LMC272

LMC272 CMOS Dual Low Cost Rail to Rail Output Operational Amplifier



Literature Number: SNOS892

December 1996

LMC272 CMOS Dual Low Cost Rail to Rail Output Operational Amplifier

National Semiconductor

LMC272 CMOS Dual Low Cost Rail to Rail Output Operational Amplifier

General Description

The LMC272 is a CMOS dual operational amplifier with rail-to-rail output swing and an input common voltage range that extends below the negative supply. Other performance characteristics include low voltage operation, low bias current, excellent channel-to-channel isolation, good bandwidth performance and a competitive price.

These devices are available in MSOP package which is about half the size of a SO-8 device. This enables the designer to fit the device in extremely small applications.

The LMC272C is a direct replacement for TLC272C with performance which meets or exceeds the TLC272C's guaranteed limits in the commercial temperature range when operating from a supply of 2.7V to 15V (see Electrical Characteristics table for details).

These features make this cost effective device ideal for new designs as well as for upgrading existing designs. Applications include hand-held analytic instruments, transducer amplifiers, sample and hold circuits, etc.

Features

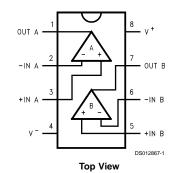
(Typical unless otherwise noted) $V_S = 5V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

- Output Swing to within 60 mV of supply rail (10 kΩ load)
- High voltage gain: 90 dB
- Unity gain-bandwidth: 2.0 MHz
- Wide supply voltage: 2.7V to 15V
- Characterized for: 2.7V, 5V, 10V
- Low supply current: 0.975 mA/amplifier
- Input voltage range: -0.3V to 4.2V

Applications

- Portable instruments
- Upgrade for TLC272C and TS272C
- Photodetector preamplifiers
- D/A converters
- Filters

Connection Diagram



Ordering Information

Package	Ordering	NSC Drawing	Package	Supplied as
	Information	Number	Marking	
8-pin Molded DIP	LMC272CN	N08E	LMC272CN	Rails
8-pin SO-8	LMC272CM	M08A	LMC272CM	Rails
	LMC272CMX	M08A	LMC272CM	2.5k Tape and Reel
MSOP	LMC272CMM	MUA08A	A07	Rails
	LMC272CMMX	MUA08A	A07	3k Tape and Reel

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

•

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

ESD Tolerance (Note 2)	2 kV
Differential Input Voltage	±Supply Voltages
Voltage at Input/Output Pin	(V ⁺)+0.3V, (V ⁻)-0.3V
Supply Voltage (V ⁺ – V ⁻):	16V
Current at Input Pin (Note 10)	±5 mA
Current at Output Pin (Note 3) (Note 7)	±30 mA
Lead Temperature	
(soldering, 10 sec.)	260°C

 Storage Temp. Range
 -65°C to +150°C

 Junction Temperature (Note 4)
 150°C

 Operating Ratings(Note 1)
 150°C

Supply Voltage	$2.5V \le V_S \le 15V$
Junction Temperature Range	
LMC272C	$0^{\circ}C \le T_{J} \le +70^{\circ}C$
Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA})	
N Package, 8-pin Molded DIP	115° C/W
M Package, 8-pin Surface Mount	177° C/W
MSOP Package	235° C/W

2.7V DC Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, all limits guaranteed for $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$, $V^+ = 2.7V$, $V^- = 0V$, $V_{CM} = V_O = V^+/2$, R_L to ground, and $R_L > 1 M\Omega$. **Boldface** limits apply at the temperature extremes

