

www.ti.com

SLVS963A – JULY 2009 – REVISED AUGUST 2010

32-pin 5-mm × 5-mm QFN Package

TFT LCD Using ASG (Amorphous Silicon Gate)

APPLICATIONS

Technology

Triple High-Voltage Scan Driver for TFT-LCD

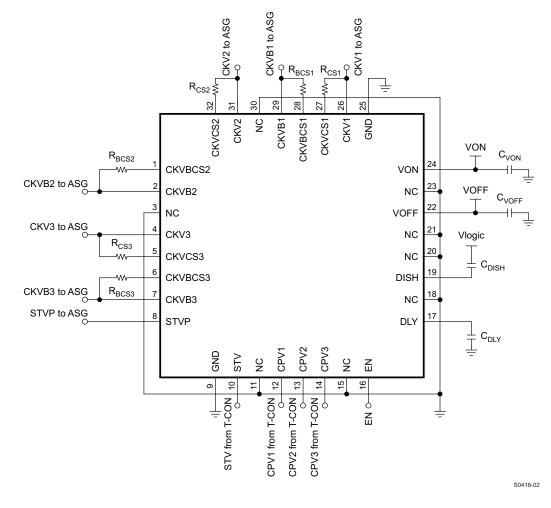
Check for Samples: TPS65191

FEATURES

- Triple High-Voltage Scan Driver
- Scan Driver Output Charge Share
- High Output-Voltage Level: Up to 35 V
- Low Output-Voltage Level: Down to -28 V
- Logic-Level Inputs

DESCRIPTION

The TPS65191 is a triple high-voltage scan driver to drive an ASG (amorphous silicon gate) circuit on TFT glass. Each single high-voltage scan driver receives logic-level inputs of CPVx and generates two high-voltage outputs of CKVx, CKVBx. The device receives a logic-level input of STV and generates a high-voltage output of STVP. These outputs are swings from Voff (-28 V) to Von (35 V) and are used to drive the ASG circuit and charge/discharge the capacitive loads of the TFT LCD. In order to reduce the power dissipation of device, a charge-share function is implemented. The device features discharge function, which shorts Voff to GND in order to shut down the panel faster when the LCD is turned off.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

ΔĀ



SLVS963A – JULY 2009 – REVISED AUGUST 2010

www.ti.com



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

T _A	ORDERING P/N	PACKAGE	PACKAGE MARKING
-40°C to 85°C	TPS65191RHBR	32-pin 5-mm × 5-mm QFN	TPS65191

(1) The RHB package has quantities of 2500 devices per reel.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	VALUE	UNIT
Voltage on pins CPVx, STV	-0.3 to 5.5	V
Voltage on pins EN	-0.3 to 5.5	V
Input voltage on VON ⁽²⁾	40	V
Input voltage on VOFF ⁽²⁾	-30	V
Voltage on CKVx, CKVBx, CKVCSx, CKVBCSx	-30 to 40	V
VON-VOFF	62	V
Voltage on STVP	-30 to 40	V
Voltage on DISH	-3.6 to 5.5	V
ESD rating, HBM	2	kV
ESD rating, MM	200	V
ESD rating, CDM	700	V
Continuous power dissipation	See Dissipation Ra	ating Table
Operating junction temperature range	-40 to 150	°C
Storage temperature range	-65 to 150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

DISSIPATION RATINGS

PACKAGE	$R_{ heta JA}$	T _A ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	T _A = 70°C POWER RATING	T _A = 85°C POWER RATING
32-pin 5-mm × 5-mm QFN	75°C/W (Low-K board)	1.33 W	0.73 W	0.53 W

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VON	Positive high-voltage range	15		35	V
VOFF	Negative low-voltage range	-28		-3	V
VON-VOFF	VON to VOFF voltage range			60	V
f _{CPV}	CPV input frequency			150	kHz
T _A	Operating ambient temperature	-40		85	°C
TJ	Operating junction temperature	-40		125	°C



