs section of this data sheet.
- (3) Maximum frequency of operation of the entire device cannot be exceeded.
- (4) Oscillation allowance is based on a safety factor of 5 for recommended crystals. The oscillation allowance is a function of the XT1DRIVE settings and the effective load. In general, comparable oscillator allowance can be achieved based on the following guidelines, but should be evaluated based on the actual crystal selected for the application:
 - (a) For XT1DRIVE = {0}, $C_{L,eff} \leq 6$ pF.
 - (b) For XT1DRIVE = {1}, $6 \text{ pF} \leq C_{L,eff} \leq 9$ pF.
 - (c) For XT1DRIVE = {2}, $6 \text{ pF} \leq C_{L,eff} \leq 10$ pF.
 - (d) For XT1DRIVE = {3}, $6 \text{ pF} \leq C_{L,eff} \leq 12$ pF.
- (5) Frequencies below the MIN specification set the fault flag. Frequencies above the MAX specification do not set the fault flag. Frequencies in between might set the flag.
- (6) Measured with logic-level input frequency but also applies to operation with crystals.
- (7) Includes startup counter of 4096 clock cycles.
- (8) Requires external capacitors at both terminals.
- (9) Values are specified by crystal manufacturers. Include parasitic bond and package capacitance (approximately 2 pF per pin). Recommended values supported are 6 pF, 9 pF, and 12 pF. Maximum shunt capacitance of 1.6 pF.

Crystal Oscillator, XT1, High-Frequency (HF) Mode ⁽¹⁾

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I _{VCC,HF}	XT1 oscillator crystal current HF mode	f _{OSC} = 4 MHz, XTS = 1, XOSCOFF = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {0}, T _A = 25°C, C _{L,eff} = 16 pF	3 V		175		μA
		f _{OSC} = 8 MHz, XTS = 1, XOSCOFF = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {1}, T _A = 25°C, C _{L,eff} = 16 pF			300		
		f _{OSC} = 16 MHz, XTS = 1, XOSCOFF = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {2}, T _A = 25°C, C _{L,eff} = 16 pF			350		
		f _{OSC} = 24 MHz, XTS = 1, XOSCOFF = 0, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {3}, T _A = 25°C, C _{L,eff} = 16 pF			550		
f _{XT1,HF0}	XT1 oscillator crystal frequency, HF mode 0	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {0} ⁽²⁾		4		6	MHz
f _{XT1,HF1}	XT1 oscillator crystal frequency, HF mode 1	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {1} ⁽³⁾		6		10	MHz
f _{XT1,HF2}	XT1 oscillator crystal frequency, HF mode 2	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {2} ⁽³⁾		10		16	MHz
f _{XT1,HF3}	XT1 oscillator crystal frequency, HF mode 3	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {3} ⁽³⁾		16		24	MHz
f _{XT1,HF,SW}	XT1 oscillator logic-level square-wave input frequency, HF mode	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 1 ^{(4) (3)}		1		24	MHz
O _{AHF}	Oscillation allowance for HF crystals ⁽⁵⁾	XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {0}, f _{XT1,HF} = 4 MHz, C _{L,eff} = 16 pF			450		Ω
		XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {1}, f _{XT1,HF} = 8 MHz, C _{L,eff} = 16 pF			320		
		XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {2}, f _{XT1,HF} = 16 MHz, C _{L,eff} = 16 pF			200		
		XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {3}, f _{XT1,HF} = 24 MHz, C _{L,eff} = 16 pF			200		
t _{START,HF}	Startup time, HF mode ⁽⁶⁾	f _{OSC} = 4 MHz, XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {0}, T _A = 25°C, C _{L,eff} = 16 pF	3 V		8		ms
		f _{OSC} = 24 MHz, XTS = 1, XT1BYPASS = 0, XT1DRIVE = {3}, T _A = 25°C, C _{L,eff} = 16 pF				2	

- (1) To improve EMI on the XT1 oscillator the following guidelines should be observed.
 - (a) Keep the traces between the device and the crystal as short as possible.
 - (b) Design a good ground plane around the oscillator pins.
 - (c) Prevent crosstalk from other clock or data lines into oscillator pins XIN and XOUT.
 - (d) Avoid running PCB traces underneath or adjacent to the XIN and XOUT pins.
 - (e) Use assembly materials and praxis to avoid any parasitic load on the oscillator XIN and XOUT pins.
 - (f) If conformal coating is used, ensure that it does not induce capacitive/resistive leakage between the oscillator pins.
- (2) Maximum frequency of operation of the entire device cannot be exceeded.
- (3) Maximum frequency of operation of the entire device cannot be exceeded.
- (4) When XT1BYPASS is set, XT1 circuits are automatically powered down. Input signal is a digital square wave with parametrics defined in the Schmitt-trigger Inputs section of this data sheet.
- (5) Oscillation allowance is based on a safety factor of 5 for recommended crystals.
- (6) Includes startup counter of 4096 clock cycles.

Crystal Oscillator, XT1, High-Frequency (HF) Mode ⁽¹⁾ (continued)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
C _{L,eff}	Integrated effective load capacitance ⁽⁷⁾ ⁽⁸⁾	XTS = 1			1		pF
	Duty cycle, HF mode	XTS = 1, Measured at ACLK, f _{XT1,HF2} = 24 MHz		40	50	60	%
f _{Fault,HF}	Oscillator fault frequency, HF mode ⁽⁹⁾	XTS = 1 ⁽¹⁰⁾		145		900	kHz

- (7) Includes parasitic bond and package capacitance (approximately 2 pF per pin). Because the PCB adds additional capacitance, it is recommended to verify the correct load by measuring the ACLK frequency. For a correct setup, the effective load capacitance should always match the specification of the used crystal.
- (8) Requires external capacitors at both terminals. Values are specified by crystal manufacturers. Recommended values supported are 14 pF, 16 pF, and 18 pF. Maximum shunt capacitance of 7 pF.
- (9) Frequencies below the MIN specification set the fault flag. Frequencies above the MAX specification do not set the fault flag. Frequencies in between might set the flag.
- (10) Measured with logic-level input frequency but also applies to operation with crystals.

Internal Very-Low-Power Low-Frequency Oscillator (VLO)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{VLO}	VLO frequency	Measured at ACLK	2 V to 3.6 V	5	8.3	13	kHz
df _{VLO} /dT	VLO frequency temperature drift	Measured at ACLK ⁽¹⁾	2 V to 3.6 V		0.5		%/°C
df _{VLO} /dV _{CC}	VLO frequency supply voltage drift	Measured at ACLK ⁽²⁾	2 V to 3.6 V		4		%/V
f _{VLO,DC}	Duty cycle	Measured at ACLK	2 V to 3.6 V	40	50	60	%

- (1) Calculated using the box method: (MAX(-40 to 85°C) – MIN(-40 to 85°C)) / MIN(-40 to 85°C) / (85°C – (-40°C))
- (2) Calculated using the box method: (MAX(2.0 to 3.6 V) – MIN(2.0 to 3.6 V)) / MIN(2.0 to 3.6 V) / (3.6 V – 2 V)

DCO Frequencies

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} T _A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{DCO,LO}	DCO frequency low, trimmed	Measured at ACLK, DCORSEL = 0	2 V to 3.6 V -40°C to 85°C		5.37	±3.5%	MHz
			2 V to 3.6 V 0°C to 50°C		5.37	±2.0%	
		Measured at ACLK, DCORSEL = 1 ⁽¹⁾	2 V to 3.6 V -40°C to 85°C		16.2	±3.5%	MHz
			2 V to 3.6 V 0°C to 50°C		16.2	±2.0%	
f _{DCO,MID}	DCO frequency mid, trimmed	Measured at ACLK, DCORSEL = 0	2 V to 3.6 V -40°C to 85°C		6.67	±3.5%	MHz
			2 V to 3.6 V 0°C to 50°C		6.67	±2.0%	
		Measured at ACLK, DCORSEL = 1 ⁽¹⁾	2 V to 3.6 V -40°C to 85°C		20	±3.5%	MHz
			2 V to 3.6 V 0°C to 50°C		20	±2.0%	
f _{DCO,HI}	DCO frequency high, trimmed	Measured at ACLK, DCORSEL = 0	2 V to 3.6 V -40°C to 85°C		8	±3.5%	MHz
			2 V to 3.6 V 0°C to 50°C		8	±2.0%	
		Measured at ACLK, DCORSEL = 1 ⁽¹⁾	2 V to 3.6 V -40°C to 85°C		23.8	±3.5%	MHz
			2 V to 3.6 V 0°C to 50°C		23.8	±2.0%	
f _{DCO,DC}	Duty cycle	Measured at ACLK, divide by 1, No external divide, all DCO settings	2 V to 3.6 V -40°C to 85°C	40	50	60	%

(1) MSP40FR573x devices only

MODOSC

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I _{MODOSC}	Current consumption	Enabled	2 V to 3.6 V		44	80	µA
f _{MODOSC}	MODOSC frequency		2 V to 3.6 V	4.5	5.0	5.5	MHz
f _{MODOSC,DC}	Duty cycle	Measured at ACLK, divide by 1	2 V to 3.6 V	40	50	60	%

PMM, Core Voltage

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{CORE(AM)}	Core voltage, active mode	2 V ≤ DV _{CC} ≤ 3.6 V		1.5		V
V _{CORE(LPM)}	Core voltage, low-current mode	2 V ≤ DV _{CC} ≤ 3.6 V		1.5		V

PMM, SVS, BOR

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I _{SVSH,AM}	SVS _H current consumption, active mode	V _{CC} = 3.6 V		5		μA
I _{SVSH,LPM}	SVS _H current consumption, low power modes	V _{CC} = 3.6 V		0.8	1.5	μA
V _{SVSH-}	SVS _H on voltage level, falling supply voltage		1.83	1.88	1.93	V
V _{SVSH+}	SVS _H off voltage level, rising supply voltage		1.88	1.93	1.98	V
t _{PD,SVSH, AM}	SVS _H propagation delay, active mode	dV _{CC} /dt = 10 mV/μs		10		μs
t _{PD,SVSH, LPM}	SVS _H propagation delay, low power modes	dV _{CC} /dt = 1 mV/μs		30		μs
I _{SVSL}	SVS _L current consumption			0.3	0.5	μA

Wake-Up from Low Power Modes

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} T _A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{WAKE-UP LPM0}	Wake-up time from LPM0 to active mode ⁽¹⁾		2 V, 3 V -40°C to 85°C	0.58		1	μs
t _{WAKE-UP LPM12}	Wake-up time from LPM1, LPM2 to active mode ⁽¹⁾		2 V, 3 V -40°C to 85°C	12		25	μs
t _{WAKE-UP LPM34}	Wake-up time from LPM3 or LPM4 to active mode ⁽¹⁾		2 V, 3 V -40°C to 85°C	78		120	μs
t _{WAKE-UP LPMx.5}	Wake-up time from LPM3.5 or LPM4.5 to active mode ⁽¹⁾		2 V, 3 V 0°C to 85°C	310		575	μs
			2 V, 3 V -40°C to 85°C	310		1100	μs
t _{WAKE-UP RESET}	Wake-up time from $\overline{\text{RST}}$ to active mode ⁽²⁾	V _{CC} stable	2 V, 3 V -40°C to 85°C	170		210	μs
t _{WAKE-UP BOR}	Wake-up time from BOR or power-up to active mode	dV _{CC} /dt = 2400 V/s	2 V, 3 V -40°C to 85°C	1.6			ms

- (1) The wake-up time is measured from the edge of an external wake-up signal (for example, port interrupt or wake-up event) until the first instruction of the user program is executed.
- (2) The wake-up time is measured from the rising edge of the $\overline{\text{RST}}$ signal until the first instruction of the user program is executed.

Timer_A

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{TA}	Timer_A input clock frequency	Internal: SMCLK, ACLK External: TACLK Duty cycle = 50% ± 10%	2 V, 3 V			8 24 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
t _{TA,cap}	Timer_A capture timing	All capture inputs, Minimum pulse duration required for capture	2 V, 3 V	20			ns

(1) MSP430FR573x devices only

Timer_B

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{TB}	Timer_B input clock frequency	Internal: SMCLK, ACLK External: TBCLK Duty cycle = 50% ± 10%	2 V, 3 V			8 24 ⁽¹⁾	MHz
t _{TB,cap}	Timer_B capture timing	All capture inputs, Minimum pulse duration required for capture	2 V, 3 V	20			ns

(1) MSP430FR573x devices only

eUSCI (UART Mode) Recommended Operating Conditions

PARAMETER		CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{eUSCI}	eUSCI input clock frequency	Internal: SMCLK, ACLK External: UCLK Duty cycle = 50% ± 10%			f _{SYSTEM}		MHz
f _{BITCLK}	BITCLK clock frequency (equals baud rate in MBaud)					5	MHz

eUSCI (UART Mode)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _t	UART receive deglitch time ⁽¹⁾	UCGLITx = 0	2 V, 3 V	5	15	20	ns
		UCGLITx = 1		20	45	60	
		UCGLITx = 2		35	80	120	
		UCGLITx = 3		50	110	180	

(1) Pulses on the UART receive input (UCxRX) shorter than the UART receive deglitch time are suppressed. To ensure that pulses are correctly recognized, their duration should exceed the maximum specification of the deglitch time.

eUSCI (SPI Master Mode) Recommended Operating Conditions

PARAMETER		CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{eUSCI}	eUSCI input clock frequency	Internal: SMCLK, ACLK Duty cycle = 50% ± 10%				f _{SYSTEM}	MHz

eUSCI (SPI Master Mode)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{STE,LEAD}	STE lead time, STE active to clock	UCSTEM = 0, UCMODE _x = 01 or 10	2 V, 3 V	1			UCxCLK cycles
		UCSTEM = 1, UCMODE _x = 01 or 10	2 V, 3 V	1			
t _{STE,LAG}	STE lag time, Last clock to STE inactive	UCSTEM = 0, UCMODE _x = 01 or 10	2 V, 3 V	1			UCxCLK cycles
		UCSTEM = 1, UCMODE _x = 01 or 10	2 V, 3 V	1			
t _{STE,ACC}	STE access time, STE active to SIMO data out	UCSTEM = 0, UCMODE _x = 01 or 10	2 V, 3 V			55	ns
		UCSTEM = 1, UCMODE _x = 01 or 10	2 V, 3 V			35	
t _{STE,DIS}	STE disable time, STE inactive to SIMO high impedance	UCSTEM = 0, UCMODE _x = 01 or 10	2 V, 3 V			40	ns
		UCSTEM = 1, UCMODE _x = 01 or 10	2 V, 3 V			30	
t _{SU,MI}	SOMI input data setup time		2 V	35			ns
			3 V	35			
t _{HD,MI}	SOMI input data hold time		2 V	0			ns
			3 V	0			
t _{VALID,MO}	SIMO output data valid time ⁽²⁾	UCLK edge to SIMO valid, C _L = 20 pF	2 V			30	ns
			3 V			30	
t _{HD,MO}	SIMO output data hold time ⁽³⁾	C _L = 20 pF	2 V	0			ns
			3 V	0			

- (1) $f_{UCxCLK} = 1/2t_{LO/HI}$ with $t_{LO/HI} = \max(t_{VALID,MO(eUSCI)} + t_{SU,SI(Slave)}, t_{SU,MI(eUSCI)} + t_{VALID,SO(Slave)})$.
For the slave's parameters $t_{SU,SI(Slave)}$ and $t_{VALID,SO(Slave)}$ see the SPI parameters of the attached slave.
- (2) Specifies the time to drive the next valid data to the SIMO output after the output changing UCLK clock edge. See the timing diagrams in [Figure 6](#) and [Figure 7](#).
- (3) Specifies how long data on the SIMO output is valid after the output changing UCLK clock edge. Negative values indicate that the data on the SIMO output can become invalid before the output changing clock edge observed on UCLK. See the timing diagrams in [Figure 6](#) and [Figure 7](#).

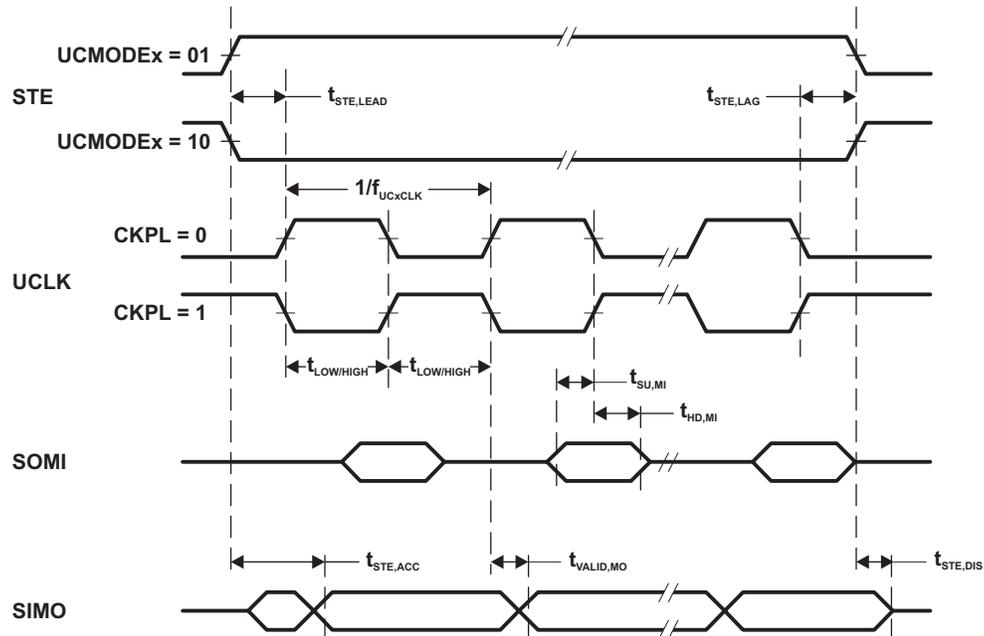


Figure 6. SPI Master Mode, CKPH = 0

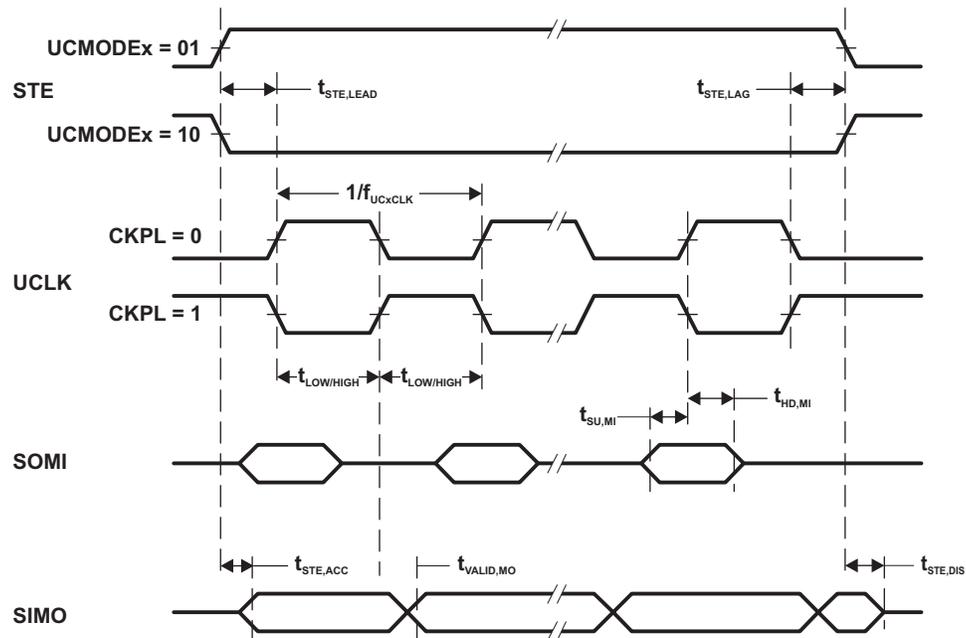


Figure 7. SPI Master Mode, CKPH = 1

eUSCI (SPI Slave Mode)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{STE,LEAD}	STE lead time, STE active to clock		2 V	7			ns
			3 V	7			
t _{STE,LAG}	STE lag time, Last clock to STE inactive		2 V	0			ns
			3 V	0			
t _{STE,ACC}	STE access time, STE active to SOMI data out		2 V			65	ns
			3 V			40	
t _{STE,DIS}	STE disable time, STE inactive to SOMI high impedance		2 V			40	ns
			3 V			35	
t _{SU,SI}	SIMO input data setup time		2 V	2			ns
			3 V	2			
t _{HD,SI}	SIMO input data hold time		2 V	5			ns
			3 V	5			
t _{VALID,SO}	SOMI output data valid time ⁽²⁾	UCLK edge to SOMI valid, C _L = 20 pF	2 V			30	ns
			3 V			30	
t _{HD,SO}	SOMI output data hold time ⁽³⁾	C _L = 20 pF	2 V	4			ns
			3 V	4			

- (1) $f_{UCXCLK} = 1/2t_{LO/HI}$ with $t_{LO/HI} \geq \max(t_{VALID,MO(Master)} + t_{SU,SI(eUSCI)}, t_{SU,MI(Master)} + t_{VALID,SO(eUSCI)})$.
For the master's parameters $t_{SU,MI(Master)}$ and $t_{VALID,MO(Master)}$ see the SPI parameters of the attached slave.
- (2) Specifies the time to drive the next valid data to the SOMI output after the output changing UCLK clock edge. See the timing diagrams in [Figure 8](#) and [Figure 9](#).
- (3) Specifies how long data on the SOMI output is valid after the output changing UCLK clock edge. See the timing diagrams in [Figure 8](#) and [Figure 9](#).