			Тур	LMC272C	
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	(Note 5)	Limit	Units
				(Note 6)	
Vos	Input Offset Voltage	$V_{O} = 1.4V, R_{S} = 50, V_{CM} = 0V, R_{L} = 10k$	1.40	7	mV
				9	max
TCV _{OS}	Temp. Coefficient of	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$	3.9		µV/°C
	Input Offset Voltage				
I _B	Input Bias Current		1	64	pА
					max
l _{os}	Input Offset Current		0.5	32	pА
					max
CMRR	Common Mode	$V_{CM} = -0.2V$ to 1.2V	77	65	dB
	Rejection Ratio			60	min
PSRR	Power Supply	V+ = 2.7V to 5V, V_0 = 1.4V	75	65	dB
	Rejection Ratio			60	min
V _{CM}	Input Common-Mode	CMRR ≥ 50 dB	1.7	1.5	V
	Voltage Range			1.2	min
			-0.3	-0.2	V
				-0.2	max
A _V	Large Signal Voltage	$V_{\rm O}$ = 0.25V to 2.45V, R _L = 10k	88		dB
	Gain				
Vo	Output Swing	$R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, V_{ID} = 100 \text{ mV}$	2.64	2.55	V
		(Note 11)			min
		$V_{ID} = -100 \text{ mV}$	0	20	mV
		(Note 11)		25	max
I _{sc}	Output Short Circuit	Sourcing, V _{ID} = 100 mV	3.7		mA
	Current	(Note 11)			
		Sinking, $V_{ID} = -100 \text{ mV}$	2.5		mA
		(Note 11)			
I _s	Total Supply Current		1.60	2.5	mA
				3.0	max

			Тур	LMC272C	-
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	(Note 5)	Limit	Units
				(Note 6)	
SR	Slew Rate (Note 8)	$A_V = +1, R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega,$			
		$VI = 1 V_{PP}, C_{L} = 20 pF$	1.7		V/µs
		(Note 12)			
GBW	Unity Gain Frequency	$VI = 10 \text{ mV}_{PP}, C_L = 20 \text{ pF}$	1.9		MHz
		(Note 12)			
φ _m	Phase Margin	VI = 10 mV _{PP} , C _L = 20 pF	39		Deg
		(Note 12)			
e _n	Input-Referred	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}, R_S = 20\Omega$	27		nV
	Voltage Noise				√Hz
i _n	Input-Referred	f = 1 kHz	0.0015		pА
	Current Noise				pA √Hz
f _{max}	Full Power Bandwidth	$V_{\rm S}$ = 10V, $C_{\rm L}$ = 20 pF, $R_{\rm L}$ = 20 k Ω	120		kHz
	Amp-to-Amp Isolation	(Note 9)	150		dB
THD	Total Harmonic	$A_V = +1, V_{IN} = 0.7V_{PP}$	0.035		%
	Distortion	f = 1 kHz			

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ (Note 5)	LMC272C Limit (Note 6)	Units
V _{os}	Input Offset Voltage	V _O = 1.4V, R _S = 50,	1.75	7	mV
		$R_{L} = 10k, V_{CM} = 0V$		9	max
rcv _{os}	Temp. Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$	3.3		µV/°C
В	Input Bias Current		1	64	pA max
os	Input Offset Current		0.5	32	pA max
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = -0.2V \text{ to } 3.5V$	77	65 60	dB min
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V+ = 5V to 10V, V_0 = 1.4V	88	65 60	dB min
V _{CM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	CMRR ≥ 50 dB	4.2	4 3.5	V min
			-0.3	-0.2 - 0.2	V max
A _V	Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_{\rm O}$ = 0.25V to 2V, R _L = 10k	90	80 72	dB min
Vo	Output Swing	$R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ V}_{ID} = 100 \text{ mV}$ (Note 11)	4.94	4.85 4.75	V min
		V _{ID} = -100 mV (Note 11)	0	20 25	mV max
sc	Output Short Circuit Current	Sourcing, V _{ID} = 100 mV (Note 11)	16		mA
		Sinking, $V_{ID} = -100 \text{ mV}$ (Note 11)	16		mA
S			1.95	3.2 3.6	mA max

. .