SLVS963A - JULY 2009-REVISED AUGUST 2010

www.ti.com

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

VOFF = -10 V, VON = 30 V, EN = 3.3 V, T_A = -40° C to 85°C, typical values are at T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY	CURRENT				
	Quiescent current into VON			600 900	
I _{QIN}	Quiescent current out of VOFF	- CPVx = GND, STV = 3.3 V		120 200	μA
	Shutdown current into VON	CPVx = GND, STV = 3.3 V,		520 900	
I _{SD}	Shutdown current out of VOFF	EN = GND		260 400	μA
UNDERV	OLTAGE LOCKOUT				
VUVIO Undervoltage lockout threshold on VON		VON rising	10	13	V
V _{UVLO}	Undervoltage lockout threshold on VON	Hysteresis		250	mV
LOGIC S	IGNALS EN, CPVx, STV				
V _{IH}	High level input voltage of CPVx, STV, EN		2		V
V _{IL}	Low level input voltage of CPVx, STV, EN			0.5	V
OUTPUT	CKVx, CKVBx, STVP, CKVCSx				
	Output high voltage of CKVx, CKVBx	10 10 1	VON - 0.3		
V _{OH}	Output high voltage of STVP	– I _{OH} = 10 mA	VON - 0.8		V
	Output low voltage of CKVx, CKVBx	10		VOFF + 0.2	
V _{OL}	Output low voltage of STVP	– I _{OL} = –10 mA		VOFF + 0.4	V
R _{CHSH}	Charge sharing on resistance	I _{CHSH} = 10 mA		120	Ω
					4
R _{DSCHG}	Discharging resistance	DISH = -2 V		1.5	kΩ
R _{BIAS}	Resistance DISH to GND			100	kΩ
	DL DELAY				1
V _{DLYREF}	Reference voltage for comparator			2.9	V
IDLYREF	Delay charge current			15	μA
R _{DLY}	Delay resistor		140	200 260	kΩ

SLVS963A – JULY 2009 – REVISED AUGUST 2010

www.ti.com

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

VOFF = -10 V, VON = 30 V, EN = 3.3 V, T_A = -40° C to 85°C, typical values are at T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT			
AC CHA	AC CHARACTERISTICS								
Slew-	Slew rate, Slew- STVP		30	55		V/µs			
Slew+	Slew rate, Slew+ STVP		20	35		V/µs			
t _{pf}	Propagation delay, t _{pf-STVP}	Load = 4.7 nF (See Figure 1)		40	100	ns			
t _{pr}	Propagation delay, tpr-STVP			30	100	ns			

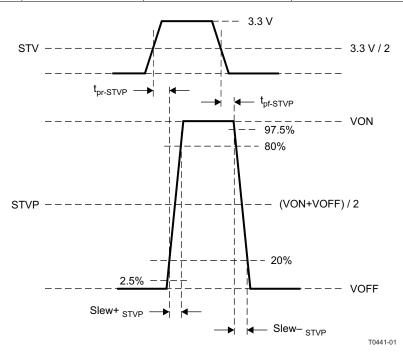


Figure 1. Switching Characteristics of STVP



SLVS963A - JULY 2009-REVISED AUGUST 2010

www.ti.com

CKVx, CKVBx SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{csf}	$t_{csf-CPVx_CKVx}, t_{csf-CPVx_CKVBx}$			80	150	ns
t _{csr}	t _{csr-CPVx_CKVx} , t _{csr-CPVx_CKVBx}	f _{CPVx} = 85 kHz, STV = GND, See Figure 2, load = 4.7 nF,		80	150	ns
t _f	t _{f-CPVx_CKVx} , t _{f-CPVx_CKVBx}	See Figure 2, ioad = 4.7 HF, $R_{CS1} = R_{BCS1} = R_{CS2} = R_{BCS2} = 50 Ω$		40	100	ns
t _r	t _{r-CPVx_CKVx} , t _{r-CPVx_CKVBx}			30	100	ns

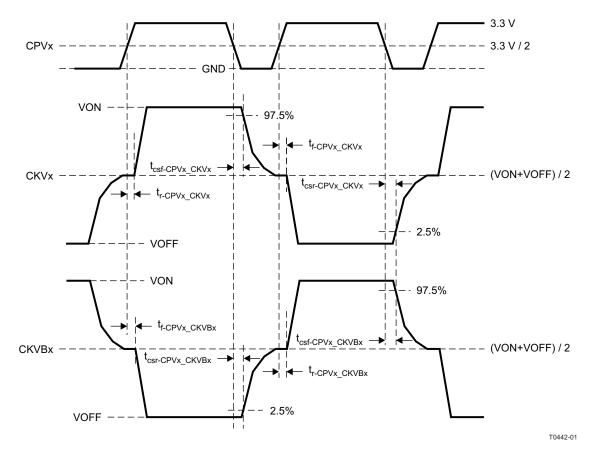


Figure 2. Switching Characteristics of CKVx, CKVBx (STV = GND)

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

SLVS963A – JULY 2009 – REVISED AUGUST 2010

www.ti.com

CKVx, CKVBx SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

VOFF = -10 V, VON = 30 V, EN = 3.3 V, T_A = -40° C to 85° C, typical values are at T_A = 25° C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		TYP	MAX	UNIT
Slew+	Slew+ _{CKVx} , Slew+ _{CKVBx}	f_{CPVx} = 85 kHz, STV = 3.3 V, See Figure 3, load = 4.7 nF, R _{CSx} = R _{BCSx} = 50 Ω	50	100		V/µs
Slew-	Slew- _{CKVx} , Slew- _{CKVBx}	f_{CPVx} = 85 kHz, STV = 3.3 V, See Figure 3, load = 4.7 nF, R_{CSx} = R_{BCSx} = 50 Ω	70	130		V/µs