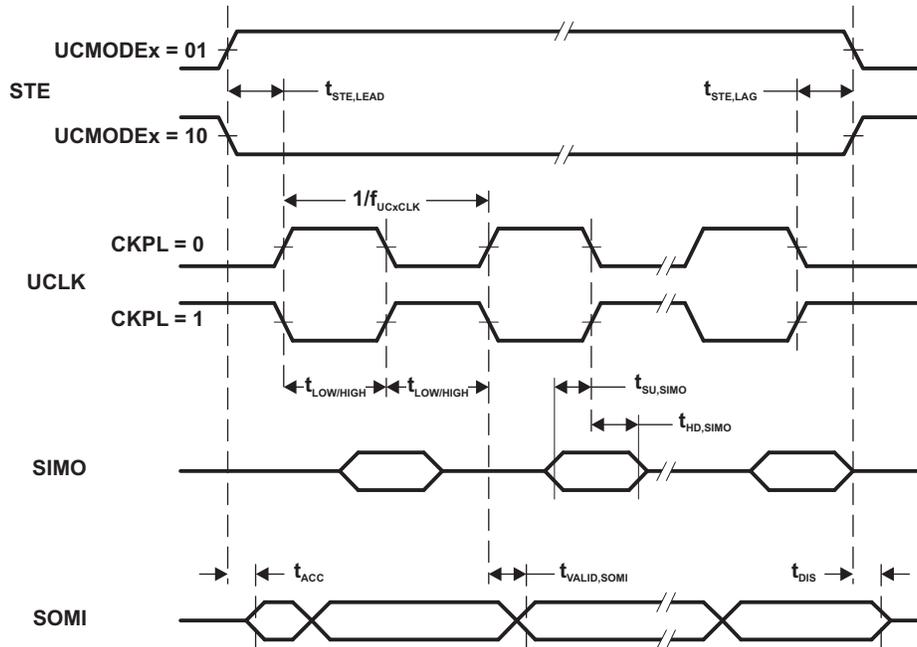


Figure 8. SPI Slave Mode, CKPH = 0

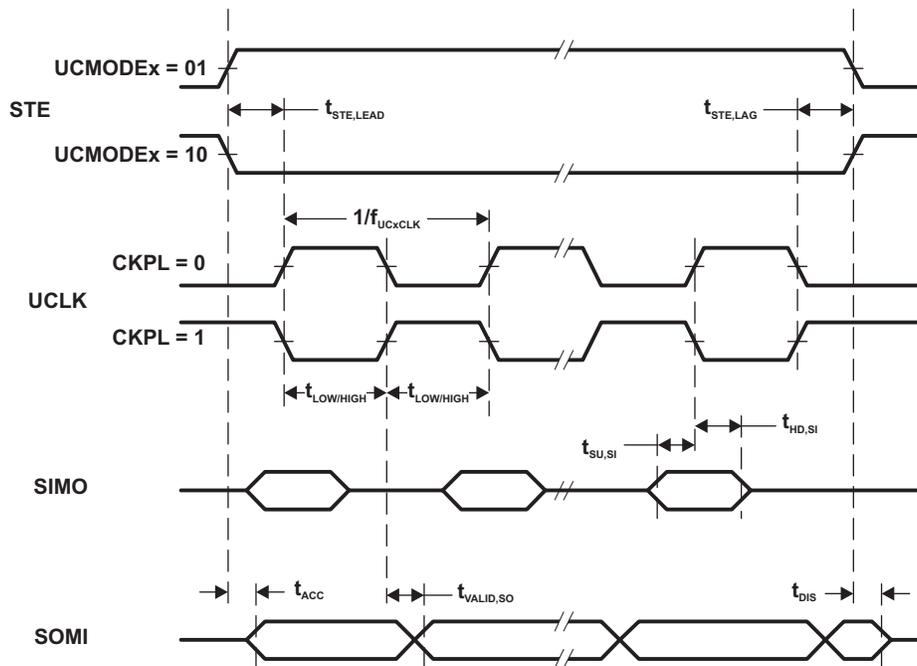


Figure 9. SPI Slave Mode, CKPH = 1

eUSCI (I2C Mode)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see [Figure 10](#))

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
f _{eUSCI}	eUSCI input clock frequency Internal: SMCLK, ACLK External: UCLK Duty cycle = 50% ± 10%			f _{SYSTEM}		MHz	
f _{SCL}	SCL clock frequency	2 V, 3 V	0		400	kHz	
t _{HD,STA}	Hold time (repeated) START	2 V, 3 V	f _{SCL} = 100 kHz		4.0	μs	
			f _{SCL} > 100 kHz		0.6		
t _{SU,STA}	Setup time for a repeated START	2 V, 3 V	f _{SCL} = 100 kHz		4.7	μs	
			f _{SCL} > 100 kHz		0.6		
t _{HD,DAT}	Data hold time	2 V, 3 V			0	ns	
t _{SU,DAT}	Data setup time	2 V, 3 V			250	ns	
t _{SU,STO}	Setup time for STOP	2 V, 3 V	f _{SCL} = 100 kHz		4.0	μs	
			f _{SCL} > 100 kHz		0.6		
t _{SP}	Pulse duration of spikes suppressed by input filter	2 V, 3 V	UCGLITx = 0		50	600	ns
			UCGLITx = 1		25	300	ns
			UCGLITx = 2		12.5	150	ns
			UCGLITx = 3		6.25	75	ns
t _{TIMEOUT}	Clock low timeout	2 V, 3 V	UCCLTOx = 1		27	ms	
			UCCLTOx = 2		30	ms	
			UCCLTOx = 3		33	ms	

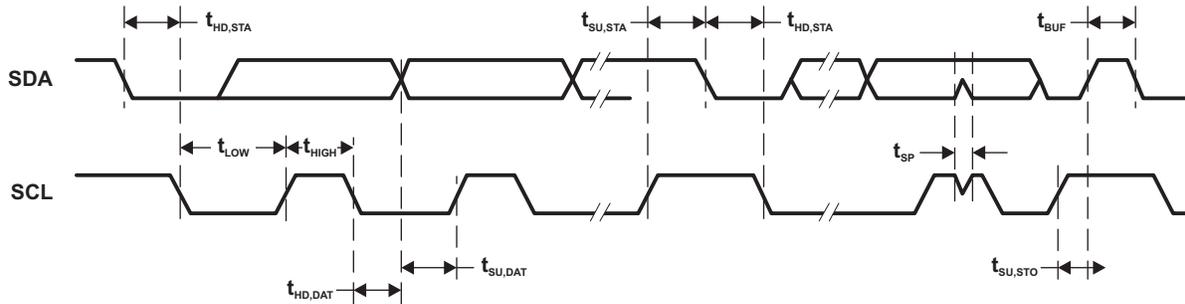


Figure 10. I2C Mode Timing

10-Bit ADC, Power Supply and Input Range Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
AV _{CC}	Analog supply voltage	AV _{CC} and DV _{CC} are connected together, AV _{SS} and DV _{SS} are connected together, V _(AVSS) = V _(DVSS) = 0 V		2.0		3.6	V
V _(Ax)	Analog input voltage range	All ADC10 pins		0		AV _{CC}	V
I _{ADC10_A}	Operating supply current into AV _{CC} terminal, reference current not included	f _{ADC10CLK} = 5 MHz, ADC10ON = 1, REFON = 0, SHT0 = 0, SHT1 = 0, ADC10DIV = 0	2 V		90	140	μA
			3 V		100	160	
C _I	Input capacitance	Only one terminal Ax can be selected at one time from the pad to the ADC10_A capacitor array including wiring and pad	2.2 V		6	8	pF
R _I	Input MUX ON resistance	AV _{CC} ≥ 2 V, 0 V ≤ V _{Ax} ≤ AV _{CC}				36	kΩ

10-Bit ADC, Timing Parameters

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{ADC10CLK}		For specified performance of ADC10 linearity parameters	2 V to 3.6 V	0.45	5	5.5	MHz
f _{ADC10OSC}	Internal ADC10 oscillator (MODOSC)	ADC10DIV = 0, f _{ADC10CLK} = f _{ADC10OSC}	2 V to 3.6 V	4.5	4.5	5.5	MHz
t _{CONVERT}	Conversion time	REFON = 0, Internal oscillator, 12 ADC10CLK cycles, 10-bit mode, f _{ADC10OSC} = 4.5 MHz to 5.5 MHz	2 V to 3.6 V	2.18		2.67	μs
		External f _{ADC10CLK} from ACLK, MCLK, or SMCLK, ADC10SSEL ≠ 0	2 V to 3.6 V		(1)		
t _{ADC10ON}	Turn on settling time of the ADC	The error in a conversion started after t _{ADC10ON} is less than ±0.5 LSB, Reference and input signal already settled				100	ns
t _{Sample}	Sampling time	R _S = 1000 Ω, R _I = 36000 Ω, C _I = 3.5 pF, Approximately eight Tau (τ) are required to get an error of less than ±0.5 LSB	2 V	1.5			μs
			3 V	2.0			

 (1) 12 × ADC10DIV × 1/f_{ADC10CLK}

10-Bit ADC, Linearity Parameters

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
E _I	Integral linearity error	1.4 V ≤ (V _{eREF+} - V _{REF-/V_{eREF-}})min ≤ 1.6 V	2 V to 3.6 V	-1.4		1.4	LSB
		1.6 V < (V _{eREF+} - V _{REF-/V_{eREF-}})min ≤ V _{AVCC}		-1.1		1.1	
E _D	Differential linearity error	(V _{eREF+} - V _{REF-/V_{eREF-}})min ≤ (V _{eREF+} - V _{REF-/V_{eREF-}})	2 V to 3.6 V	-1		1	LSB
E _O	Offset error	(V _{eREF+} - V _{REF-/V_{eREF-}})min ≤ (V _{eREF+} - V _{REF-/V_{eREF-}})	2 V to 3.6 V	-6.5		6.5	mV
E _G	Gain error, external reference	(V _{eREF+} - V _{REF-/V_{eREF-}})min ≤ (V _{eREF+} - V _{REF-/V_{eREF-}})	2 V to 3.6 V	-1.2		1.2	LSB
	Gain error, internal reference ⁽¹⁾			-4		4	%
E _T	Total unadjusted error, external reference	(V _{eREF+} - V _{REF-/V_{eREF-}})min ≤ (V _{eREF+} - V _{REF-/V_{eREF-}})	2 V to 3.6 V	-2		2	LSB
	Total unadjusted error, internal reference ⁽¹⁾			-4		4	%

(1) Error is dominated by the internal reference.

REF, External Reference

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{eREF+}	Positive external reference voltage input	V _{eREF+} > V _{eREF-} ⁽²⁾		1.4		AV _{CC}	V
V _{eREF-}	Negative external reference voltage input	V _{eREF+} > V _{eREF-} ⁽³⁾		0		1.2	V
(V _{eREF+} – V _{eREF-})	Differential external reference voltage input	V _{eREF+} > V _{eREF-} ⁽⁴⁾		1.4		AV _{CC}	V
I _{VeREF+} , I _{VeREF-}	Static input current	1.4 V ≤ V _{eREF+} ≤ V _{AVCC} , V _{eREF-} = 0 V, f _{ADC10CLK} = 5 MHz, ADC10SHTx = 1h, Conversion rate 200 ksp/s	2.2 V, 3 V	-6		6	μA
		1.4 V ≤ V _{eREF+} ≤ V _{AVCC} , V _{eREF-} = 0 V, f _{ADC10CLK} = 5 MHz, ADC10SHTx = 8h, Conversion rate 20 ksp/s	2.2 V, 3 V	-1		1	μA
C _{VREF+} , C _{VREF-}	Capacitance at VREF+ or VREF- terminal ⁽⁵⁾			10			μF

- (1) The external reference is used during ADC conversion to charge and discharge the capacitance array. The input capacitance, C_i, is also the dynamic load for an external reference during conversion. The dynamic impedance of the reference supply should follow the recommendations on analog-source impedance to allow the charge to settle for 10-bit accuracy.
- (2) The accuracy limits the minimum positive external reference voltage. Lower reference voltage levels may be applied with reduced accuracy requirements.
- (3) The accuracy limits the maximum negative external reference voltage. Higher reference voltage levels may be applied with reduced accuracy requirements.
- (4) The accuracy limits minimum external differential reference voltage. Lower differential reference voltage levels may be applied with reduced accuracy requirements.
- (5) Two decoupling capacitors, 10 μF and 100 nF, should be connected to VREF to decouple the dynamic current required for an external reference source if it is used for the ADC10_B. Also see the *MSP430FR57xx Family User's Guide (SLAU272)*.

REF, Built-In Reference

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{REF+}	Positive built-in reference voltage output	REFVSEL = {2} for 2.5 V, REFON = 1	3 V	2.4	2.5	2.6	V
		REFVSEL = {1} for 2 V, REFON = 1	3 V	1.92	2.0	2.08	
		REFVSEL = {0} for 1.5 V, REFON = 1	3 V	1.44	1.5	1.56	
AV _{CC(min)}	AV _{CC} minimum voltage, Positive built-in reference active	REFVSEL = {0} for 1.5 V		2.0			V
		REFVSEL = {1} for 2 V		2.2			
		REFVSEL = {2} for 2.5 V		2.7			
I _{REF+}	Operating supply current into AV _{CC} terminal ⁽¹⁾	f _{ADC10CLK} = 5 MHz, REFON = 1, REFBURST = 0	3 V		33	45	μA
T _{REF+}	Temperature coefficient of built-in reference	REFVSEL = (0, 1, 2), REFON = 1			±35		ppm/°C
PSRR _{DC}	Power supply rejection ratio (DC)	AV _{CC} = AV _{CC(min)} - AV _{CC(max)} , T _A = 25°C, REFON = 1, REFVSEL = {0} for 1.5 V			1600		μV/V
		AV _{CC} = AV _{CC(min)} - AV _{CC(max)} , T _A = 25°C, REFON = 1, REFVSEL = {1} for 2 V			1900		
		AV _{CC} = AV _{CC(min)} - AV _{CC(max)} , T _A = 25°C, REFON = 1, REFVSEL = {2} for 2.5 V			3600		
t _{SETTLE}	Settling time of reference voltage ⁽²⁾	AV _{CC} = AV _{CC(min)} - AV _{CC(max)} , REFVSEL = (0, 1, 2), REFON = 0 → 1			30		μs

- (1) The internal reference current is supplied by terminal AV_{CC}. Consumption is independent of the ADC10ON control bit, unless a conversion is active. The REFON bit enables to settle the built-in reference before starting an A/D conversion.
- (2) The condition is that the error in a conversion started after t_{REFON} is less than ±0.5 LSB.

REF, Temperature Sensor and Built-In V_{MID}

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V_{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{SENSOR}	See ⁽¹⁾	ADC10ON = 1, INCH = 0Ah, $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$	2 V, 3 V		790		mV
TC_{SENSOR}		ADC10ON = 1, INCH = 0Ah	2 V, 3 V		2.55		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$t_{SENSOR(sample)}$	Sample time required if channel 10 is selected ⁽²⁾	ADC10ON = 1, INCH = 0Ah, Error of conversion result ≤ 1 LSB	2 V	30			μs
			3 V	30			
V_{MID}	AV_{CC} divider at channel 11	ADC10ON = 1, INCH = 0Bh, V_{MID} is $\sim 0.5 \times V_{AVCC}$	2 V	0.97	1.0	1.03	V
			3 V	1.46	1.5	1.54	
$t_{VMID(sample)}$	Sample time required if channel 11 is selected ⁽³⁾	ADC10ON = 1, INCH = 0Bh, Error of conversion result ≤ 1 LSB	2 V, 3 V	1000			ns

- (1) The temperature sensor offset can vary significantly. A single-point calibration is recommended to minimize the offset error of the built-in temperature sensor.
- (2) The typical equivalent impedance of the sensor is 51 k Ω . The sample time required includes the sensor-on time $t_{SENSOR(on)}$.
- (3) The on-time $t_{VMID(on)}$ is included in the sampling time $t_{VMID(sample)}$; no additional on time is needed.

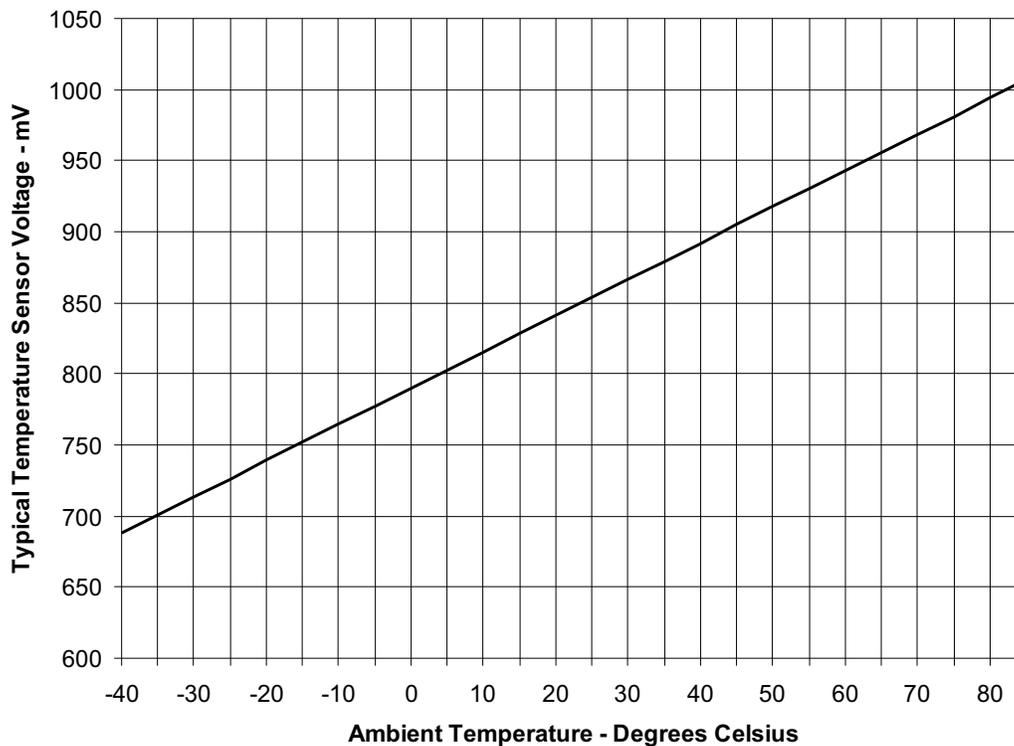


Figure 11. Typical Temperature Sensor Voltage

Comparator_D

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{pd} Propagation delay, AVCC = 2 V to 3.6 V	Overdrive = 10 mV, VIN- = (VIN+ – 400 mV) to (VIN+ + 10 mV)	50	100	200	ns
	Overdrive = 100 mV, VIN- = (VIN+ – 400 mV) to (VIN+ + 100 mV)		80		ns
	Overdrive = 250 mV, (VIN+ – 400 mV) to (VIN+ + 250 mV)		50		ns
t_{filter} Filter timer added to the propagation delay of the comparator	CDF = 1, CDFDLY = 00	0.3	0.5	0.9	μ s
	CDF = 1, CDFDLY = 01	0.5	0.9	1.5	μ s
	CDF = 1, CDFDLY = 10	0.9	1.6	2.8	μ s
	CDF = 1, CDFDLY = 11	1.6	3.0	5.5	μ s
V_{offset} Input offset	AVCC = 2 V to 3.6 V	-20		20	mV
V_{ic} Common mode input range	AVCC = 2 V to 3.6 V	0		AVCC - 1	V
$I_{comp(AVCC)}$ Comparator only	CDON = 1, AVCC = 2 V to 3.6 V		29	34	μ A
$I_{ref(AVCC)}$ Reference buffer and R- ladder	CDREFLx = 01, AVCC = 2 V to 3.6 V		20	24	μ A
$t_{enable,comp}$ Comparator enable time	CDON = 0 to CDON = 1, AVCC = 2 V to 3.6 V		1.1	2.0	μ s
$t_{enable,rladder}$ Resistor ladder enable time	CDON = 0 to CDON = 1, AVCC = 2 V to 3.6 V		1.1	2.0	μ s
V_{CB_REF} Reference voltage for a tap	VIN = voltage input to the R-ladder, n = 0 to 31	$\frac{VIN \times (n + 0.5)}{32}$	$\frac{VIN \times (n + 1)}{32}$	$\frac{VIN \times (n + 1.5)}{32}$	V

FRAM

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$DV_{CC(WRITE)}$ Write supply voltage		2.0		3.6	V
t_{WRITE} Word or byte write time				120	ns
t_{ACCESS} Read access time ⁽¹⁾				60	ns
$t_{PRECHARGE}$ Precharge time ⁽¹⁾				60	ns
t_{CYCLE} Cycle time, read or write operation ⁽¹⁾		120			ns
$t_{Retention}$ Data retention duration	Read and write endurance		10^{15}		cycles
	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	100			years
	$T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$	40			
$T_J = 85^\circ\text{C}$	10				

(1) When using manual wait state control, see the *MSP430FR57xx Family User's Guide (SLAU272)* for recommended settings for common system frequencies.