Γ

			Тур	LMC272C	
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	(Note 5)	Limit	Units
				(Note 6)	
SR	Slew Rate (Note 8)	$A_{V} = +1, R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega,$			V/µs
		$VI = 1 V_{PP}, C_L = 20 pF$	2.5		
		(Note 12)			
		$A_V = +1, R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega,$			
		$VI = 2.5 V_{PP}, C_{L} = 20 pF$	2.5		
		(Note 12)			
GBW	Unity Gain Frequency	VI = 10 mV, C _L = 20 pF	2.0		MHz
		(Note 12)			
φ _m	Phase Margin	VI = 10 mV, C _L = 20 pF	43		Deg
		(Note 12)			
e _n	Input-Referred	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}, R_S = 20\Omega$	25		nV
	Voltage Noise				√Hz
i _n	Input-Referred	f = 1 kHz	0.0015		pА
	Current Noise				pA √Hz
f _{max}	Full Power Bandwidth	$V_{\rm S}$ = 10V, $C_{\rm L}$ = 20 pF, $R_{\rm L}$ = 20 k Ω	120		kHz
	Amp-to-Amp Isolation	(Note 9)	150		dB
THD	Total Harmonic	$A_V = +1, V_{IN} = 2.5 V_{PP}$	0.015		%
	Distortion	f = 1 kHz			

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ (Note 5)	LMC272C Limit (Note 6)	Units
/ _{os}	Input Offset Voltage	V _O = 1.4V, R _S = 50,	2.1	7	mV
		$R_L = 10k, V_{CM} = 0V$		9	max
rcv _{os}	Temp. Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to $70^{\circ}C$	3.6		µV/°C
В	Input Bias Current		1	64	pA max
os	Input Offset Current		0.5	32	pA max
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = -0.2V$ to 8.5V	77	65 60	dB min
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V+ = 5V to 10V, V_0 = 1.4V	88	65 60	dB min
V _{CM}	Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	CMRR ≥ 50 dB	9.2	9 8.5	V
	Voltage Halige		-0.3	-0.2 - 0.2	V
A _V	Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_{\rm O} = 1V \text{ to } 6V, R_{\rm L} = 10k$	95	85 78	dB min
Vo	Output Swing	R _L = 10 kΩ, V _{ID} = 100 mV (Note 11)	9.93	9.85 9.75	V min
		$V_{ID} = -100 \text{ mV}$ (Note 11)	33	45 50	mV max
sc	Output Short Circuit Current	Sourcing, V _{ID} = 100 mV (Note 11)	55		mA
		Sinking, $V_{ID} = -100 \text{ mV}$ (Note 11)	25		mA
S	Total Supply Current		2.25	3.6 4.0	mA max

•

			Тур	LMC272C	
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	(Note 5)	Limit (Note 6)	Units
SR	Slew Rate (Note 8)	$A_{V} = +1, R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega,$			V/µs
		$VI = 1 V_{PP}, C_{L} = 20 pF$ (Note 12)	2.65		
		$A_V = +1, R_L = 10 kΩ,$ VI = 5.5 V _{PP} , C _L = 20 pF (Note 12)	2.65		
GBW	Unity Gain Frequency	VI = 10 mV, C_{L} = 20 pF (Note 12)	2.1		MHz
φ _m	Phase Margin	VI = 10 mV, C_L = 20 pF (Note 12)	44		Deg
e _n	Input-Referred Voltage Noise	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}, R_S = 20\Omega$	25		nV √Hz
i _n	Input-Referred Current Noise	f = 1 kHz	0.0015		pA √Hz
f _{max}	Full Power Bandwidth	$C_{L} = 20 \text{ pF}, R_{L} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$	120		kHz
	Amp-to-Amp Isolation	(Note 9)	150		dB
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion	$A_V = +1, V_{IN} = 5 V_{PP}$ f = 1 kHz	0.005		%

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is in tended to be functional, but specific performance is not guaranteed. For guaranteed specifications and the test conditions, see the Electrical characteristics. Note 2: Human body model, 1.5 kΩ in series with 100 pF.

Note 3: Applies to both single-supply and split-supply operation. Continuous short circuit operation at elevated ambient temperature can result in exceeding the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C. Output currents in excess of ±30 mA over long term may adversely affect reliability.

Note 4: The maximum power dissipation is a function of $T_{J(max)}$, θ_{JA} , and T_A . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is $P_D = (T_{J(max)} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$. All numbers apply for packages soldered directly into a PC board.

Note 5: Typical Values represent the most likely parametric norm.

Note 6: All limits are guaranteed by testing or statistical analysis.

Note 7: Do not short circuit output to V+, when V+ is greater than 13V or reliability will be adversely affected.