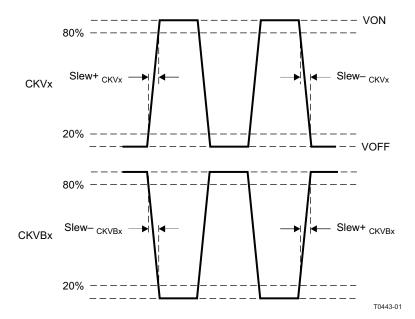
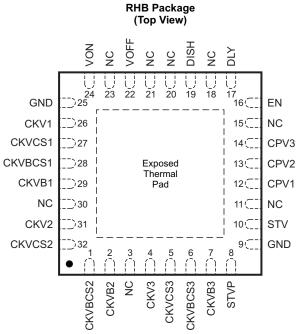


Figure 3. CKVx, CKVBx Output Rise and Fall Times (STV = 3.3 V)



SLVS963A - JULY 2009 - REVISED AUGUST 2010



DEVICE INFORMATION

P0048-13

Exposed thermal pad and NC pins are recommended to be connected with ground on the PCB for better thermal dissipation.

PIN FUNCTIONS

PIN			DECODIDION
NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
CKV1	26	0	Output vertical-scan clock 1 for ASG
CKV2	31	0	Output vertical-scan clock 2 for ASG
CKV3	4	0	Output vertical-scan clock 3 for ASG
CKVB1	29	0	Inverted-output vertical-scan clock 1 for ASG
CKVB2	2	0	Inverted-output vertical-scan clock 2 for ASG
CKVB3	7	0	Inverted-output vertical-scan clock 3 for ASG
CKVBCS1	28	I	Charge-share input for CKVB1
CKVBCS2	1	I	Charge-share input for CKVB2
CKVBCS3	6	I	Charge-share input for CKVB3
CKVCS1	27	I	Charge-share input for CKV1
CKVCS2	32	I	Charge-share input for CKV2
CKVCS3	5	I	Charge-share input for CKV3
CPV1	12	I	Input vertical-scan clock 1
CPV2	13	I	Input vertical-scan clock 2
CPV3	14	I	Input vertical-scan clock 3
DISH	19	I	VOFF discharge control
DLY	17	0	Connecting a capacitor from this pin to GND allows the setting of the start-up delay.
EN	16	Ι	Enable pin of device. When this pin is pulled high, the device starts up after a delay time set by DLY has passed.
GND	9, 25	-	Ground
NC	3, 11, 15, 18, 20, 21, 23, 30	_	Not connected

SLVS963A – JULY 2009 – REVISED AUGUST 2010



www.ti.com

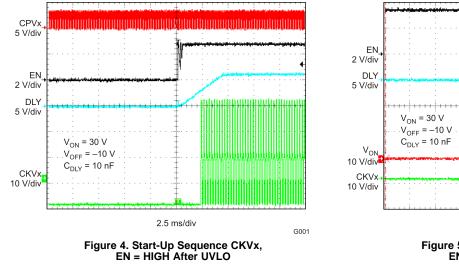
PIN FUNCTIONS (continued)

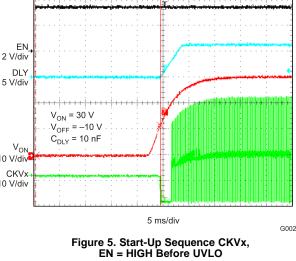
PIN		1/0	DESCRIPTION			
NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION			
STV	10	Ι	Input vertical-scan start signal			
STVP	8	0	Output vertical-scan start signal			
VOFF	22	Ι	Negative low-supply voltage			
VON	24	Ι	Positive high-supply voltage			
Thermal pad		-	Not connected			