JTAG and Spy-Bi-Wire Interface

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{SBW}	Spy-Bi-Wire input frequency	2 V, 3 V	0		20	MHz
t _{SBW,Low}	Spy-Bi-Wire low clock pulse duration	2 V, 3 V	0.025		15	μs
t _{SBW,En}	Spy-Bi-Wire enable time (TEST high to acceptance of first clock edge) ⁽¹⁾	2 V, 3 V			1	μs
t _{SBW,Rst}	Spy-Bi-Wire return to normal operation time		19		35	μs
f _{TCK}	TCK input frequency, 4-wire JTAG ⁽²⁾	2 V	0		5	MHz
		3 V	0		10	MHz
R _{internal}	Internal pulldown resistance on TEST	2 V, 3 V	20	35	50	kΩ

- (1) Tools accessing the Spy-Bi-Wire interface must wait for the t_{SBW,En} time after pulling the TEST/SBWTCK pin high before applying the first SBWTCK clock edge.
- (2) f_{TCK} may be restricted to meet the timing requirements of the module selected.

INPUT/OUTPUT SCHEMATICS

Port P1, P1.0 to P1.2, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

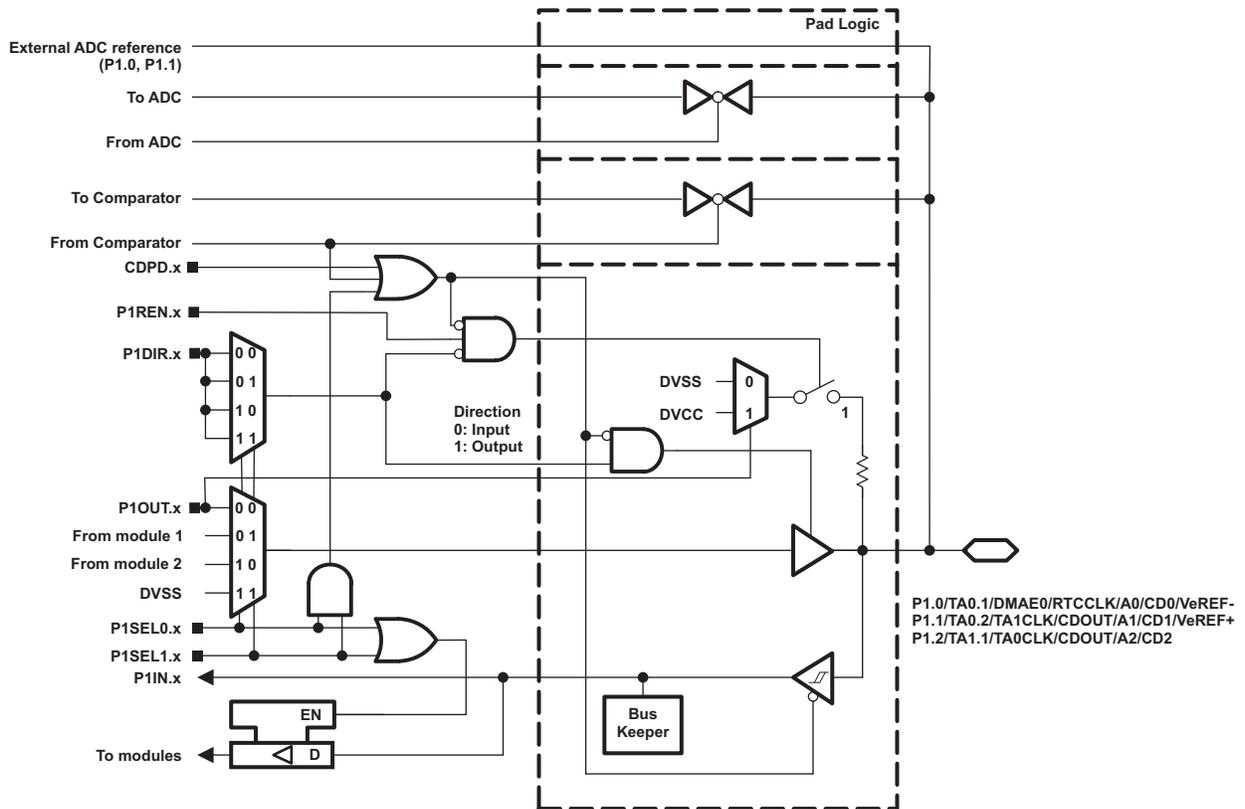


Table 43. Port P1 (P1.0 to P1.2) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P1.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/SIGNALS		
			P1DIR.x	P1SEL1.x	P1SEL0.x
P1.0/TA0.1/DMAE0/RTCCLK/A0/CD0/VeREF-	0	P1.0 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TA0.CCI1A	0	0	1
		TA0.1	1		
		DMAE0	0	1	0
		RTCCLK	1		
		A0 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ CD0 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽³⁾ VeREF- ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾	X	1	1
P1.1/TA0.2/TA1CLK/CDOUT/A1/CD1/VeREF+	1	P1.1 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TA0.CCI2A	0	0	1
		TA0.2	1		
		TA1CLK	0	1	0
		CDOUT	1		
		A1 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ CD1 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽³⁾ VeREF+ ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾	X	1	1
P1.2/TA1.1/TA0CLK/CDOUT/A2/CD2	2	P1.2 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TA1.CCI1A	0	0	1
		TA1.1	1		
		TA0CLK	0	1	0
		CDOUT	1		
		A2 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ CD2 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽³⁾	X	1	1

- (1) Setting P1SEL1.x and P1SEL0.x disables the output driver as well as the input Schmitt trigger to prevent parasitic cross currents when applying analog signals.
- (2) Not available on all devices and package types.
- (3) Setting the CDPD.x bit of the comparator disables the output driver as well as the input Schmitt trigger to prevent parasitic cross currents when applying analog signals. Selecting the CDx input pin to the comparator multiplexer with the CDx bits automatically disables output driver and input buffer for that pin, regardless of the state of the associated CDPD.x bit.

Table 44. Port P1 (P1.3 to P1.5) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P1.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/SIGNALS		
			P1DIR.x	P1SEL1.x	P1SEL0.x
P1.3/TA1.2/UCB0STE/A3/CD3	3	P1.3 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TA1.CCI2A	0	0	1
		TA1.2	1		
		UCB0STE	X ⁽¹⁾	1	0
		A3 ^{(2) (3)} CD3 ^{(2) (4)}	X	1	1
P1.4/TB0.1/UCA0STE/A4/CD4	4	P1.4 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB0.CCI1A	0	0	1
		TB0.1	1		
		UCA0STE	X ⁽⁵⁾	1	0
		A4 ^{(2) (3)} CD4 ^{(2) (4)}	X	1	1
P1.5/TB0.2/UCA0CLK/A5/CD5	5	P1.5 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB0.CCI2A	0	0	1
		TB0.2	1		
		UCA0CLK	X ⁽⁵⁾	1	0
		A5 ^{(2) (3)} CD5 ^{(2) (4)}	X	1	1

- (1) Direction controlled by eUSCI_B0 module.
- (2) Setting P1SEL1.x and P1SEL0.x disables the output driver and the input Schmitt trigger to prevent parasitic cross currents when applying analog signals.
- (3) Not available on all devices and package types.
- (4) Setting the CDPD.x bit of the comparator disables the output driver and the input Schmitt trigger to prevent parasitic cross currents when applying analog signals. Selecting the CDx input pin to the comparator multiplexer with the CDx bits automatically disables output driver and input buffer for that pin, regardless of the state of the associated CDPD.x bit
- (5) Direction controlled by eUSCI_A0 module.

Port P1, P1.6 to P1.7, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

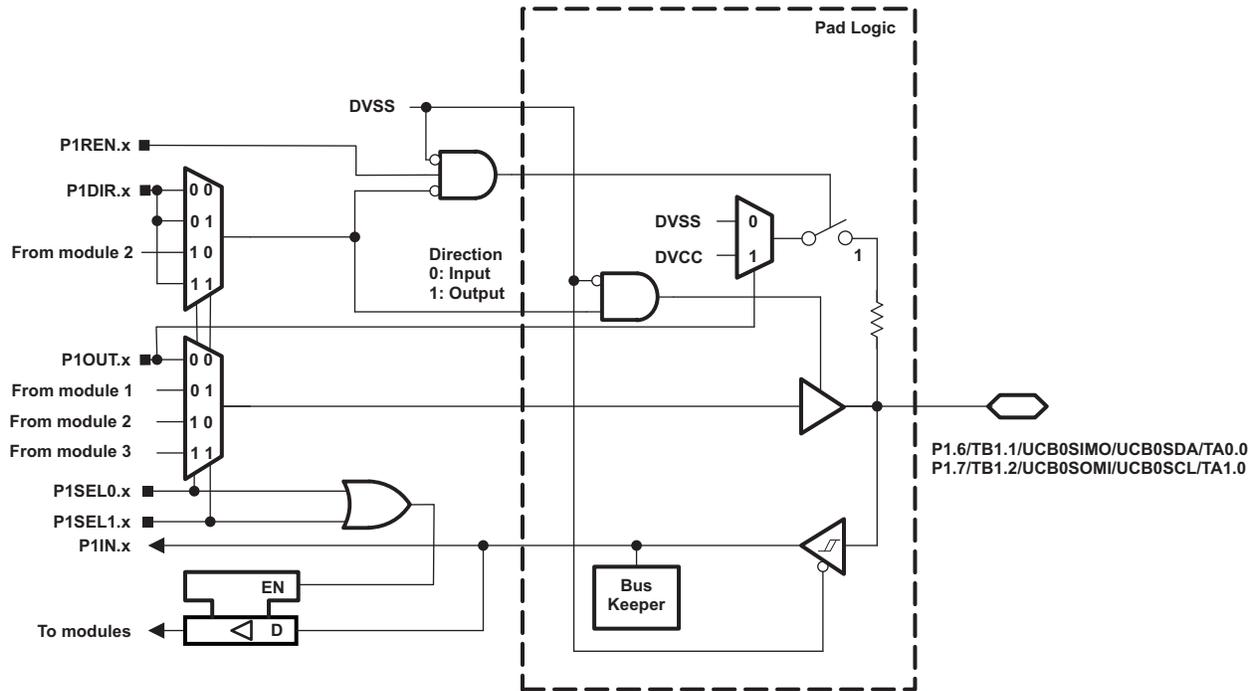


Table 45. Port P1 (P1.6 to P1.7) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P1.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/SIGNALS		
			P1DIR.x	P1SEL1.x	P1SEL0.x
P1.6/TB1.1/UCB0SIMO/UCB0SDA/TA0.0	6	P1.6 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB1.CCI1A ⁽¹⁾	0	0	1
		TB1.1 ⁽¹⁾	1		
		UCB0SIMO/UCB0SDA	X ⁽²⁾	1	0
		TA0.CCI0A	0	1	1
		TA0.0	1		
P1.7/TB1.2/UCB0SOMI/UCB0SCL/TA1.0	7	P1.7 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB1.CCI2A ⁽¹⁾	0	0	1
		TB1.2 ⁽¹⁾	1		
		UCB0SOMI/UCB0SCL	X ⁽³⁾	1	0
		TA1.CCI0A	0	1	1
		TA1.0	1		

(1) Not available on all devices and package types.
 (2) Direction controlled by eUSCI_B0 module.
 (3) Direction controlled by eUSCI_A0 module.

Port P2, P2.0 to P2.2, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

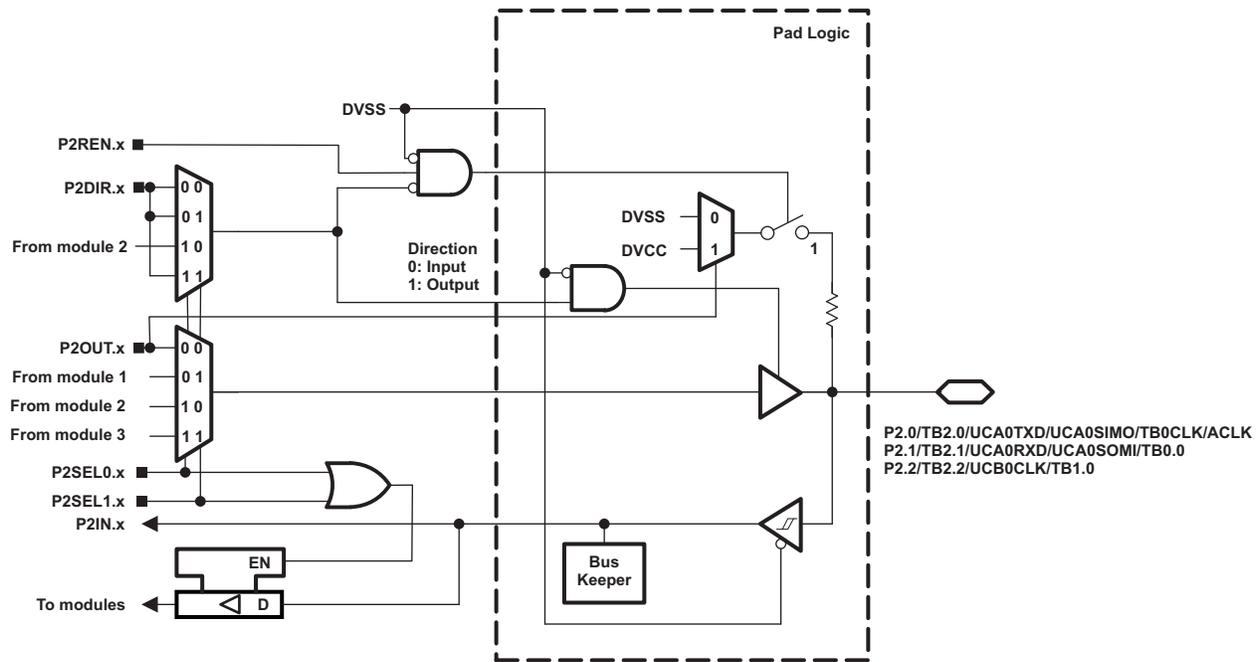


Table 46. Port P2 (P2.0 to P2.2) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P2.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/SIGNALS		
			P2DIR.x	P2SEL1.x	P2SEL0.x
P2.0/TB2.0/UCA0TXD/UCA0SIMO/TB0CLK/ACLK	0	P2.0 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB2.CCI0A ⁽¹⁾	0	0	1
		TB2.0 ⁽¹⁾	1		
		UCA0TXD/UCA0SIMO	X ⁽²⁾	1	0
		TB0CLK	0	1	1
		ACLK	1		
P2.1/TB2.1/UCA0RXD/UCA0SOMI/TB0.0	1	P2.1 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB2.CCI1A ⁽¹⁾	0	0	1
		TB2.1 ⁽¹⁾	1		
		UCA0RXD/UCA0SOMI	X ⁽²⁾	1	0
		TB0.CCI0A	0	1	1
		TB0.0	1		
P2.2/TB2.2/UCB0CLK/TB1.0	2	P2.2 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB2.CCI2A ⁽¹⁾	0	0	1
		TB2.2 ⁽¹⁾	1		
		UCB0CLK	X ⁽³⁾	1	0
		TB1.CCI0A ⁽¹⁾	0	1	1
		TB1.0 ⁽¹⁾	1		

(1) Not available on all devices and package types.
 (2) Direction controlled by eUSCI_A0 module.
 (3) Direction controlled by eUSCI_B0 module.