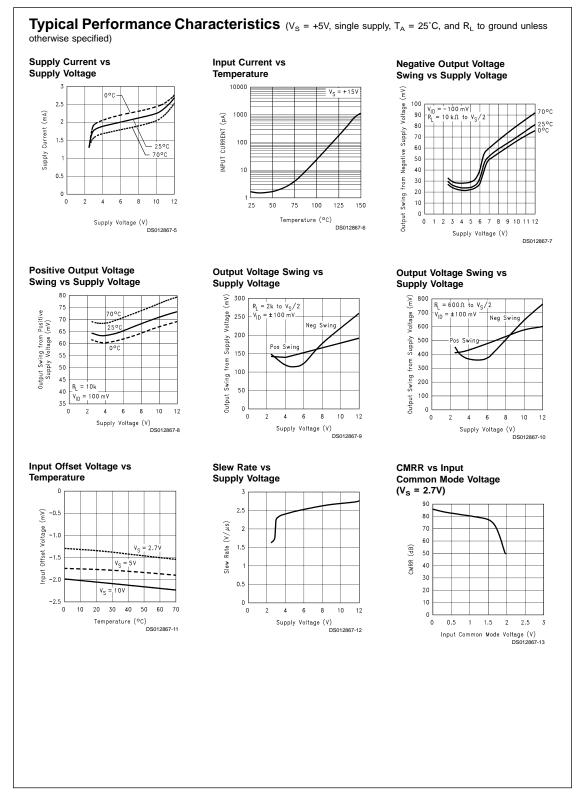
Note 8: Slew rate is the slower of the rising and falling slew rates.

Note 9: Input referred, V+ = 10V and R_L = 100 k Ω connected to 5V. Each amp excited in turn with 1 kHz to produce about 10 V_{PP} output.

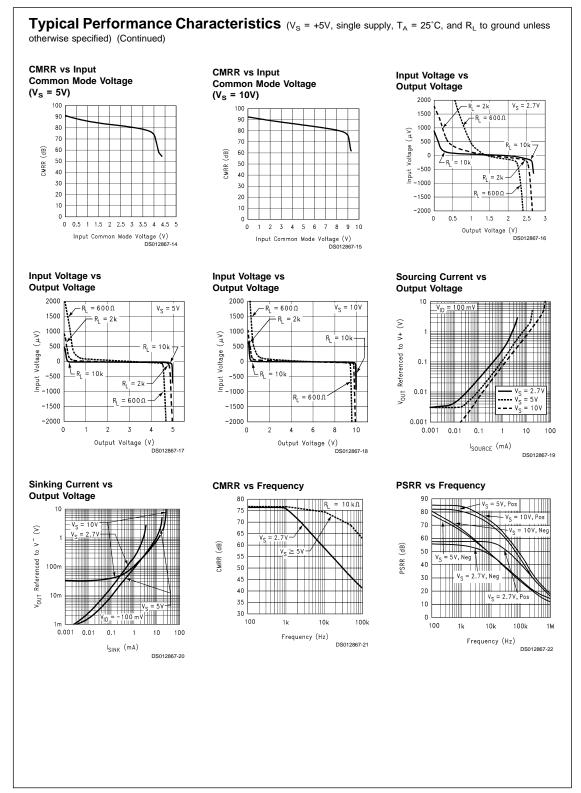
Note 10: Limiting input pin current is only necessary for input voltages that exceed absolute maximum input voltage ratings.

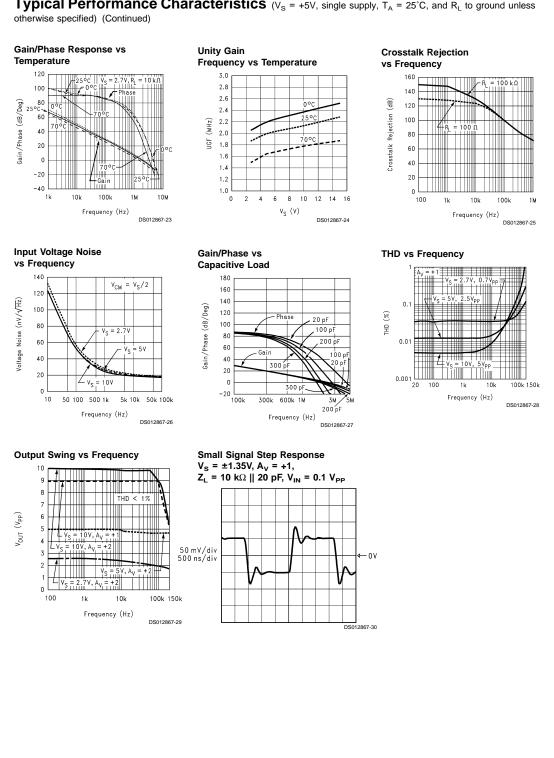
Note 11: V_{ID} is the differential voltage on the non-inverting input with respect to the inverting input.