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TABLE OF GRAPHS

		FIGURE
SYSTEM PERFORMANCE		
Start-up sequence CKVx	EN = HIGH after UVLO, C _{DLY} = 10 nF, STV = LOW	Figure 4
	EN = HIGH before UVLO, C _{DLY} = 10 nF, STV = LOW	Figure 5
Start-up sequence STVP	EN = HIGH after UVLO, C _{DLY} = 10 nF, CPVx = LOW	Figure 6
	EN = HIGH before UVLO, C_{DLY} = 10 nF, CPVx = LOW	Figure 7
OUTPUT CKVx, CKVBx and STVP		
Rise time / propagation delay of CKVx	STV = HIGH, load = 4.7 nF	Figure 8
	STV = LOW, load = 4.7 nF	Figure 9
Fall time / propagation delay of CKVx	STV = HIGH, load = 4.7 nF	Figure 10
	STV = LOW, load = 4.7 nF	Figure 11
Rise time / propagation delay of STVP	CPV1 = LOW, load = 4.7 nF	Figure 12
Fall time / propagation delay of STVP	CPV1 = LOW, load = 4.7 nF	Figure 13
STVP output	CPV1 = HIGH	Figure 14
	CPV1 = LOW	Figure 15
CKVx, CKVBx outputs	STV = HIGH	Figure 16
	STV = LOW	Figure 17