Port P2, P2.3 to P2.4, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

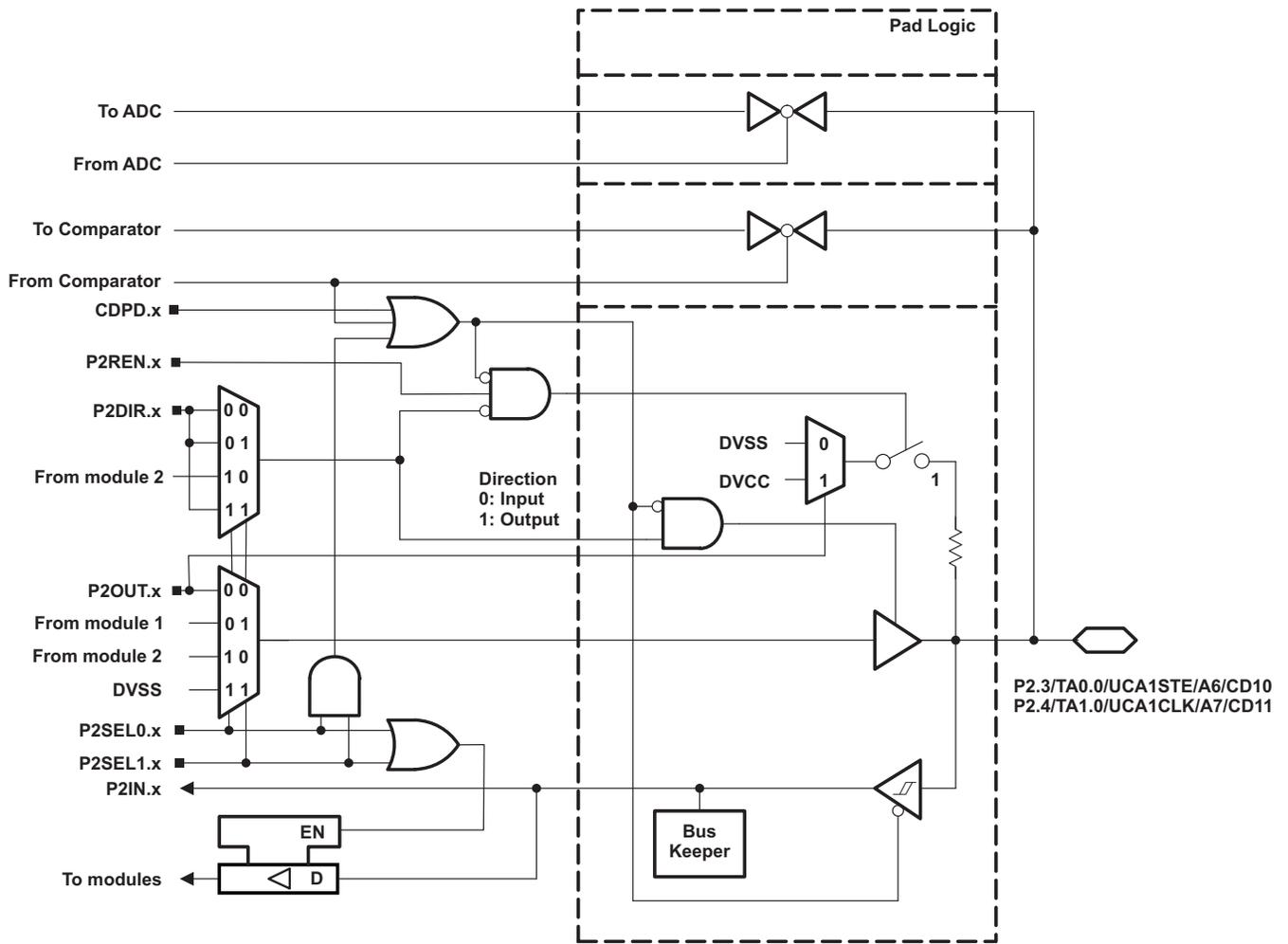


Table 47. Port P2 (P2.3 to P2.4) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P2.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/SIGNALS		
			P2DIR.x	P2SEL1.x	P2SEL0.x
P2.3/TA0.0/UCA1STE/A6/CD10	3	P2.3 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TA0.CCI0B	0	0	1
		TA0.0	1		
		UCA1STE	X ⁽¹⁾	1	0
		A6 ^{(2) (3)} CD10 ^{(2) (4)}	X	1	1
P2.4/TA1.0/UCA1CLK/A7/CD11	4	P2.4 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TA1.CCI0B	0	0	1
		TA1.0	1		
		UCA1CLK	X ⁽¹⁾	1	0
		A7 ^{(2) (3)} CD11 ^{(2) (4)}	X	1	1

- (1) Direction controlled by eUSCI_A1 module.
- (2) Setting P2SEL1.x and P2SEL0.x disables the output driver and the input Schmitt trigger to prevent parasitic cross currents when applying analog signals.
- (3) Not available on all devices and package types.
- (4) Setting the CDPD.x bit of the comparator disables the output driver and the input Schmitt trigger to prevent parasitic cross currents when applying analog signals. Selecting the CDx input pin to the comparator multiplexer with the CDx bits automatically disables output driver and input buffer for that pin, regardless of the state of the associated CDPD.x bit.

Port P2, P2.5 to P2.6, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

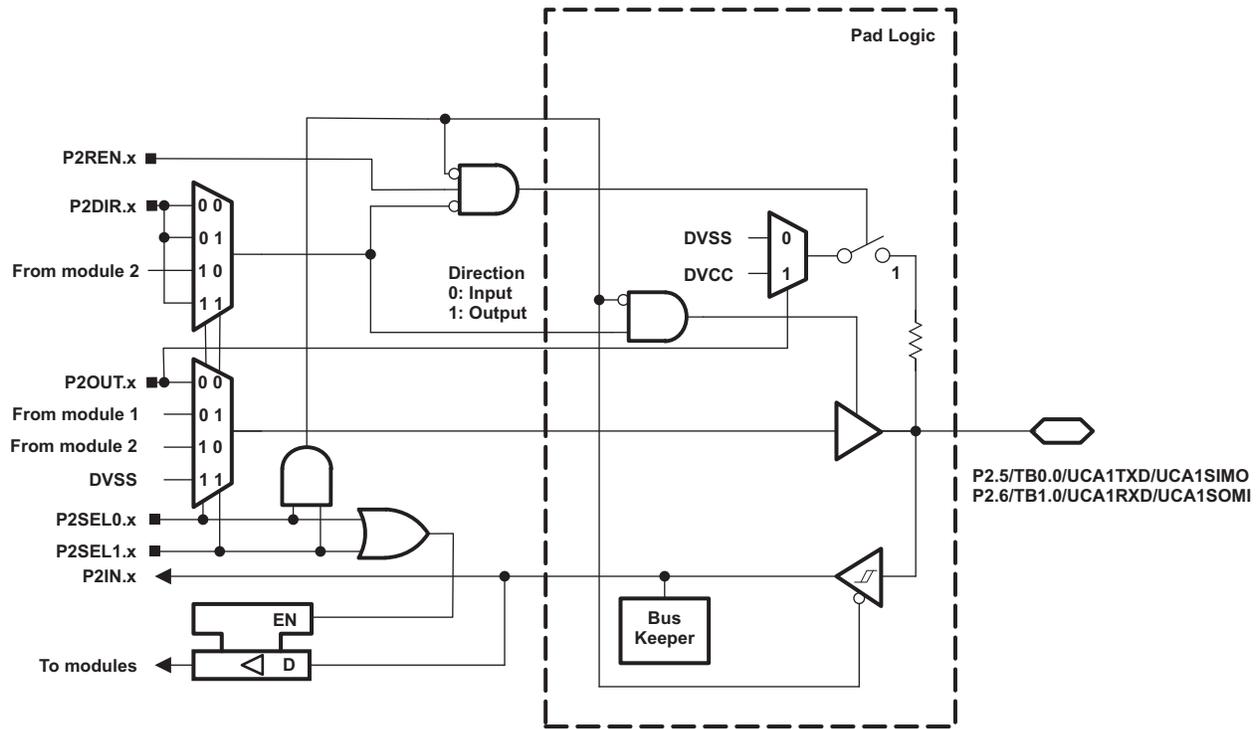


Table 48. Port P2 (P2.5 to P2.6) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P2.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/SIGNALS		
			P2DIR.x	P2SEL1.x	P2SEL0.x
P2.5/TB0.0/UCA1TXD/UCA1SIMO	5	P2.5(I/O) ⁽¹⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB0.CCI0B ⁽¹⁾	0	0	1
		TB0.0 ⁽¹⁾	1		
		UCA1TXD/UCA1SIMO ⁽¹⁾	X ⁽²⁾	1	0
P2.6/TB1.0/UCA1RXD/UCA1SOMI	6	P2.6(I/O) ⁽¹⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB1.CCI0B ⁽¹⁾	0	0	1
		TB1.0 ⁽¹⁾	1		
		UCA1RXD/UCA1SOMI ⁽¹⁾	X ⁽²⁾	1	0

(1) Not available on all devices and package types.

(2) Direction controlled by eUSCI_A1 module.

Port P2, P2.7, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

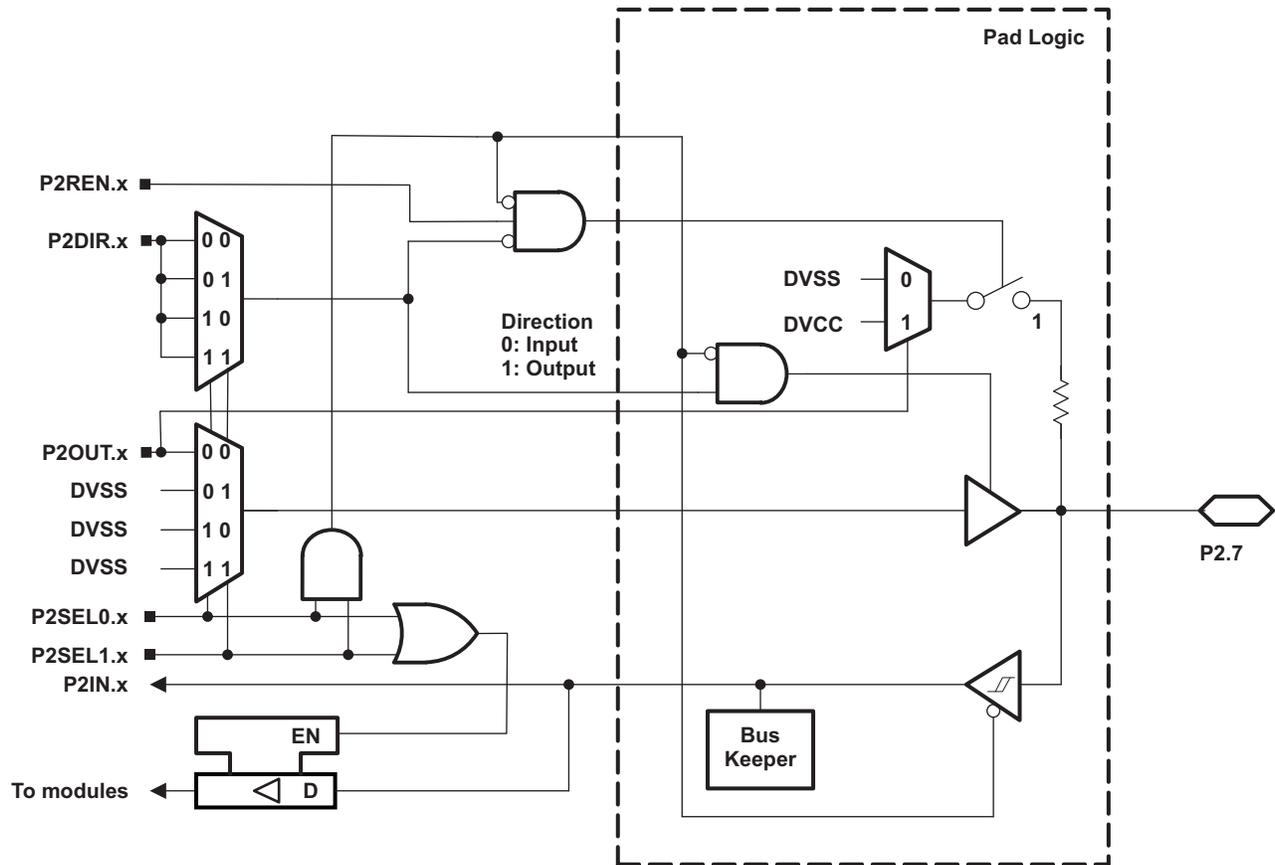


Table 49. Port P2 (P2.7) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P2.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/SIGNALS		
			P2DIR.x	P2SEL1.x	P2SEL0.x
P2.7	7	P2.7(I/O) ⁽¹⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0

(1) Not available on all devices and package types.

Port P3, P3.0 to P3.3, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

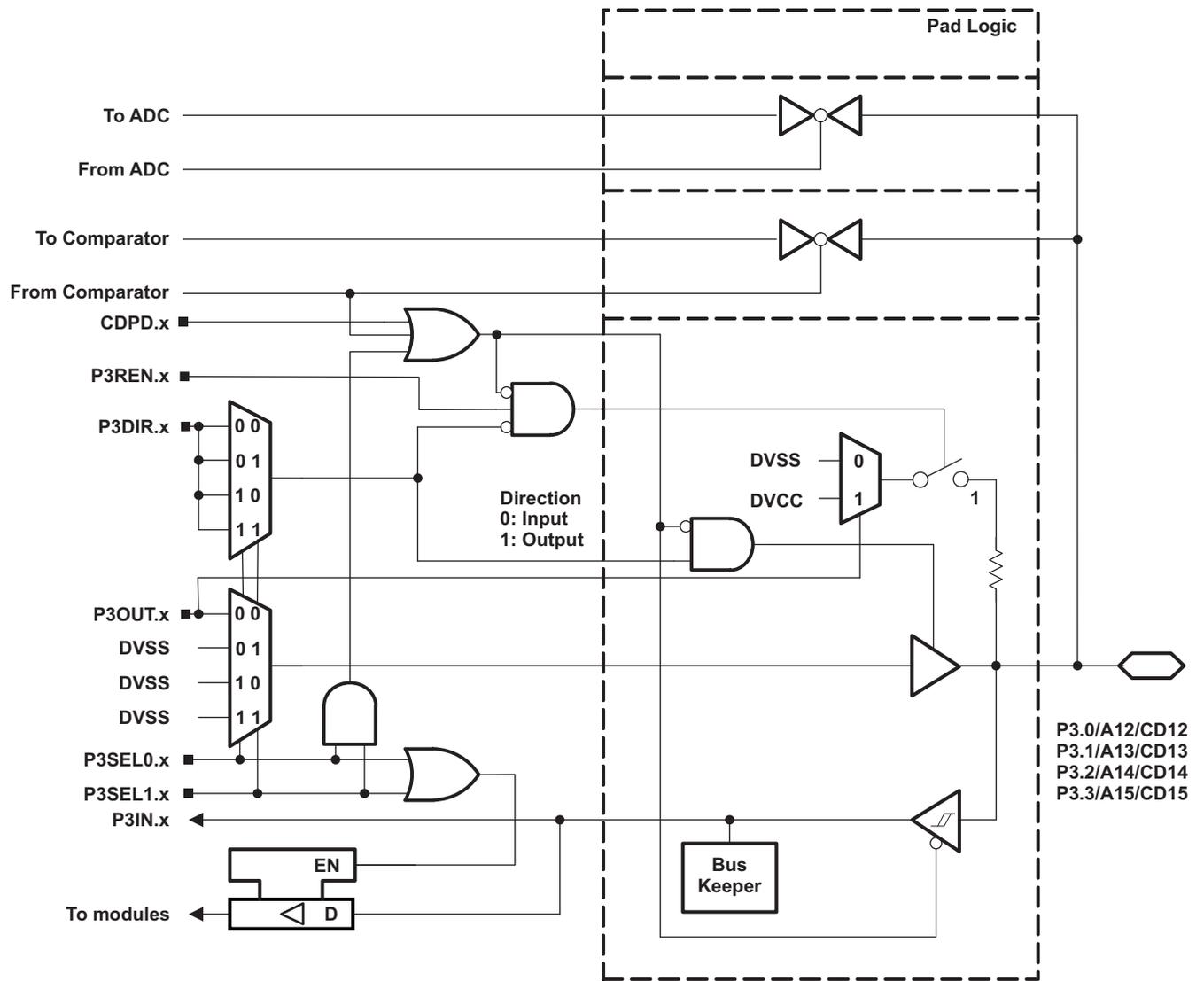


Table 50. Port P3 (P3.0 to P3.3) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P3.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/SIGNALS		
			P3DIR.x	P3SEL1.x	P3SEL0.x
P3.0/A12/CD12	0	P3.0 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		A12 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ CD12 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽³⁾	X	1	1
P3.1/A13/CD13	1	P3.1 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		A13 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ CD13 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽³⁾	X	1	1
P3.2/A14/CD14	2	P3.2 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		A14 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ CD14 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽³⁾	X	1	1
P3.3/A15/CD15	3	P3.3 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		A15 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ CD15 ⁽¹⁾ ⁽³⁾	X	1	1

- (1) Setting P1SEL1.x and P1SEL0.x disables the output driver and the input Schmitt trigger to prevent parasitic cross currents when applying analog signals.
- (2) Not available on all devices and package types.
- (3) Setting the CDPD.x bit of the comparator disables the output driver and the input Schmitt trigger to prevent parasitic cross currents when applying analog signals. Selecting the CDx input pin to the comparator multiplexer with the CDx bits automatically disables output driver and input buffer for that pin, regardless of the state of the associated CDPD.x bit.

Port P3, P3.4 to P3.6, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

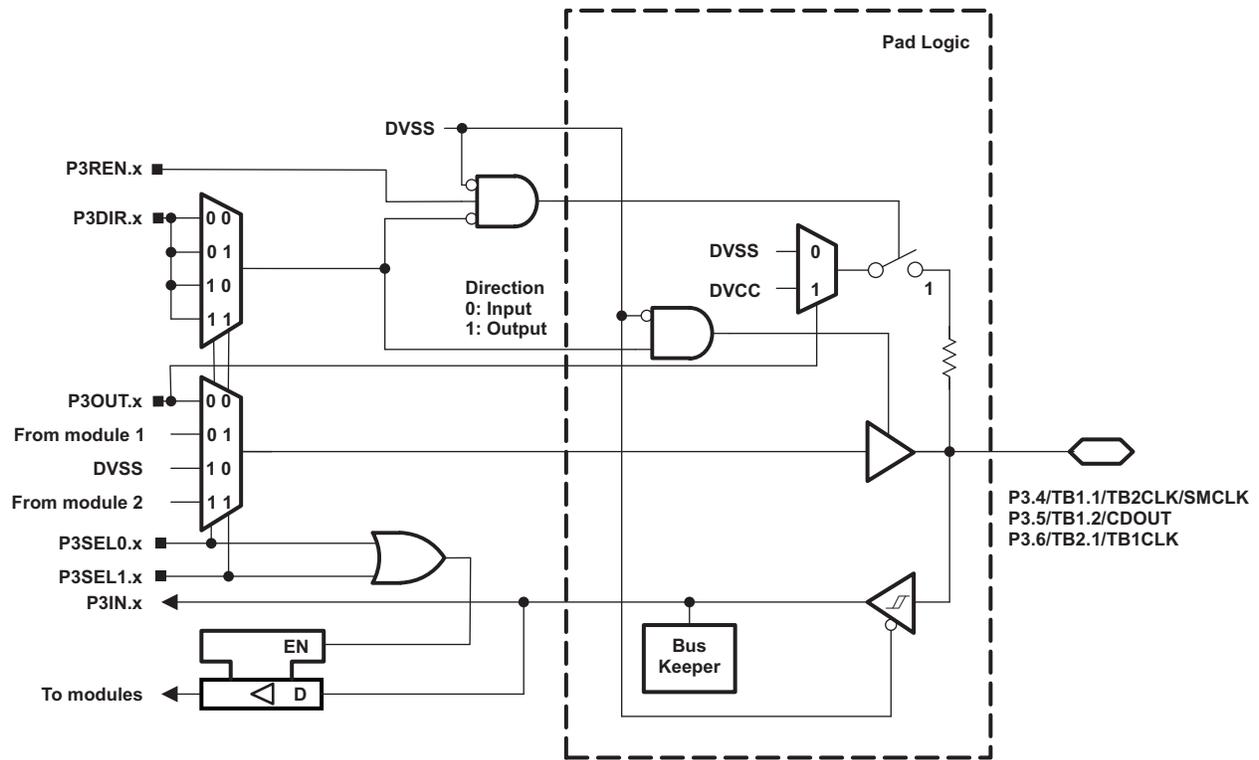


Table 51. Port P3 (P3.4 to P3.6) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P3.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/SIGNALS		
			P3DIR.x	P3SEL1.x	P3SEL0.x
P3.4/TB1.1/TB2CLK/SMCLK	4	P3.4 (I/O) ⁽¹⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB1.CCI1B ⁽¹⁾	0	0	1
		TB1.1 ⁽¹⁾	1	0	1
		TB2CLK ⁽¹⁾	0	1	1
		SMCLK ⁽¹⁾	1	1	1
P3.5/TB1.2/CDOUT	5	P3.5 (I/O) ⁽¹⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB1.CCI2B ⁽¹⁾	0	0	1
		TB1.2 ⁽¹⁾	1	0	1
		CDOUT ⁽¹⁾	1	1	1
P3.6/TB2.1/TB1CLK	6	P3.6 (I/O) ⁽¹⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB2.CCI1B ⁽¹⁾	0	0	1
		TB2.1 ⁽¹⁾	1	0	1
		TB1CLK ⁽¹⁾	0	1	1

(1) Not available on all devices and package types.