Note 12: V_I is the input voltage.

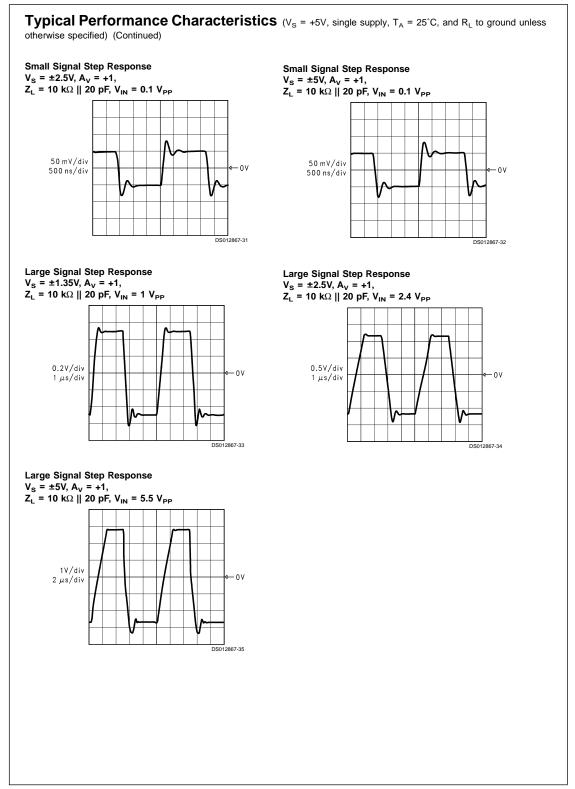


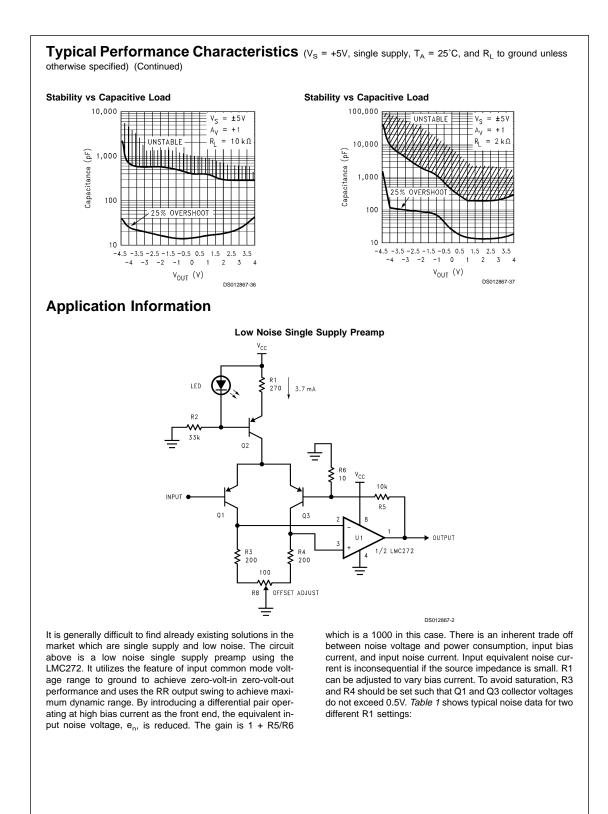
8





Typical Performance Characteristics ($V_s = +5V$, single supply, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, and R_L to ground unless