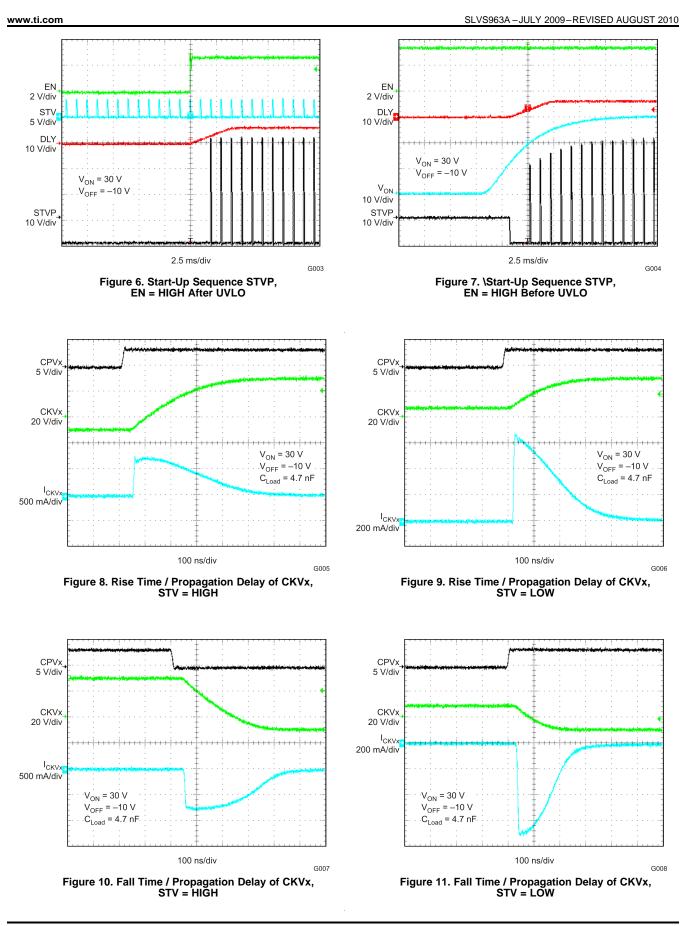




Submit Documentation Feedback

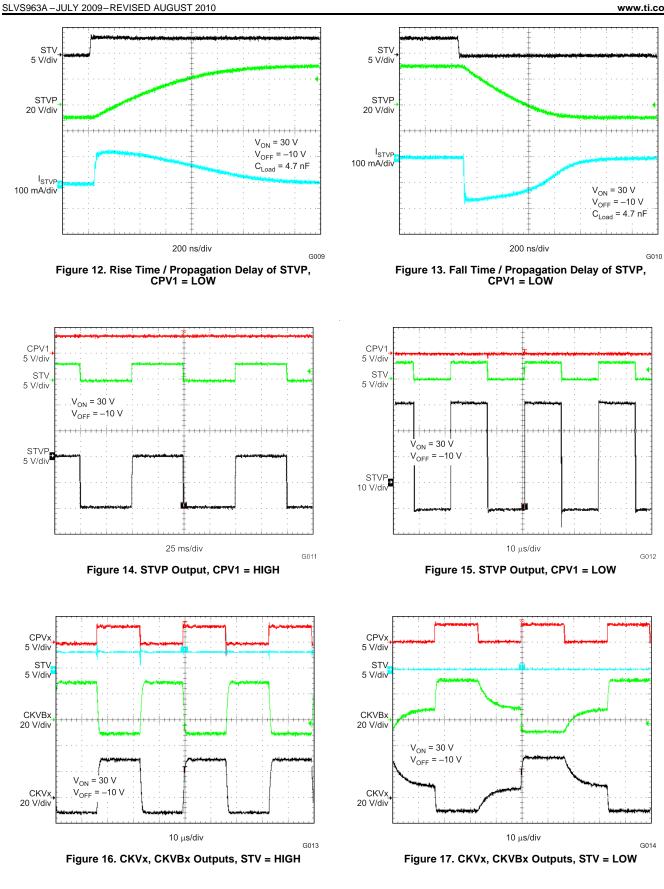
8







www.ti.com



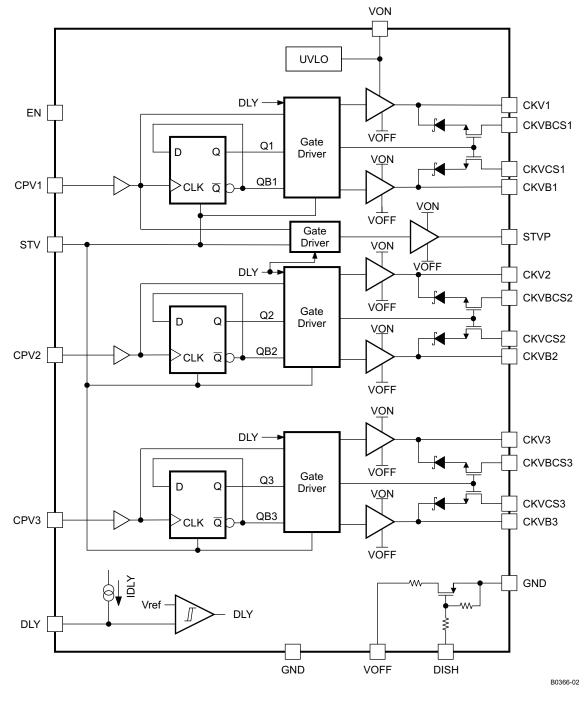
10 Submit Documentation Feedback Copyright © 2009-2010, Texas Instruments Incorporated



SLVS963A-JULY 2009-REVISED AUGUST 2010

BLOCK DIAGRAM

www.ti.com



DETAILED DESCRIPTION

UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT

The device has an undervoltage lockout feature to avoid improper operation of the device when input voltage VON is low. When VON is lower than 10 V, the device shuts down, and outputs CKVx, CKVBx, and STVP enter the high-impedance state.

Copyright © 2009–2010, Texas Instruments Incorporated



INPUT SIGNALS

The timing controller in the system provides input signals of TPS65191. STV is the synchronous signal for picture frames, and its frequency depends on frame rate. CPVx are the synchronous signals for horizontal lines, and their frequency depends on frame rate and vertical resolution.

OUTPUT SIGNALS

The STVP, CKVx, and CKVBx of scan-driver outputs are generated with internal switches. Table 1 and Table 2 show the logic diagrams of the scan-driver outputs.

INF	OUTPUT	
STV	CPV1	STVP
LOW	Don't care	VOFF
HIGH	LOW	VON
HIGH	HIGH	High impedance

Table	1	STVP		Diagram
Iable		0111	LUGIC	Diagram

INF	TUT	OUTPUT					
STV	CPVx	CKVx	CKVBx	CHARGE SHARE			
LOW	LOW	High impedance	High impedance	Enable			
LOW	Rising edge	Toggle state	Toggle state	Disable			
LOW	HIGH	Previous state	Previous state	Disable			
HIGH	LOW	VOFF	VON	Disable			
HIGH	HIGH	VON	VOFF	Disable			

OUTPUT CHARGE SHARE

Power dissipation can be reduced by the output charge share. Figure 18 shows the current flows when the charge share is enabled. CKVCSx and CKVBCSx are charge-share inputs. When the charge share is enabled, the charge that is in the capacitor of the positive voltage line is transferred to the capacitor of the negative voltage line. Charge-sharing resistors R_{CSx} and R_{BCSx} reduce the peak current into charge-share inputs, CKVCSx and CKVBCSx, during the output charge share. These resistors also control the slope of the output charge-share waveform. The smaller R_{CSx} and R_{BCSx} , the higher the peak current into the charge-share inputs and the steeper the slope of output charge-share waveform. The power dissipation in charge-sharing resistors should be taken into consideration. With 0603 size resistors, the power rating of two in parallel is good for most applications.



www.ti.com

SLVS963A – JULY 2009 – REVISED AUGUST 2010

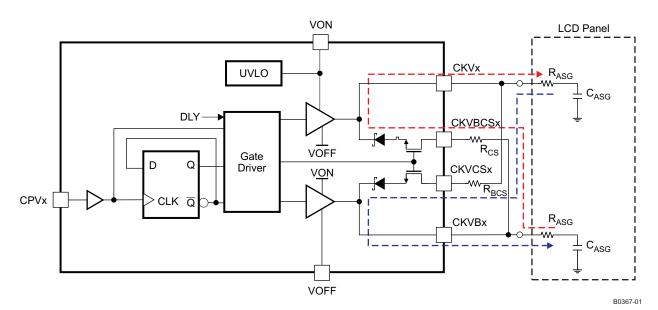


Figure 18. Single-Scan Driver Block Diagram

START-UP SEQUENCE (EN, DLY)