Port P3, P3.7, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

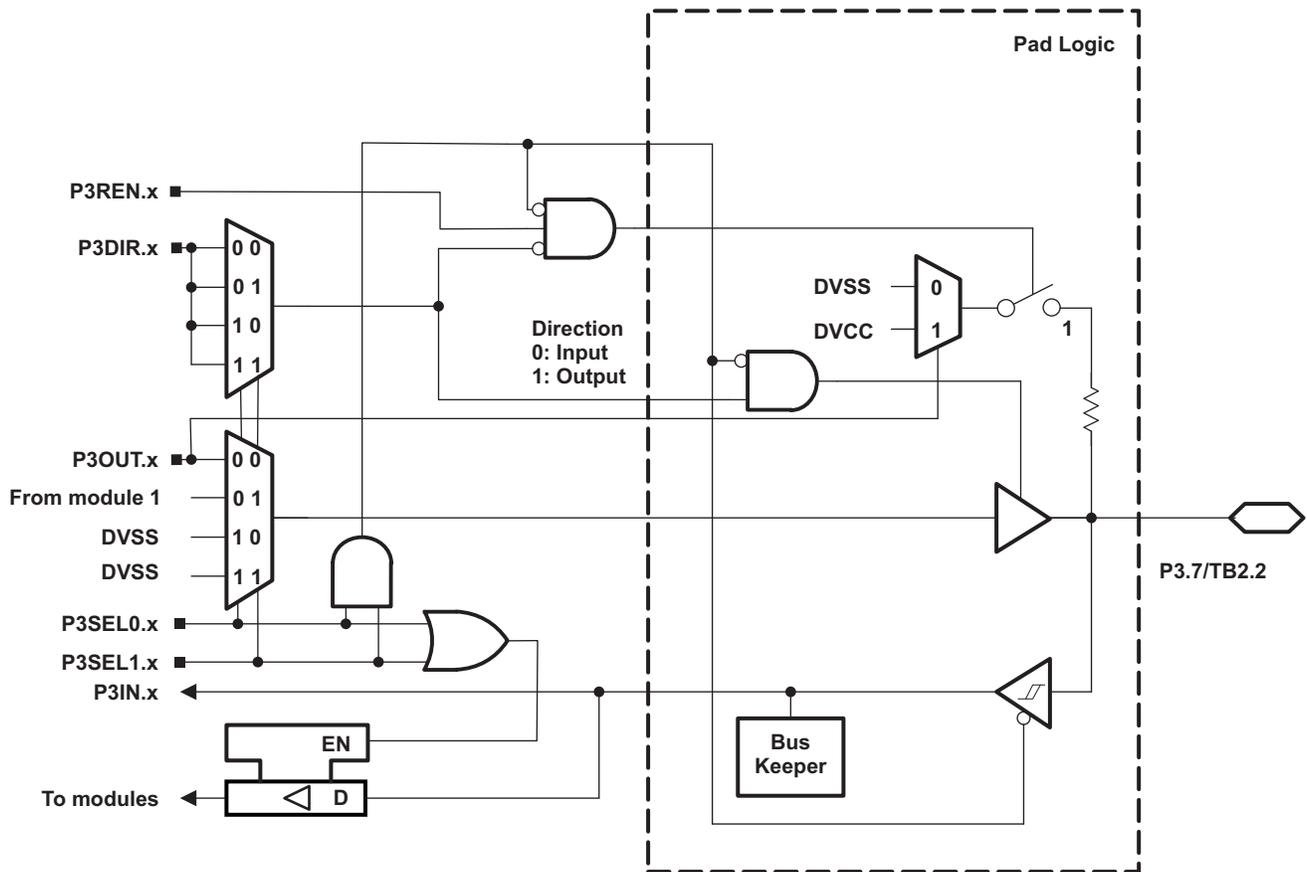


Table 52. Port P3 (P3.7) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P3.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/SIGNALS		
			P3DIR.x	P3SEL1.x	P3SEL0.x
P3.7/TB2.2	7	P3.7 (I/O) ⁽¹⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB2.CCI2B ⁽¹⁾	0	0	1
		TB2.2 ⁽¹⁾	1		

(1) Not available on all devices and package types.

Port P4, P4.0, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

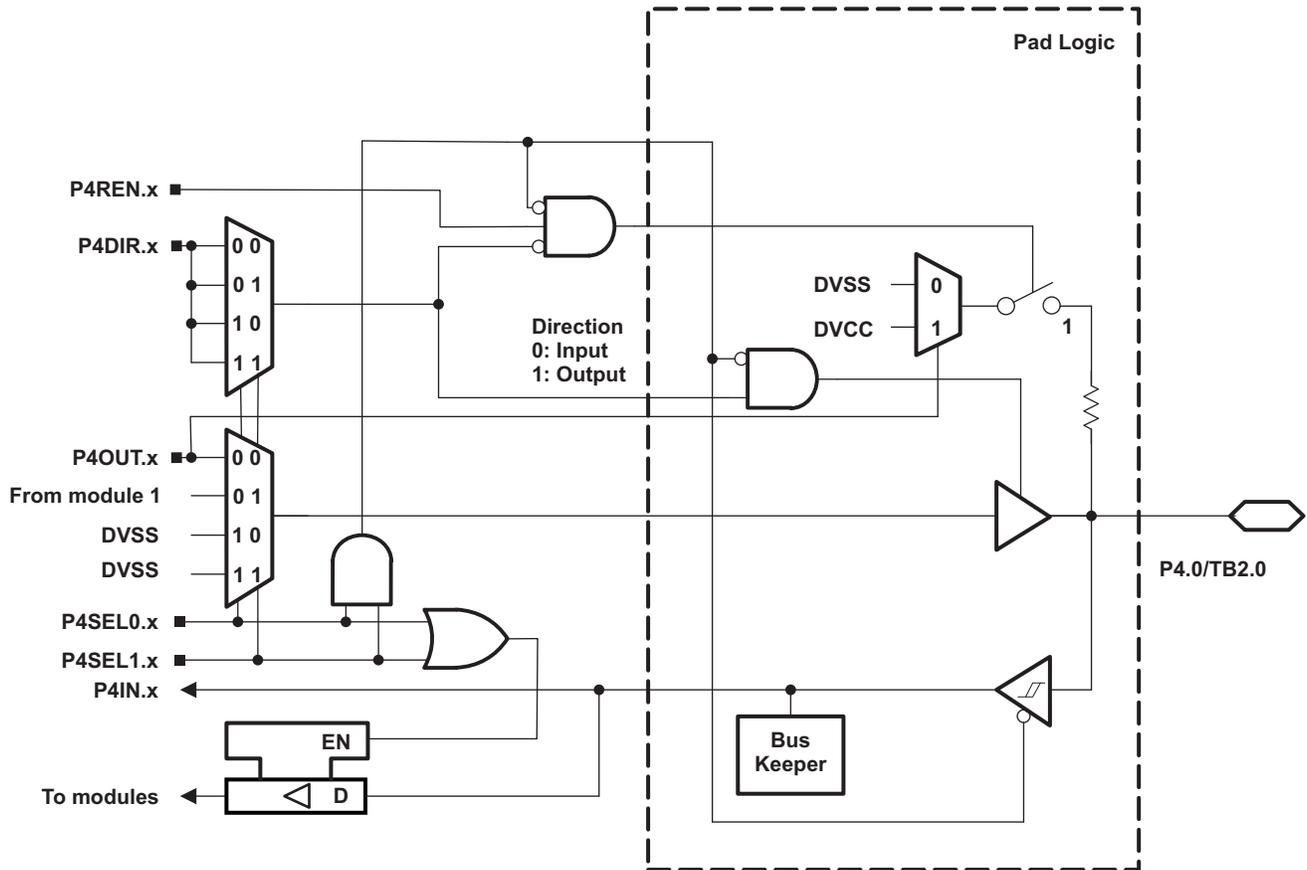


Table 53. Port P4 (P4.0) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P4.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/SIGNALS		
			P4DIR.x	P4SEL1.x	P4SEL0.x
P4.0/TB2.0	0	P4.0 (I/O) ⁽¹⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TB2.CC10B ⁽¹⁾	0	0	1
		TB2.0 ⁽¹⁾	1		

(1) Not available on all devices and package types.

Port P4, P4.1, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger

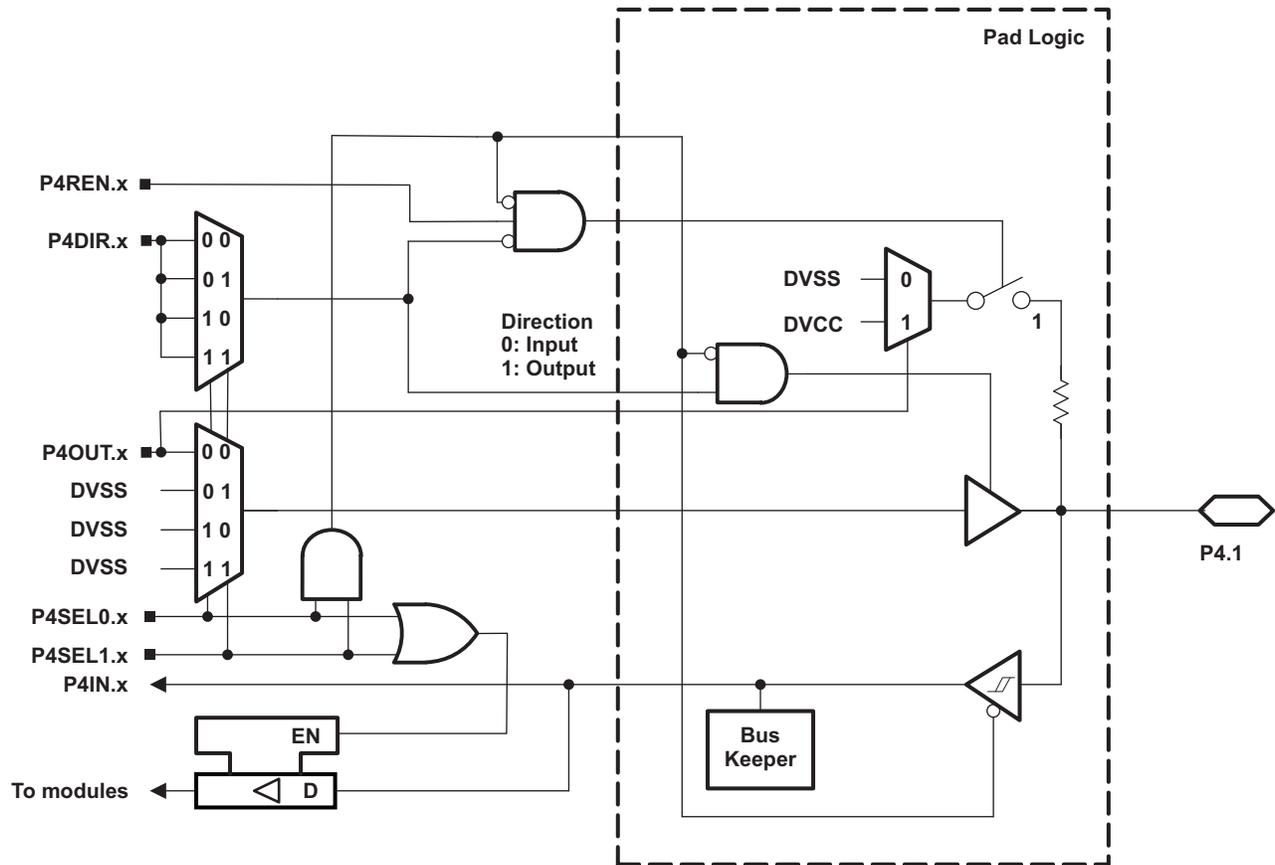


Table 54. Port P4 (P4.1) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P4.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/SIGNALS		
			P4DIR.x	P4SEL1.x	P4SEL0.x
P4.1	1	P4.1 (I/O) ⁽¹⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0

(1) Not available on all devices and package types.

Port J, J.0 to J.3 JTAG pins TDO, TMS, TCK, TDI/TCLK, Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger or Output

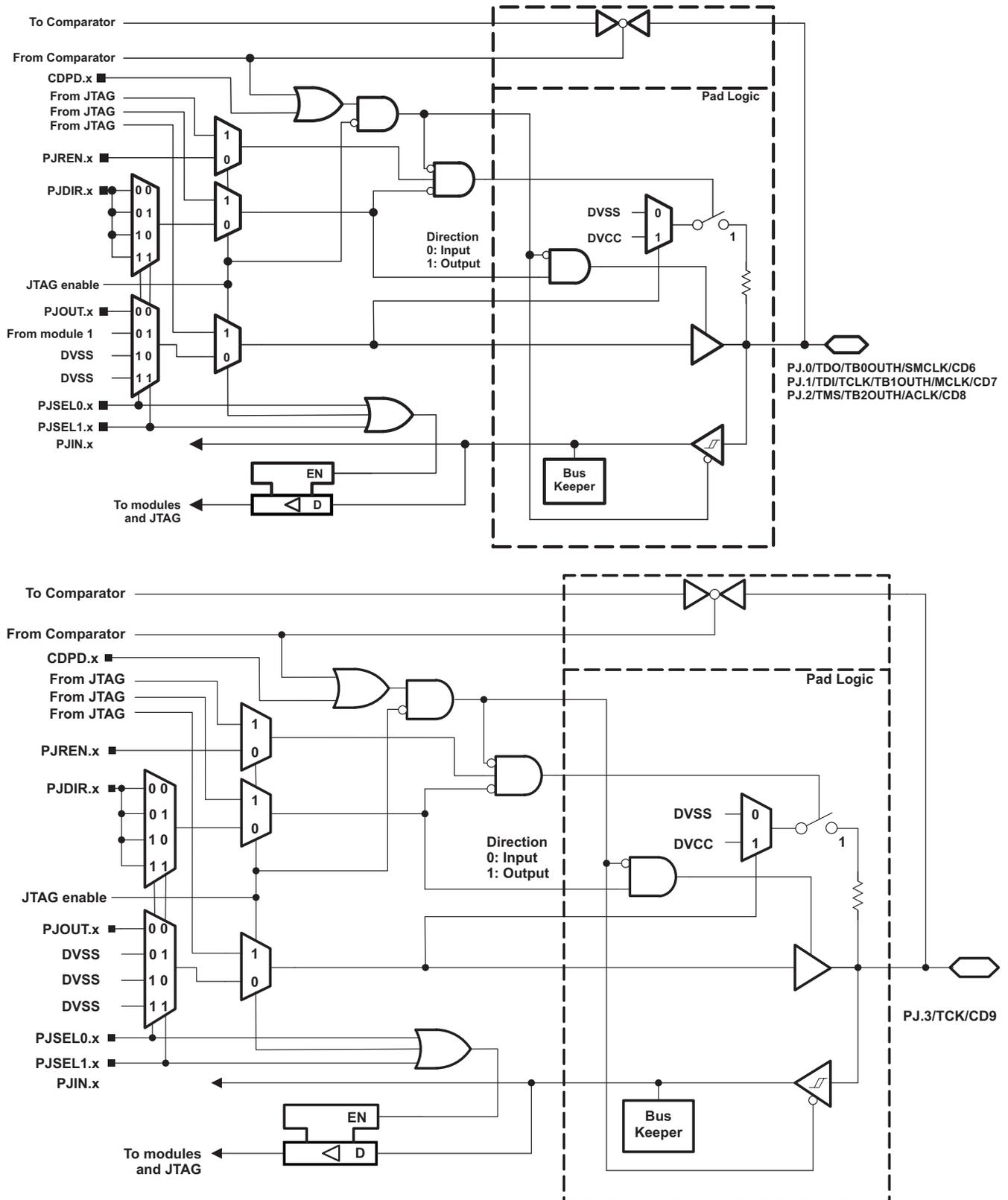


Table 55. Port PJ (PJ.0 to PJ.3) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (PJ.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/ SIGNALS ⁽¹⁾		
			PJDIR.x	PJSEL1.x	PJSEL0.x
PJ.0/TDO/TB0OUTH/SMCLK/CD6	0	PJ.0 (I/O) ⁽²⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TDO ⁽³⁾	X	X	X
		TB0OUTH	0	0	1
		SMCLK	1		
		CD6	X	1	1
PJ.1/TDI/TCLK/TB1OUTH/MCLK/CD7	1	PJ.1 (I/O) ⁽²⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TDI/TCLK ^{(3) (4)}	X	X	X
		TB1OUTH	0	0	1
		MCLK	1		
		CD7	X	1	1
PJ.2/TMS/TB2OUTH/ACLK/CD8	2	PJ.2 (I/O) ⁽²⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TMS ^{(3) (4)}	X	X	X
		TB2OUTH	0	0	1
		ACLK	1		
		CD8	X	1	1
PJ.3/TCK/CD9	3	PJ.3 (I/O) ⁽²⁾	I: 0; O: 1	0	0
		TCK ^{(3) (4)}	X	X	X
		CD9	X	1	1

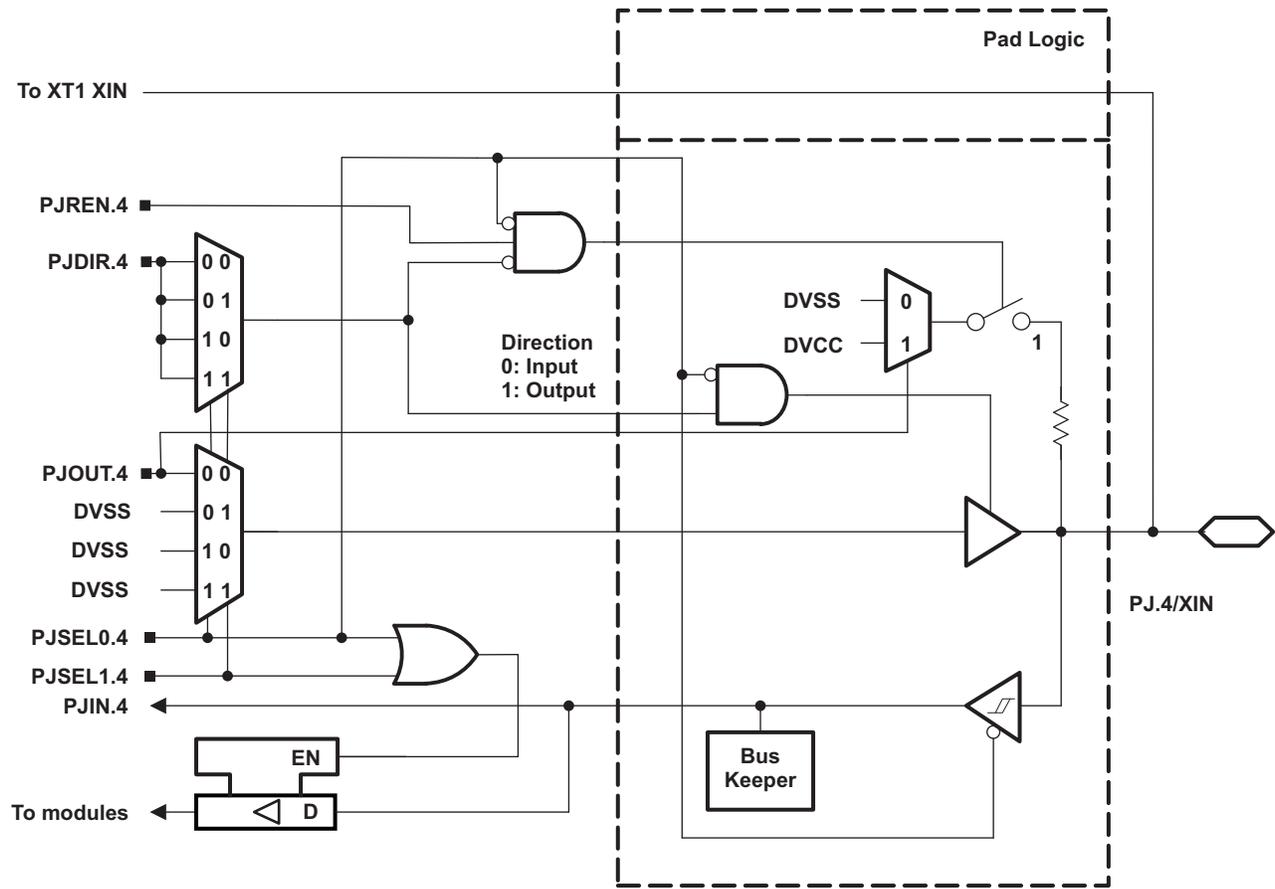
(1) X = Don't care

(2) Default condition

(3) The pin direction is controlled by the JTAG module. JTAG mode selection is made by the SYS module or by the Spy-Bi-Wire four-wire entry sequence. PJSEL1.x and PJSEL0.x have no effect in these cases.

(4) In JTAG mode, pullups are activated automatically on TMS, TCK, and TDI/TCLK. PJREN.x are do not care.