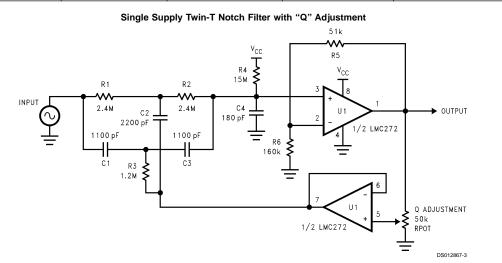




12

Application Information (Continued)

TABLE 1. Equivalent Input Noise Voltage, en, for Two Different Values of R1							
Ω	mA	nV/√ Hz			nV/√ Hz		
R1	I _C (Q1, 3)	e _n (100 Hz)	e _n (1 kHz)	e _n (10 kHz)			
270	1.85	3.2	2.0	1.7			
1000	0.50	5.3	2.4	1.9			



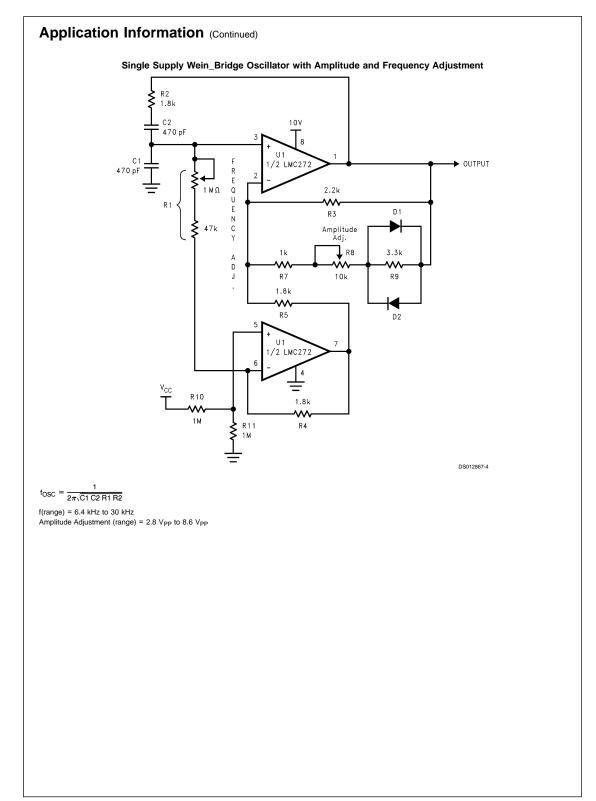
Here is another application for the LMC272. This is a single supply notch filter set for 60 Hz using the component values shown, but the frequency can be changed using the equations below. The main feature of this circuit is its ability to adjust the filter selectivity (Q) using RPOT. You can trade off notch depth for Q. Table 2 shows data for two different settings. The LMC272 lends itself nicely to general purpose applications like this because it is very well behaved and easy to use. This filter can operate from 2.7V to 15V supplies. Component value matching is important to achieve good results. Here R4 is used to set the input to within the common mode range of the device to allow maximum swing on the non-inverting input (pin 3). Since R1, R2, and R4 form a voltage divider at low frequencies, C4 is added to introduce a high frequency attenuation in conjunction with C1, and C3. R5 and R6 were picked to set the pass band gain to 0 dB.