The TPS65191 has an adjustable start-up sequencing that is set by EN and DLY. When VON is below the UVLO threshold, all outputs are at high impedance. When EN is pulled LOW after UVLO threshold is reached, all outputs follow VOFF. Pulling EN high enables the device after a delay time set by the capacitor connected to DLY, and the delay time starts when EN = HIGH. If EN is pulled high before the UVLO threshold is reached, the delay starts when VON reaches the UVLO threshold. Pulling EN low disables the device, and outputs CKVx, CKVBx, and STVP follow VOFF as long as VON is higher than the UVLO threshold. For the typical start-up sequence, see Figure 19 and Figure 20.

SETTING THE DELAY TIME (DLY)

Connecting an external capacitor to the DLY pin sets the delay time. If no delay time is required, the DLY pin can be left floating. The external capacitor is charged with a constant-current source of typically 15 μ A. The delay time is terminated when the capacitor voltage reaches the internal reference voltage of 2.9 V, and the final DLY voltage on an external capacitor is maximum 8 V. The voltage rating of the external capacitor must be higher than 8 V.

The external delay capacitor is calculated using the following formula:

		_ Delay time
C _{DLY} =	R _{DLY}	200 kΩ

Example for setting a delay time of 10 ms:

$$C_{\text{DLY}} = \frac{10 \text{ ms}}{200 \text{ k}\Omega} = 50 \text{ nF} \approx 47 \text{ nF}$$

(2)

SLVS963A – JULY 2009 – REVISED AUGUST 2010

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

STV CPVx VOFF L UVLO VON Delay Time ΕN ___VREF DLY Charge Share CKVx High Charge ► Impedance Share CKVBx High Charge Impedance Share 11 High Impedance STVP High

Figure 19. Start-Up Sequence With EN = High After UVLO Threshold

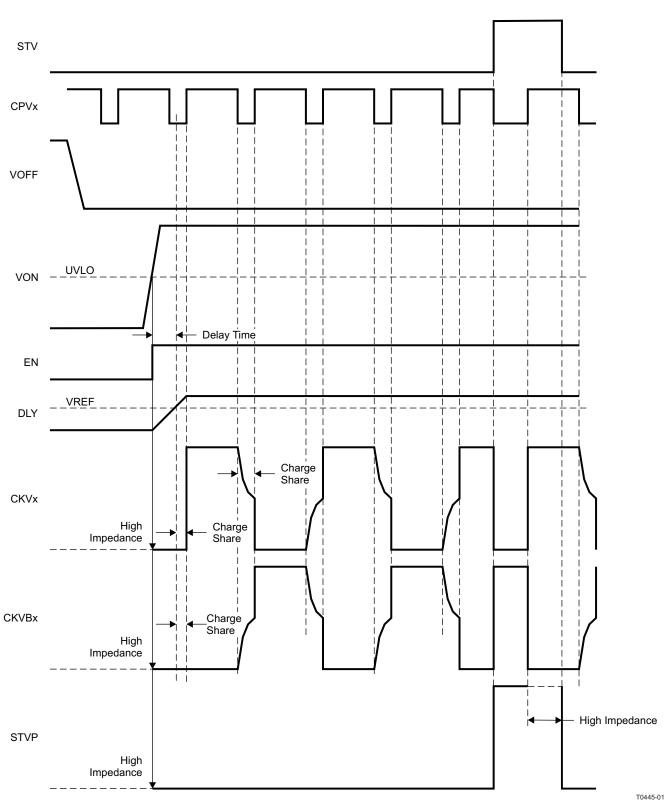
Impedance

T0444-01



www.ti.com







TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

SLVS963A – JULY 2009 – REVISED AUGUST 2010

TIMING DIAGRAM OF SCAN DRIVER

Figure 21 shows the typical timing diagram of the TPS65191.