Port PJ, PJ.4 and PJ.5 Input/Output With Schmitt Trigger



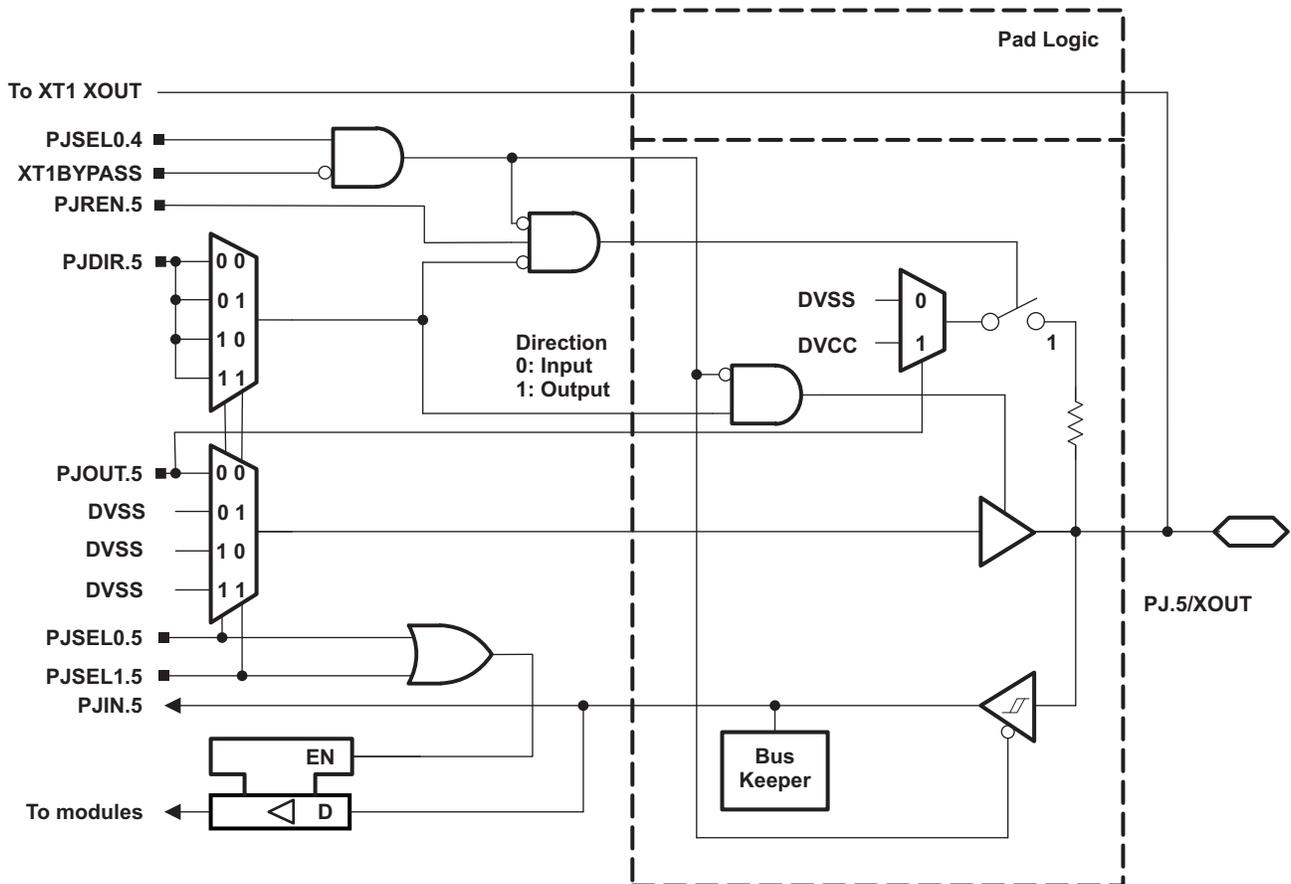


Table 56. Port PJ (PJ.4 and PJ.5) Pin Functions

PIN NAME (P7.x)	x	FUNCTION	CONTROL BITS/SIGNALS ⁽¹⁾					
			PJDIR.x	PJSEL1.5	PJSEL0.5	PJSEL1.4	PJSEL0.4	XT1 BYPASS
PJ.4/XIN	4	PJ.4 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	X	X	0	0	X
		XIN crystal mode ⁽²⁾	X	X	X	0	1	0
		XIN bypass mode ⁽²⁾	X	X	X	0	1	1
PJ.5/XOUT	5	PJ.5 (I/O)	I: 0; O: 1	0	0	0	0	X
		XOUT crystal mode ⁽³⁾	X	X	X	0	1	0
		PJ.5 (I/O) ⁽⁴⁾	I: 0; O: 1	X	X	0	1	1

(1) X = Don't care

(2) Setting PJSEL1.4 = 0 and PJSEL0.4 = 1 causes the general-purpose I/O to be disabled. When XT1BYPASS = 0, PJ.4 and PJ.5 are configured for crystal operation and PJSEL1.5 and PJSEL0.5 are do not care. When XT1BYPASS = 1, PJ.4 is configured for bypass operation and PJ.5 is configured as general-purpose I/O.

(3) Setting PJSEL1.4 = 0 and PJSEL0.4 = 1 causes the general-purpose I/O to be disabled. When XT1BYPASS = 0, PJ.4 and PJ.5 are configured for crystal operation and PJSEL1.5 and PJSEL0.5 are do not care. When XT1BYPASS = 1, PJ.4 is configured for bypass operation and PJ.5 is configured as general-purpose I/O.

(4) When PJ.4 is configured in bypass mode, PJ.5 is configured as general-purpose I/O.

DEVICE DESCRIPTORS (TLV)

The following tables list the complete contents of the device descriptor tag-length-value (TLV) structure for each device type.

Table 57. Device Descriptor Table ⁽¹⁾

	Description	Address	FR5739	FR5738	FR5737	FR5736	FR5735
			Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Info Block	Info length	01A00h	05h	05h	05h	05h	05h
	CRC length	01A01h	05h	05h	05h	05h	05h
	CRC value	01A02h	per unit				
		01A03h	per unit				
	Device ID	01A04h	03h	02h	01h	77h	76h
	Device ID	01A05h	81h	81h	81h	81h	81h
	Hardware revision	01A06h	per unit				
	Firmware revision	01A07h	per unit				
Die Record	Die Record Tag	01A08h	08h	08h	08h	08h	08h
	Die Record length	01A09h	0Ah	0Ah	0Ah	0Ah	0Ah
	Lot/Wafer ID	01A0Ah	per unit				
		01A0Bh	per unit				
		01A0Ch	per unit				
		01A0Dh	per unit				
	Die X position	01A0Eh	per unit				
		01A0Fh	per unit				
	Die Y position	01A10h	per unit				
		01A11h	per unit				
	Test results	01A12h	per unit				
		01A13h	per unit				
ADC10 Calibration	ADC10 Calibration Tag	01A14h	13h	13h	13h	05h	13h
	ADC10 Calibration length	01A15h	10h	10h	10h	10h	10h
	ADC Gain Factor	01A16h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A17h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
	ADC Offset	01A18h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A19h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
	ADC 1.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 30°C	01A1Ah	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A1Bh	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
	ADC 1.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 85°C	01A1Ch	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A1Dh	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
	ADC 2.0-V Reference Temp. Sensor 30°C	01A1Eh	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A1Fh	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
	ADC 2.0-V Reference Temp. Sensor 85°C	01A20h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A21h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
ADC 2.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 30°C	01A22h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	
	01A23h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	

(1) NA = Not applicable

Table 57. Device Descriptor Table ⁽¹⁾ (continued)

	Description	Address	FR5739	FR5738	FR5737	FR5736	FR5735
			Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
	ADC 2.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 85°C	01A24h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A25h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
REF Calibration	REF Calibration Tag	01A26h	12h	12h	12h	12h	12h
	REF Calibration length	01A27h	06h	06h	06h	06h	06h
	REF 1.5-V Reference	01A28h	per unit				
		01A29h	per unit				
	REF 2.0-V Reference	01A2Ah	per unit				
		01A2Bh	per unit				
	REF 2.5-V Reference	01A2Ch	per unit				
01A2Dh		per unit					

Table 58. Device Descriptor Table ⁽¹⁾

	Description	Address	FR5734	FR5733	FR5732	FR5731	FR5730
			Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Info Block	Info length	01A00h	05h	05h	05h	05h	05h
	CRC length	01A01h	05h	05h	05h	05h	05h
	CRC value	01A02h	per unit				
		01A03h	per unit				
	Device ID	01A04h	00h	7Fh	75h	7Eh	7Ch
	Device ID	01A05h	81h	80h	81h	80h	80h
	Hardware revision	01A06h	per unit				
	Firmware revision	01A07h	per unit				
Die Record	Die Record Tag	01A08h	08h	08h	08h	08h	08h
	Die Record length	01A09h	0Ah	0Ah	0Ah	0Ah	0Ah
	Lot/Wafer ID	01A0Ah	per unit				
		01A0Bh	per unit				
		01A0Ch	per unit				
		01A0Dh	per unit				
	Die X position	01A0Eh	per unit				
		01A0Fh	per unit				
	Die Y position	01A10h	per unit				
		01A11h	per unit				
	Test results	01A12h	per unit				
01A13h		per unit					
ADC10 Calibration	ADC10 Calibration Tag	01A14h	13h	13h	13h	05h	13h
	ADC10 Calibration length	01A15h	10h	10h	10h	10h	10h
	ADC Gain Factor	01A16h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
		01A17h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
	ADC Offset	01A18h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
		01A19h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
	ADC 1.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 30°C	01A1Ah	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
01A1Bh		per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit	

(1) NA = Not applicable

Table 58. Device Descriptor Table ⁽¹⁾ (continued)

	Description	Address	FR5734	FR5733	FR5732	FR5731	FR5730	
			Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	
	ADC 1.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 85°C	01A1Ch	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit	
		01A1Dh	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit	
	ADC 2.0-V Reference Temp. Sensor 30°C	01A1Eh	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit	
		01A1Fh	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit	
	ADC 2.0-V Reference Temp. Sensor 85°C	01A20h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit	
		01A21h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit	
	ADC 2.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 30°C	01A22h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit	
		01A23h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit	
	ADC 2.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 85°C	01A24h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit	
		01A25h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit	
	REF Calibration	REF Calibration Tag	01A26h	12h	12h	12h	12h	12h
		REF Calibration length	01A27h	06h	06h	06h	06h	06h
REF 1.5-V Reference		01A28h	per unit					
		01A29h	per unit					
REF 2.0-V Reference		01A2Ah	per unit					
		01A2Bh	per unit					
REF 2.5-V Reference		01A2Ch	per unit					
		01A2Dh	per unit					

Table 59. Device Descriptor Table ⁽¹⁾

	Description	Address	FR5729	FR5728	FR5727	FR5726	FR5725
			Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Info Block	Info length	01A00h	05h	05h	05h	05h	05h
	CRC length	01A01h	05h	05h	05h	05h	05h
	CRC value	01A02h	per unit				
		01A03h	per unit				
	Device ID	01A04h	7Bh	7Ah	79h	74h	78h
	Device ID	01A05h	80h	80h	80h	81h	80h
	Hardware revision	01A06h	per unit				
	Firmware revision	01A07h	per unit				
Die Record	Die Record Tag	01A08h	08h	08h	08h	08h	08h
	Die Record length	01A09h	0Ah	0Ah	0Ah	0Ah	0Ah
	Lot/Wafer ID	01A0Ah	per unit				
		01A0Bh	per unit				
		01A0Ch	per unit				
		01A0Dh	per unit				
	Die X position	01A0Eh	per unit				
		01A0Fh	per unit				
	Die Y position	01A10h	per unit				
		01A11h	per unit				
	Test results	01A12h	per unit				
		01A13h	per unit				

(1) NA = Not applicable

Table 59. Device Descriptor Table ⁽¹⁾ (continued)

	Description	Address	FR5729	FR5728	FR5727	FR5726	FR5725
			Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
ADC10 Calibration	ADC10 Calibration Tag	01A14h	13h	13h	13h	05h	13h
	ADC10 Calibration length	01A15h	10h	10h	10h	10h	10h
	ADC Gain Factor	01A16h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A17h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
	ADC Offset	01A18h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A19h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
	ADC 1.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 30°C	01A1Ah	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A1Bh	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
	ADC 1.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 85°C	01A1Ch	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A1Dh	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
	ADC 2.0-V Reference Temp. Sensor 30°C	01A1Eh	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A1Fh	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
	ADC 2.0-V Reference Temp. Sensor 85°C	01A20h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A21h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
	ADC 2.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 30°C	01A22h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
		01A23h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
	ADC 2.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 85°C	01A24h	per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit
01A25h		per unit	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	
REF Calibration	REF Calibration Tag	01A26h	12h	12h	12h	12h	
	REF Calibration length	01A27h	06h	06h	06h	06h	06h
	REF 1.5-V Reference	01A28h	per unit				
		01A29h	per unit				
	REF 2.0-V Reference	01A2Ah	per unit				
		01A2Bh	per unit				
	REF 2.5-V Reference	01A2Ch	per unit				
01A2Dh		per unit					

Table 60. Device Descriptor Table ⁽¹⁾

	Description	Address	FR5724	FR5723	FR5722	FR5721	FR5720
			Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
Info Block	Info length	01A00h	05h	05h	05h	05h	05h
	CRC length	01A01h	05h	05h	05h	05h	05h
	CRC value	01A02h	per unit				
		01A03h	per unit				
	Device ID	01A04h	73h	72h	71h	77h	70h
	Device ID	01A05h	81h	81h	81h	80h	81h
	Hardware revision	01A06h	per unit				
Firmware revision	01A07h	per unit					
Die Record	Die Record Tag	01A08h	08h	08h	08h	08h	08h
	Die Record length	01A09h	0Ah	0Ah	0Ah	0Ah	0Ah

(1) NA = Not applicable

Table 60. Device Descriptor Table ⁽¹⁾ (continued)

	Description	Address	FR5724	FR5723	FR5722	FR5721	FR5720
			Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
	Lot/Wafer ID	01A0Ah	per unit				
		01A0Bh	per unit				
		01A0Ch	per unit				
		01A0Dh	per unit				
	Die X position	01A0Eh	per unit				
		01A0Fh	per unit				
	Die Y position	01A10h	per unit				
		01A11h	per unit				
	Test results	01A12h	per unit				
		01A13h	per unit				
ADC10 Calibration	ADC10 Calibration Tag	01A14h	13h	13h	13h	05h	13h
	ADC10 Calibration length	01A15h	10h	10h	10h	10h	10h
	ADC Gain Factor	01A16h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
		01A17h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
	ADC Offset	01A18h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
		01A19h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
	ADC 1.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 30°C	01A1Ah	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
		01A1Bh	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
	ADC 1.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 85°C	01A1Ch	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
		01A1Dh	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
	ADC 2.0-V Reference Temp. Sensor 30°C	01A1Eh	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
		01A1Fh	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
	ADC 2.0-V Reference Temp. Sensor 85°C	01A20h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
		01A21h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
	ADC 2.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 30°C	01A22h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
		01A23h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit
ADC 2.5-V Reference Temp. Sensor 85°C	01A24h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit	
	01A25h	per unit	NA	NA	per unit	per unit	
REF Calibration	REF Calibration Tag	01A26h	12h	12h	12h	12h	12h
	REF Calibration length	01A27h	06h	06h	06h	06h	06h
	REF 1.5-V Reference	01A28h	per unit				
		01A29h	per unit				
	REF 2.0-V Reference	01A2Ah	per unit				
		01A2Bh	per unit				
	REF 2.5-V Reference	01A2Ch	per unit				
		01A2Dh	per unit				

REVISION HISTORY

REVISION	COMMENTS
SLAS639	Product Preview release
SLAS639A	Updated Product Preview release including preliminary electrical specifications
SLAS639B	Changes throughout for updated Product Preview
SLAS639C	Production Data release
SLAS639D	<p>Changed PW package options from Product Preview to Production Data. Added information for YFF package option throughout as Product Preview. Table 26 and Table 27, Changed offset of PxSELC registers. Table 28, Added PJSELC register. Table 29, Removed registers that do not apply (TA0CCTL3,4 and TA0CCR3,4) Absolute Maximum Ratings, Changed low limit of T_{stg} from -40°C to -55°C. FRAM, Added $t_{Retention}$ MIN values for $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $T_J = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$.</p>
SLAS639E	<p>Throughout, Changed DSBGA package designator from YFF to YQD. YQD Pin Designation, Changed pinout. Table 4, Updated information for DSBGA package. Table 4, Fixed typo in description of UCA0CLK function on P1.5/TB0.2/UCA0CLK/A5/CD5 pin. Table 5 and Table 10, Removed ACCVIFG (not supported). Recommended Operating Conditions, Added test conditions for typical characteristics. REF, External Reference, Changed note (1) from "12-bit accuracy" to "10-bit accuracy".</p>
SLAS639F	<p>Table 1, Corrected number of ADC10_B channels, Comp_D channels, and I/Os for MSP430FR5738 in YQD package. Table 1, Table 2, and Table 3, Removed all DSBGA (YQD) options except for MSP430FR5738. Functional Block Diagram – MSP430FR5721IRHA, ..., Functional Block Diagram – MSP430FR5721IDA, ..., and Functional Block Diagram – MSP430FR5720IPW, ..., Corrected number of ADC10_B channels. Functional Block Diagram – MSP430FR5720IRGE, ..., Added MSP430FR5738IYQD. Low-Power Mode Supply Currents (Into V_{CC}) Excluding External Current, Changed notes regarding RTC clock source.</p>
SLAS639G	Pin Designation - MSP430FR5730IYQD... , Added ball-side view and changed top-side view.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
MSP430FR5720IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5720	Samples
MSP430FR5720IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	430FR5720	Samples
MSP430FR5720IRGER	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR 5720	Samples
MSP430FR5720IRGET	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR 5720	Samples
MSP430FR5721IDA	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430FR5721	Samples
MSP430FR5721IDAR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430FR5721	Samples
MSP430FR5721IRHAR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430 FR5721	Samples
MSP430FR5721IRHAT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430 FR5721	Samples
MSP430FR5722IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5722	Samples
MSP430FR5722IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	430FR5722	Samples
MSP430FR5722IRGER	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR 5722	Samples
MSP430FR5722IRGET	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR 5722	Samples
MSP430FR5723IDA	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430FR5723	Samples
MSP430FR5723IDAR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430FR5723	Samples
MSP430FR5723IRHAR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430 FR5723	Samples
MSP430FR5723IRHAT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430 FR5723	Samples
MSP430FR5724IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5724	Samples

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
MSP430FR5724IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	430FR5724	Samples
MSP430FR5724IRGER	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR5724	Samples
MSP430FR5724IRGET	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR5724	Samples
MSP430FR5725IDA	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430FR5725	Samples
MSP430FR5725IDAR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430FR5725	Samples
MSP430FR5725IRHAR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430FR5725	Samples
MSP430FR5725IRHAT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430FR5725	Samples
MSP430FR5726IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5726	Samples
MSP430FR5726IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	430FR5726	Samples
MSP430FR5726IRGER	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR5726	Samples
MSP430FR5726IRGET	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR5726	Samples
MSP430FR5727IDA	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430FR5727	Samples
MSP430FR5727IDAR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430FR5727	Samples
MSP430FR5727IRHAR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430FR5727	Samples
MSP430FR5727IRHAT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430FR5727	Samples
MSP430FR5728IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5728	Samples
MSP430FR5728IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	430FR5728	Samples
MSP430FR5728IRGER	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR5728	Samples

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
MSP430FR5728IRGET	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR5728	Samples
MSP430FR5729IDA	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430FR5729	Samples
MSP430FR5729IDAR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430FR5729	Samples
MSP430FR5729IRHAR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430FR5729	Samples
MSP430FR5729IRHAT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430FR5729	Samples
MSP430FR5730IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5730	Samples
MSP430FR5730IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5730	Samples
MSP430FR5730IRGER	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR5730	Samples
MSP430FR5730IRGET	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR5730	Samples
MSP430FR5731IDA	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		M430FR5731	Samples
MSP430FR5731IDAR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		M430FR5731	Samples
MSP430FR5731IRHAR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR		M430FR5731	Samples
MSP430FR5731IRHAT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR		M430FR5731	Samples
MSP430FR5732IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5732	Samples
MSP430FR5732IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5732	Samples
MSP430FR5732IRGER	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		430FR5732	Samples
MSP430FR5732IRGET	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		430FR5732	Samples
MSP430FR5733IDA	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		M430FR5733	Samples