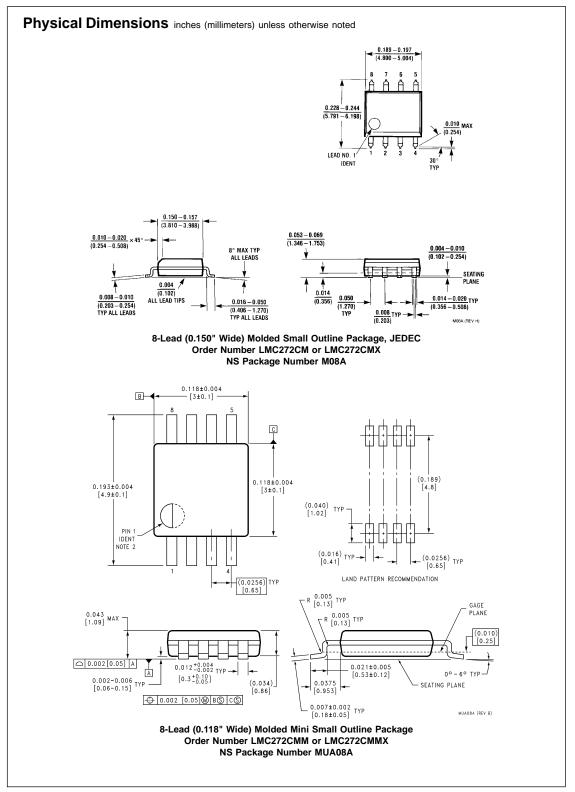
R = R1 = R2 = 2R3 C = C1 = C3 = C2/2

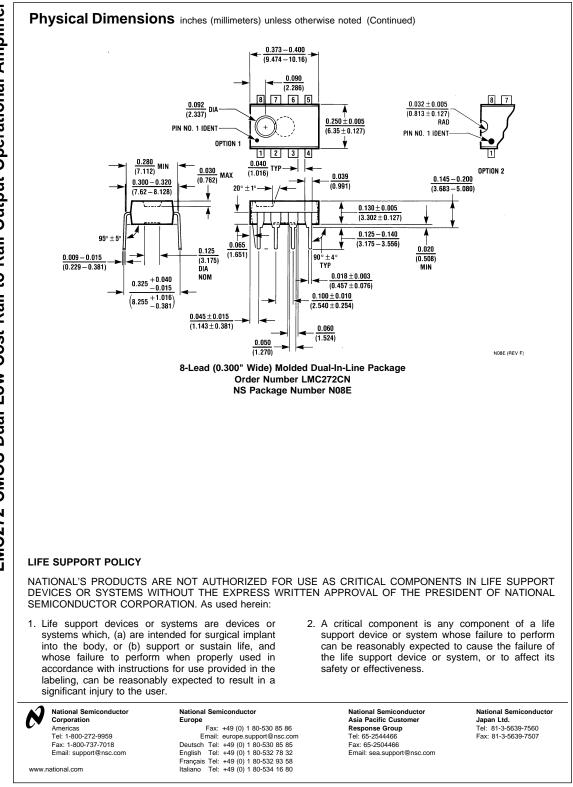
$$f(notch) = \frac{1}{2\pi RC}; C4 = \frac{R \cdot C}{R4}, Q = \frac{f(notch)}{BW}$$

TABLE 2. Filter Selectivity (Q) vs Notch Depth

	(dB)
Q	Notch Depth
0.3	40
6	17







IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

TI products are not authorized for use in safety-critical applications (such as life support) where a failure of the TI product would reasonably be expected to cause severe personal injury or death, unless officers of the parties have executed an agreement specifically governing such use. Buyers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their applications, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of TI products in such safety-critical applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Further, Buyers must fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of TI products in such safety-critical applications.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments unless the TI products are specifically designated by TI as military-grade or "enhanced plastic." Only products designated by TI as military-grade meet military specifications. Buyers acknowledge and agree that any such use of TI products which TI has not designated as military-grade is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that they are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in automotive applications or environments unless the specific TI products are designated by TI as compliant with ISO/TS 16949 requirements. Buyers acknowledge and agree that, if they use any non-designated products in automotive applications, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet such requirements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

Products		Applications	
Audio	www.ti.com/audio	Communications and Telecom	www.ti.com/communications
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com	Computers and Peripherals	www.ti.com/computers
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com	Consumer Electronics	www.ti.com/consumer-apps
DLP® Products	www.dlp.com	Energy and Lighting	www.ti.com/energy
DSP	dsp.ti.com	Industrial	www.ti.com/industrial
Clocks and Timers	www.ti.com/clocks	Medical	www.ti.com/medical
Interface	interface.ti.com	Security	www.ti.com/security
Logic	logic.ti.com	Space, Avionics and Defense	www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com	Transportation and Automotive	www.ti.com/automotive
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com	Video and Imaging	www.ti.com/video
RFID	www.ti-rfid.com		
OMAP Mobile Processors	www.ti.com/omap		
Wireless Connectivity	www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity		
		u Hama Dawa	a O a Al a a m

TI E2E Community Home Page

e2e.ti.com

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2011, Texas Instruments Incorporated