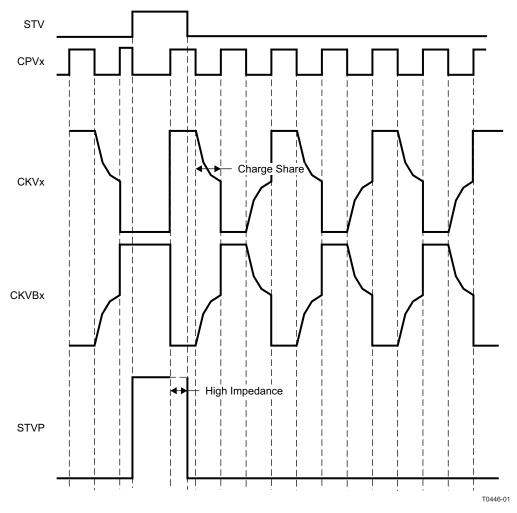


Figure 21. Scan Driver Timing Diagram

SUPPLY VOLTAGE VON and VOFF

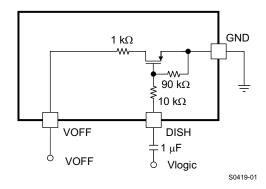
The TPS65191 drives the capacitive load. The high peak currents should be supplied from VON on the rising edges of the outputs and VOFF on the falling edges of the outputs, respectively. Bypass capacitors of 1 μ F must be placed as close as possible on both the VON and VOFF supplies. Depending on the peak current that the TPS65191 must deliver, the bypass capacitor can be bigger than 1 μ F.

VOFF DISCHARGE

DISH controls the VOFF discharging time during the system power off. Figure 22 shows a typical application for VOFF discharge. DISH is connected to the system logic voltage through a capacitor. During the power off, the system logic voltage falls, and the voltage on DISH falls below ground level. Internal switch turns on when DISH is below -0.6V and VOFF is connected to ground through $1k\Omega$, which helps VOFF discharge. A $1-\mu$ F DISH capacitor is good for most applications. Figure 23 shows the typical power-off sequence of VOFF discharging. VOFF discharge can be disabled by connecting DISH to GND directly.

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com





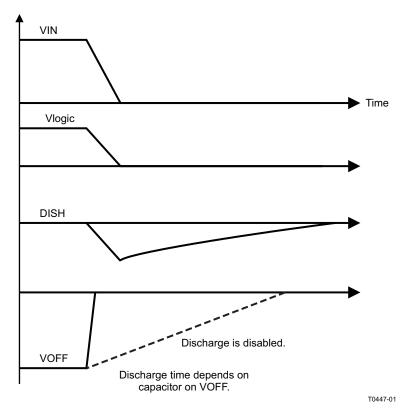


Figure 23. Power-Off Sequence of VOFF Discharge

SLVS963A – JULY 2009 – REVISED AUGUST 2010



www.ti.com

TYPICAL APPLICATION

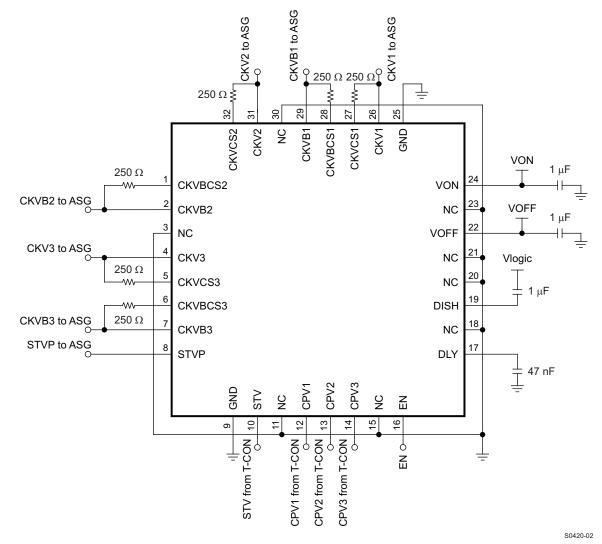


Figure 24. Typical Application With VOFF Discharge Enabled

SLVS963A - JULY 2009 - REVISED AUGUST 2010





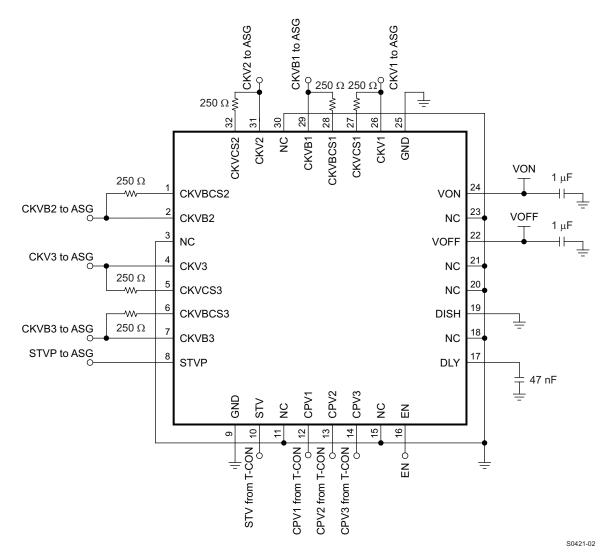


Figure 25. Typical Application With VOFF Discharge Disabled

SLVS963A – JULY 2009-REVISED AUGUST 2010

REVISION HISTORY

Cł	nanges from Revision Original (July 2009) to Revision A	Page
•	Changed upper voltage limit from 37 V to 40 V in three places in the Abs Max Ratings table	2

www.ti.com

Copyright © 2009–2010, Texas Instruments Incorporated



11-Apr-2013

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)		(3)		(4)	
TPS65191RHBR	ACTIVE	QFN	RHB	32	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TPS 65191	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) Multiple Top-Side Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Top-Side Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Top-Side Marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer:The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com