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
MSP430FR5733IDAR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		M430FR5733	Samples
MSP430FR5733IRHAR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR		M430 FR5733	Samples
MSP430FR5733IRHAT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR		M430 FR5733	Samples
MSP430FR5734IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5734	Samples
MSP430FR5734IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5734	Samples
MSP430FR5734IRGER	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		430FR 5734	Samples
MSP430FR5734IRGET	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		430FR 5734	Samples
MSP430FR5735IDA	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		M430FR5735	Samples
MSP430FR5735IDAR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		M430FR5735	Samples
MSP430FR5735IRHAR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430 FR5735	Samples
MSP430FR5735IRHAT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430 FR5735	Samples
MSP430FR5736IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5736	Samples
MSP430FR5736IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5736	Samples
MSP430FR5736IRGER	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		430FR 5736	Samples
MSP430FR5736IRGET	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		430FR 5736	Samples
MSP430FR5737IDA	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		M430FR5737	Samples
MSP430FR5737IDAR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		M430FR5737	Samples
MSP430FR5737IRHAR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR		M430 FR5737	Samples

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
MSP430FR57371RHAT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR		M430 FR5737	Samples
MSP430FR5738IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5738	Samples
MSP430FR5738IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		430FR5738	Samples
MSP430FR5738IRGER	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR 5738	Samples
MSP430FR5738IRGET	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGE	24	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	430FR 5738	Samples
MSP430FR5739CY	ACTIVE	DIESALE	Y	0	156	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type			Samples
MSP430FR5739IDA	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430FR5739	Samples
MSP430FR5739IDAR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DA	38	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	M430FR5739	Samples
MSP430FR5739IRHAR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430 FR5739	Samples
MSP430FR5739IRHAT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RHA	40	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	M430 FR5739	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

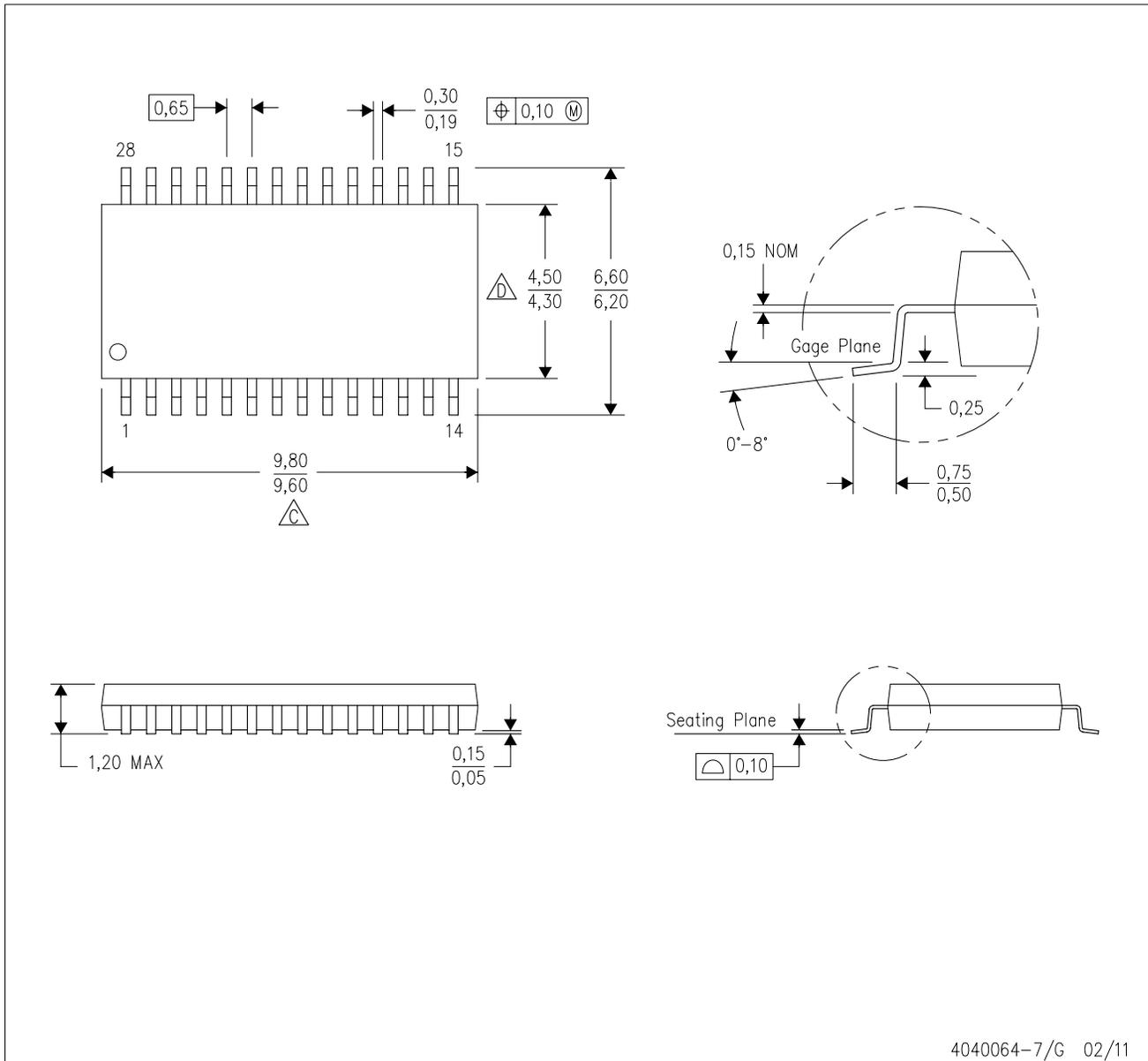
(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer:The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

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PW (R-PDSO-G28)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

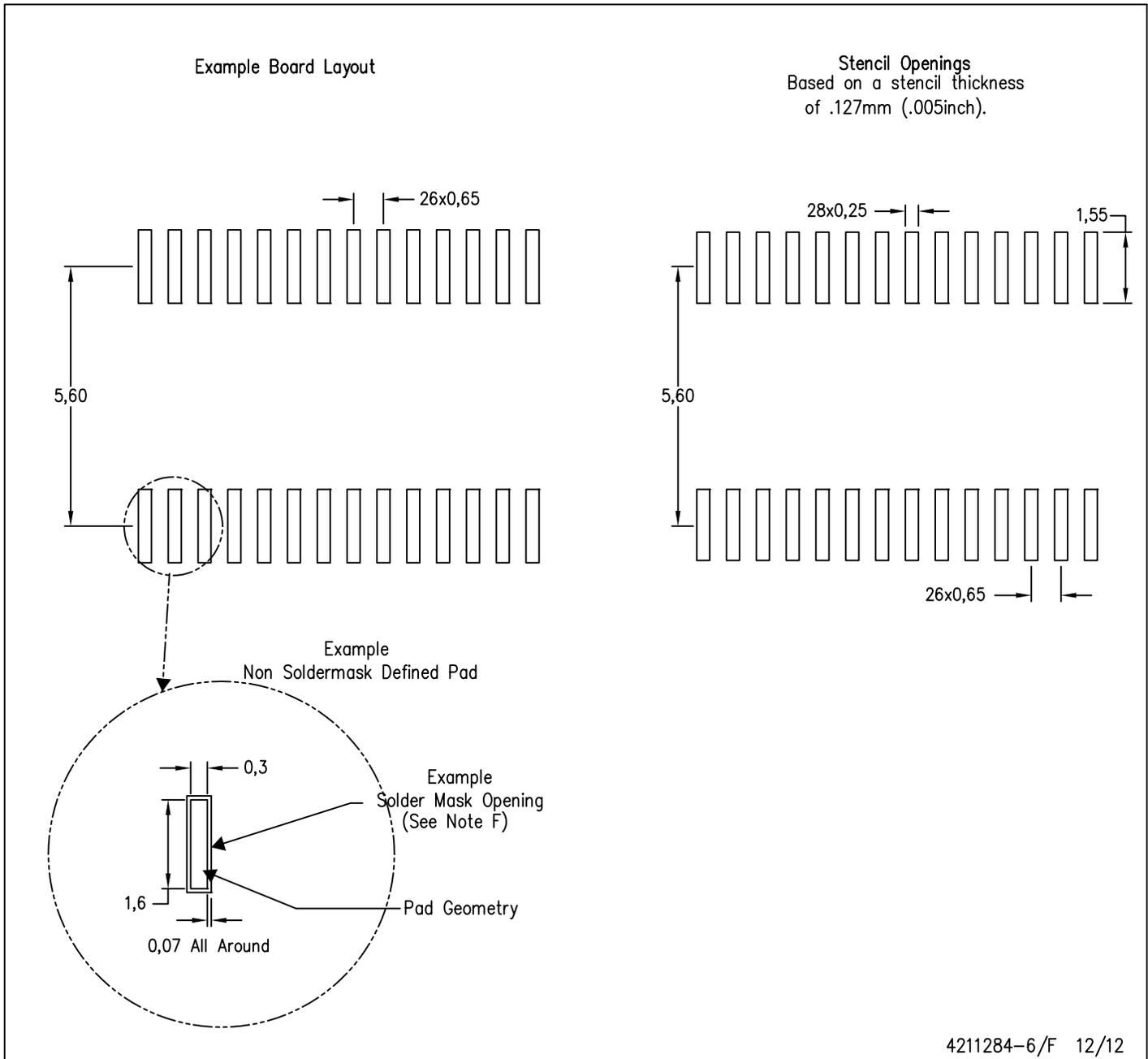


4040064-7/G 02/11

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
 - D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
 - E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

PW (R-PDSO-G28)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

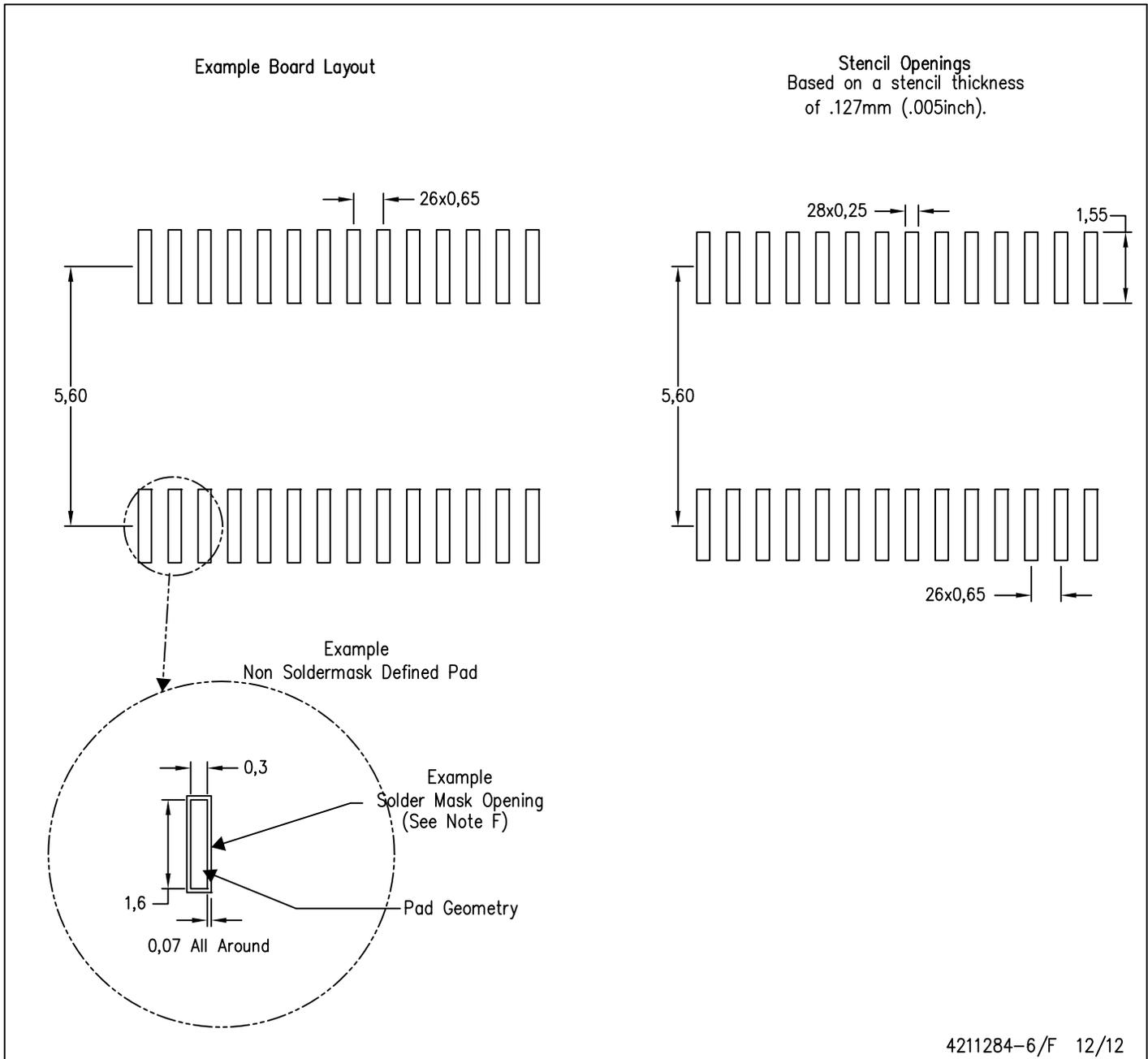


4211284-6/F 12/12

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate design.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

PW (R-PDSO-G28)

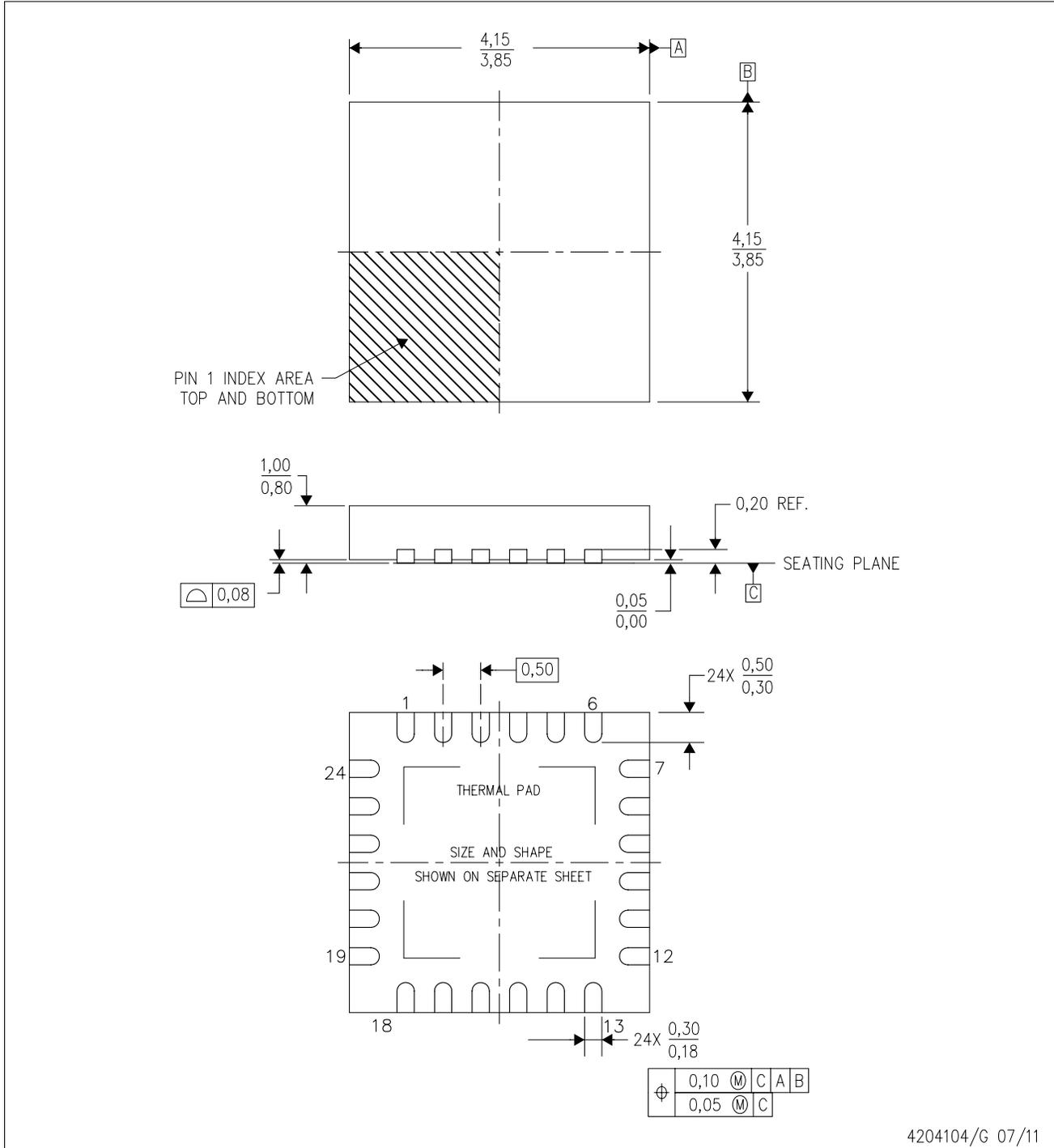
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate design.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

RGE (S-PVQFN-N24)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



4204104/G 07/11

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Quad Flatpack, No-Leads (QFN) package configuration.
 - D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
 - E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
 - F. Falls within JEDEC MO-220.