Texas Instruments

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS65191RHBR	QFN	RHB	32	3000	330.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.5	8.0	12.0	Q2

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

26-Jan-2013



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS65191RHBR	QFN	RHB	32	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) Package configuration.
- D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
- E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
- F. Falls within JEDEC MO-220.



RHB (S-PVQFN-N32)

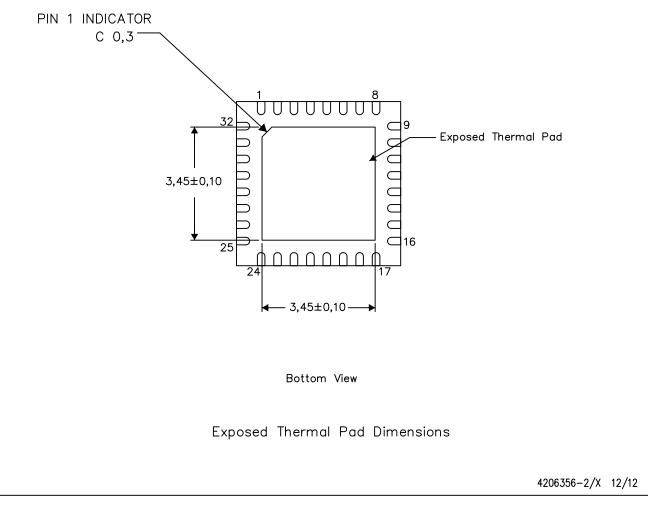
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.

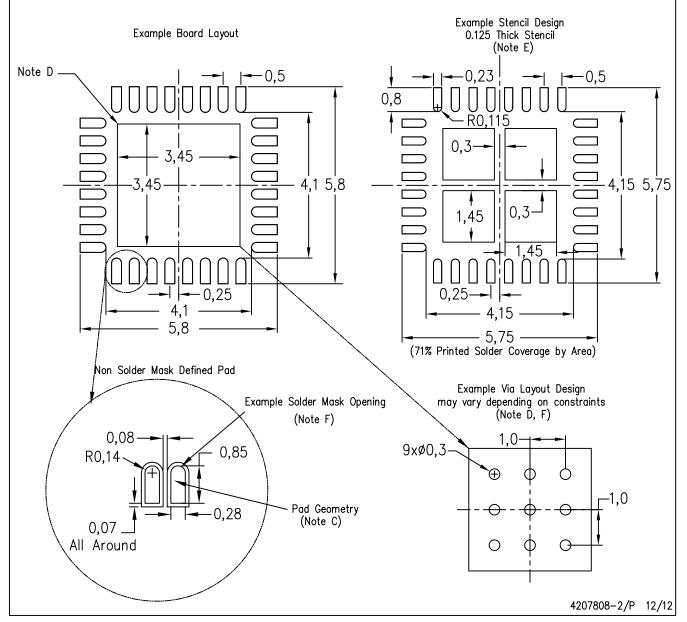


NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters



RHB (S-PVQFN-N32)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for recommended solder mask tolerances and via tenting recommendations for vias placed in the thermal pad.



IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have *not* been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

Products		Applications	
Audio	www.ti.com/audio	Automotive and Transportation	www.ti.com/automotive
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com	Communications and Telecom	www.ti.com/communications
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com	Computers and Peripherals	www.ti.com/computers
DLP® Products	www.dlp.com	Consumer Electronics	www.ti.com/consumer-apps
DSP	dsp.ti.com	Energy and Lighting	www.ti.com/energy
Clocks and Timers	www.ti.com/clocks	Industrial	www.ti.com/industrial
Interface	interface.ti.com	Medical	www.ti.com/medical
Logic	logic.ti.com	Security	www.ti.com/security
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com	Space, Avionics and Defense	www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com	Video and Imaging	www.ti.com/video
RFID	www.ti-rfid.com		
OMAP Applications Processors	www.ti.com/omap	TI E2E Community	e2e.ti.com
Wireless Connectivity	www.ti.com/wirelessconne	ectivity	

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2013, Texas Instruments Incorporated