THERMAL PAD MECHANICAL DATA

RGE (S-PVQFN-N24)

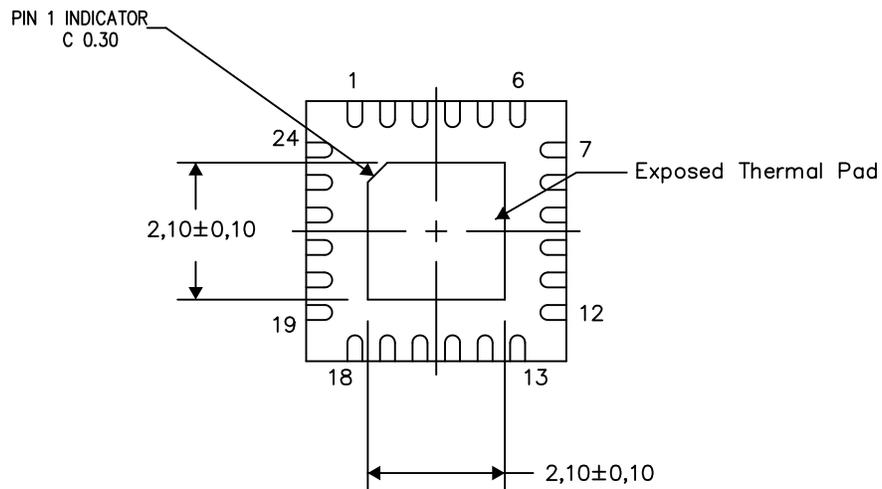
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Bottom View

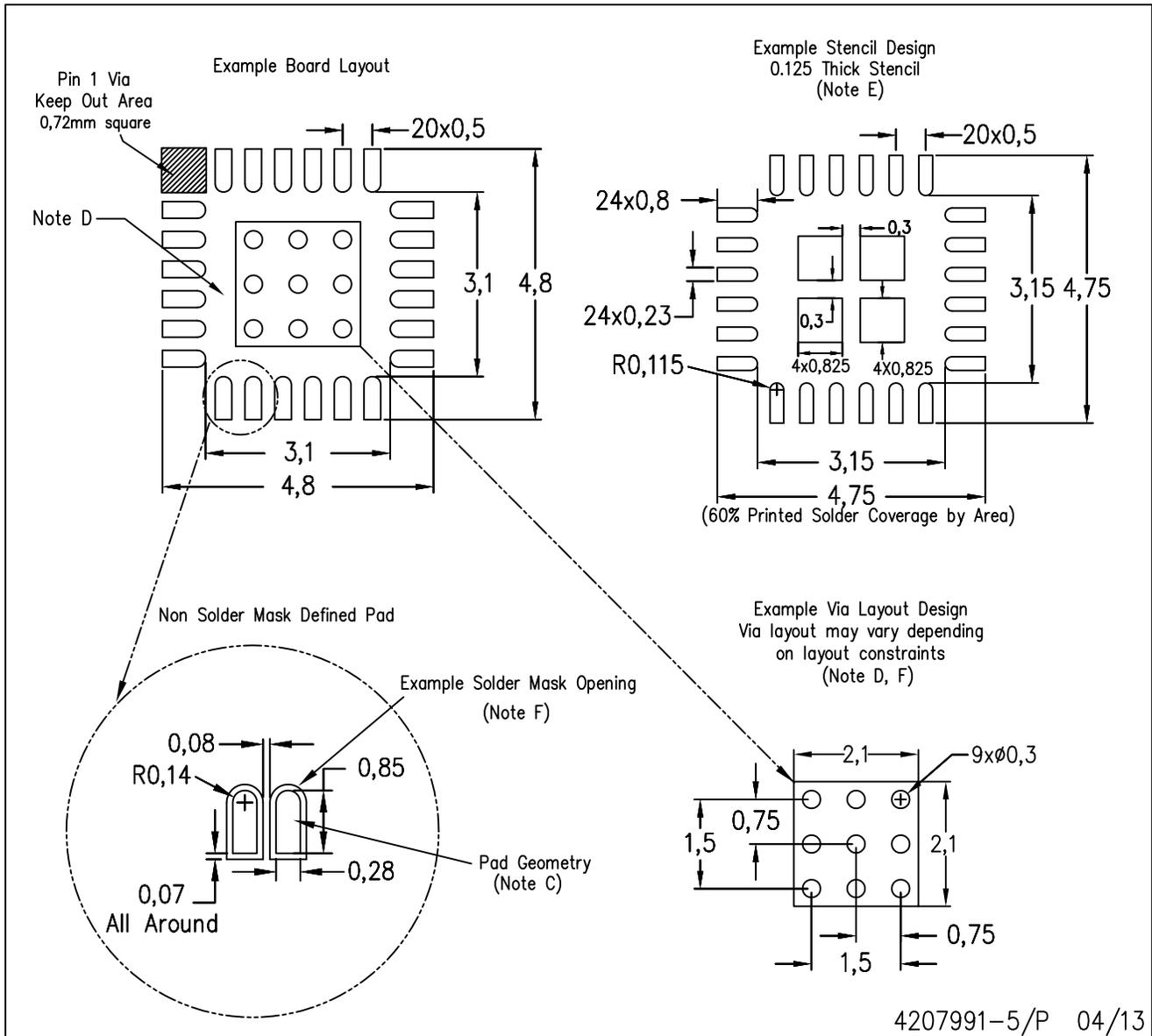
Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206344-6/AD 04/13

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

RGE (S-PVQFN-N24)

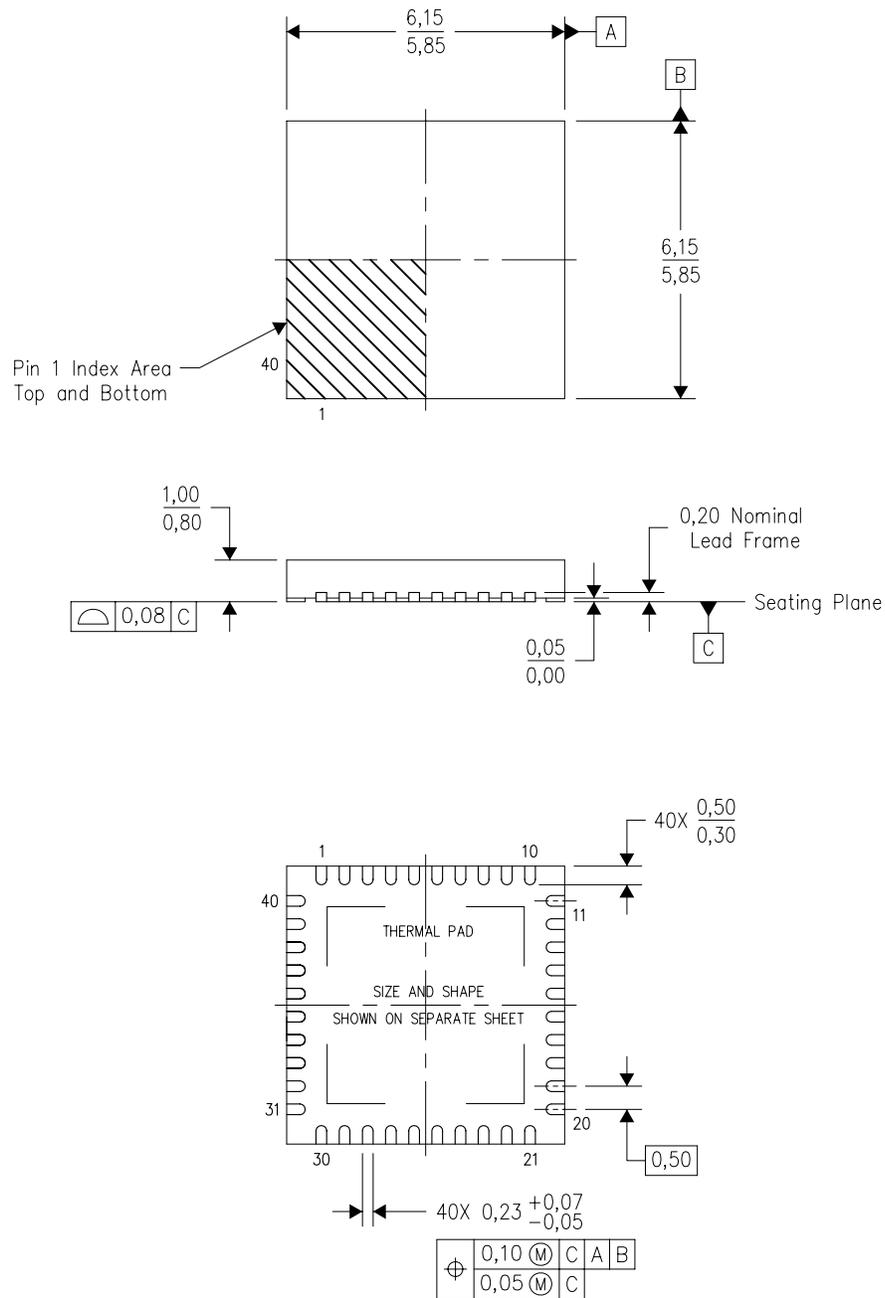
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>.
 - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
 - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for recommended solder mask tolerances and via tenting recommendations for vias placed in the thermal pad.

RHA (S-PVQFN-N40)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



Bottom View

4204276/E 06/11

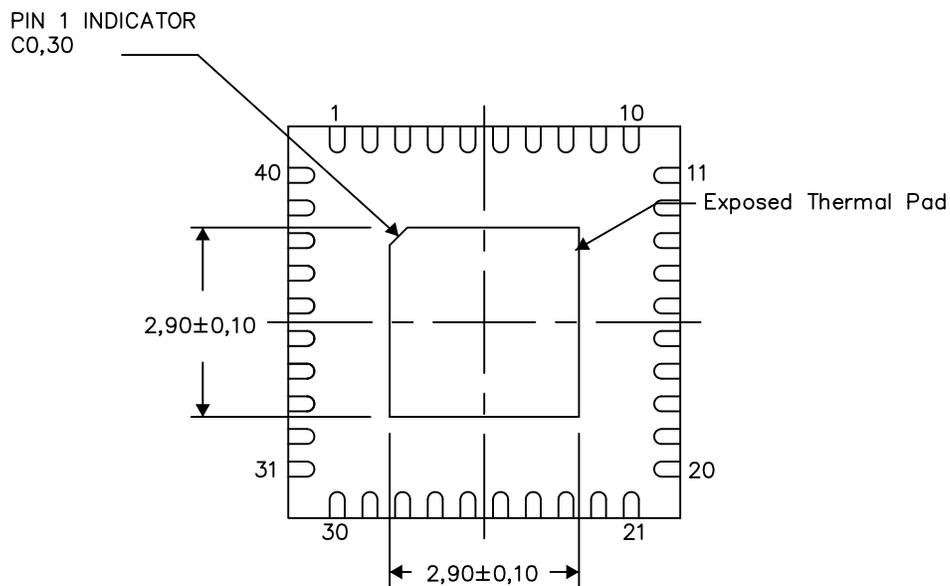
- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) Package configuration.
 - The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
 - See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
 - Package complies to JEDEC MO-220 variation VJJD-2.

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



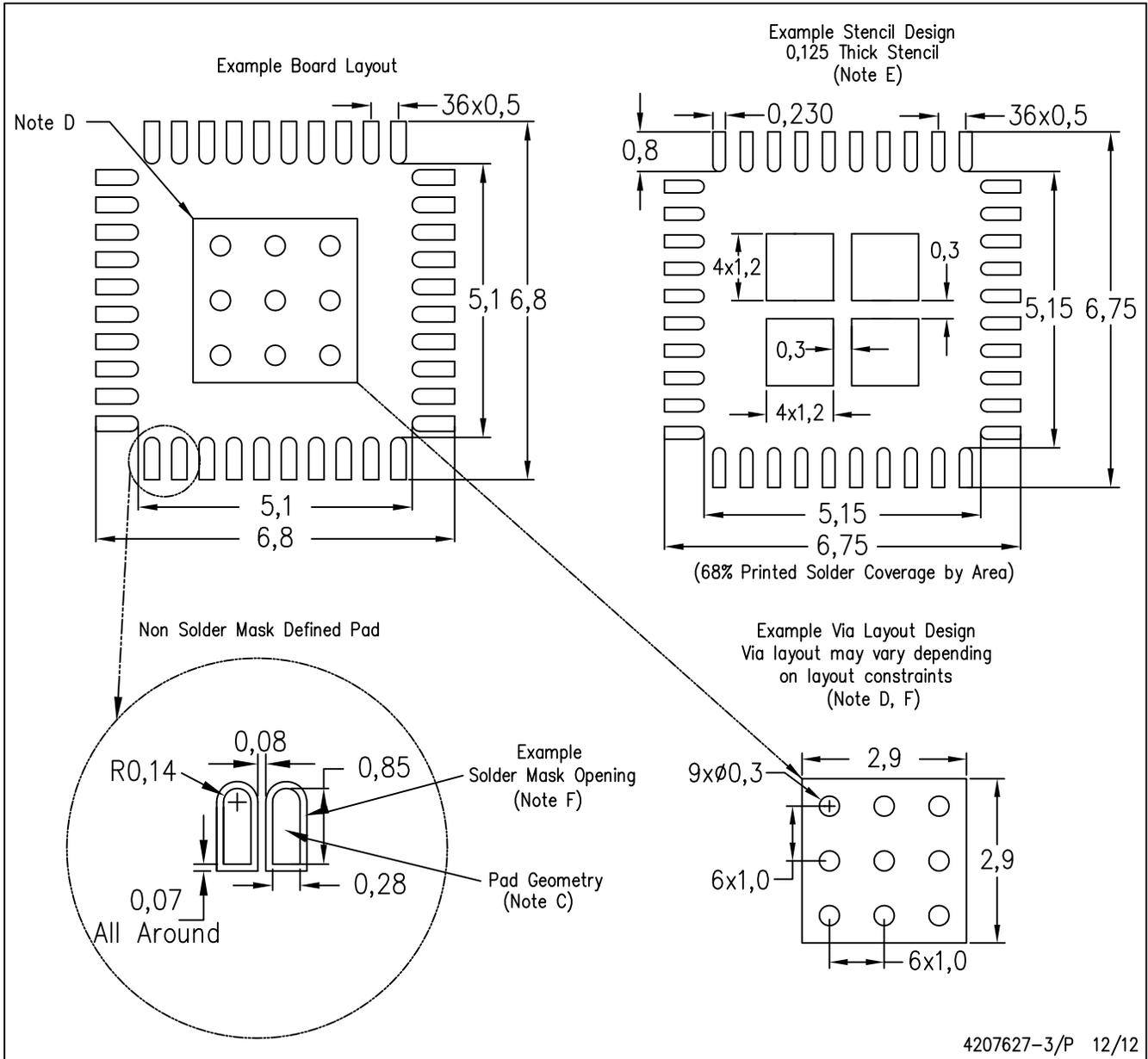
Bottom View

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

RHA (S-PVQFN-N40)

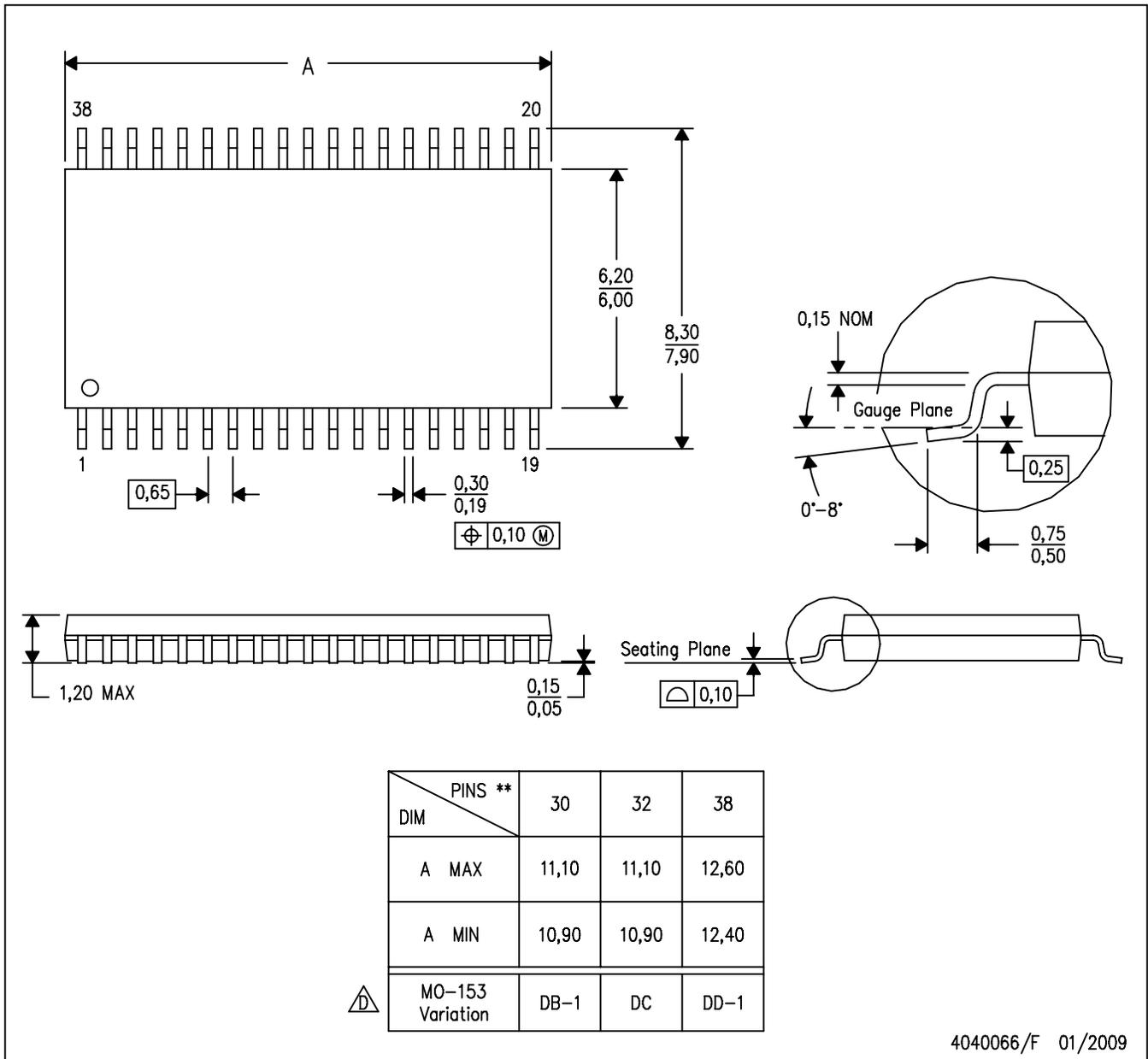
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>.
 - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
 - F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for recommended solder mask tolerances and via tenting recommendations for vias placed in the thermal pad.

DA (R-PDSO-G**)
 38 PIN SHOWN

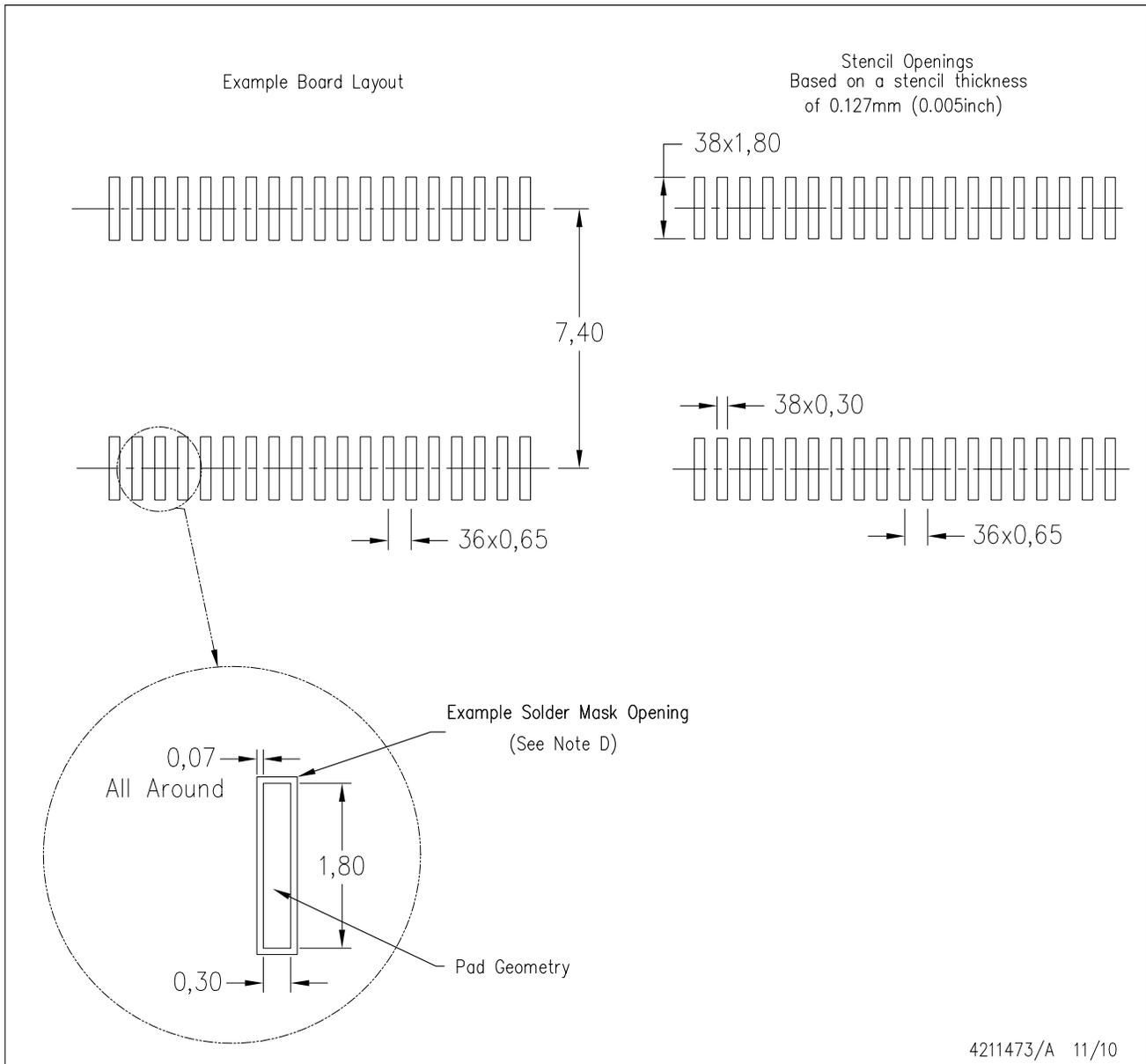
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - Falls within JEDEC MO-153, except 30 pin body length.

DA (R-PDSO-G38)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - D. Contact the board fabrication site for recommended soldermask tolerances.

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