

## LF411 Low Offset, Low Drift JFET Input Operational Amplifier

Check for Samples: [LF411-N](#)

### FEATURES

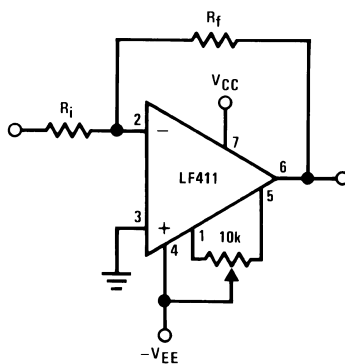
- Internally trimmed offset voltage: 0.5 mV(max)
- Input offset voltage drift: 10  $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ (max)
- Low input bias current: 50 pA
- Low input noise current: 0.01 pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
- Wide gain bandwidth: 3 MHz(min)
- High slew rate: 10V/ $\mu\text{s}$ (min)
- Low supply current: 1.8 mA
- High input impedance:  $10^{12}\Omega$
- Low total harmonic distortion:  $\leq 0.02\%$
- Low 1/f noise corner: 50 Hz
- Fast settling time to 0.01%: 2  $\mu\text{s}$

### DESCRIPTION

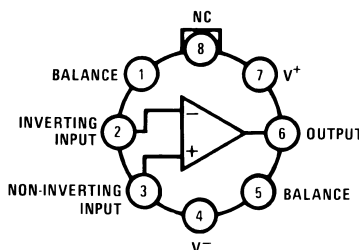
These devices are low cost, high speed, JFET input operational amplifiers with very low input offset voltage and specified input offset voltage drift. They require low supply current yet maintain a large gain bandwidth product and fast slew rate. In addition, well matched high voltage JFET input devices provide very low input bias and offset currents. The LF411 is pin compatible with the standard LM741 allowing designers to immediately upgrade the overall performance of existing designs.

These amplifiers may be used in applications such as high speed integrators, fast D/A converters, sample and hold circuits and many other circuits requiring low input offset voltage and drift, low input bias current, high input impedance, high slew rate and wide bandwidth.

### Typical Connection


**Figure 1.**

### Connection Diagram



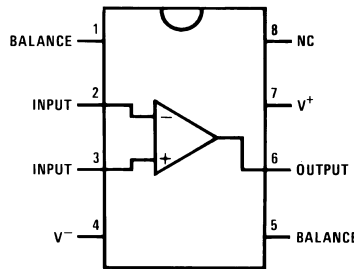
**Note:** Pin 4 connected to case.

**Figure 2. TO – Top View  
See Package Number NEV0008A**


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**Figure 3. PDIP – Top View**  
See Package Number P0008E



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>**

	<b>LF411A</b>	<b>LF411</b>
Supply Voltage	±22V	±18V
Differential Input Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	±38V	±30V
	±19V	±15V
Output Short Circuit Duration	Continuous	Continuous
	<b>TO Package</b>	<b>PDIP Package</b>
Power Dissipation <sup>(3) (4)</sup>	670 mW	670 mW
T <sub>j,max</sub>	150°C	115°C
θ <sub>jA</sub>	162°C/W (Still Air)	120°C/W
	65°C/W (400 LF/min Air Flow)	
θ <sub>jC</sub>	20°C/W	
Operating Temp. Range	See <sup>(5)</sup>	See <sup>(5)</sup>
Storage Temp. Range	-65°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 150°C	-65°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 150°C
Lead Temp. (Soldering, 10 sec.)	260°C	260°C
ESD Tolerance		Rating to be determined.

- (1) "Absolute Maximum Ratings" indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is functional, but do not ensure specific performance limits.
- (2) Unless otherwise specified the absolute maximum negative input voltage is equal to the negative power supply voltage.
- (3) For operating at elevated temperature, these devices must be derated based on a thermal resistance of θ<sub>jA</sub>.
- (4) Max. Power Dissipation is defined by the package characteristics. Operating the part near the Max. Power Dissipation may cause the part to operate outside specified limits.
- (5) These devices are available in both the commercial temperature range 0°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ 70°C and the military temperature range -55°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ 125°C. The temperature range is designated by the position just before the package type in the device number. A "C" indicates the commercial temperature range and an "M" indicates the military temperature range. The military temperature range is available in the TO package only.

**DC Electrical Characteristics (1)(2)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LF411A			LF411			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
$V_{OS}$	Input Offset Voltage	$R_S=10\text{ k}\Omega$ , $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$		0.3	0.5		0.8	2.0	mV
$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	Average TC of Input Offset Voltage	$R_S=10\text{ k}\Omega$ <sup>(3)</sup>		7	10		7	20 <sup>(3)</sup>	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{OS}$	Input Offset Current	$V_S=\pm 15\text{V}$ <sup>(2) (4)</sup>	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	25	100		25	100	pA
			$T_j=70^\circ\text{C}$			2		2	nA
			$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			25		25	nA
$I_B$	Input Bias Current	$V_S=\pm 15\text{V}$ <sup>(2) (4)</sup>	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	50	200		50	200	pA
			$T_j=70^\circ\text{C}$			4		4	nA
			$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			50		50	nA
$R_{IN}$	Input Resistance	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		$10^{12}$		$10^{12}$		$\Omega$	
$A_{VOL}$	Large Signal Voltage	$V_S=\pm 15\text{V}$ , $V_O=\pm 10\text{V}$ ,	50	200		25	200		V/mV
	Gain	$R_L=2\text{k}$ , $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ Over Temperature	25	200		15	200		V/mV
$V_O$	Output Voltage Swing	$V_S=\pm 15\text{V}$ , $R_L=10\text{k}$	$\pm 12$	$\pm 13.5$		$\pm 12$	$\pm 13.5$		V
$V_{CM}$	Input Common-Mode		$\pm 16$	+19.5		$\pm 11$	+14.5		V
	Voltage Range			-16.5			-11.5		V
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$R_S\leq 10\text{k}$	80	100		70	100		dB
PSRR	Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	See <sup>(5)</sup>	80	100		70	100		dB
$I_S$	Supply Current			1.8	2.8		1.8	3.4	mA

(1) RETS 411X for LF411MH and LF411MJ military specifications.

(2) Unless otherwise specified, the specifications apply over the full temperature range and for  $V_S=\pm 20\text{V}$  for the LF411A and for  $V_S=\pm 15\text{V}$  for the LF411.  $V_{OS}$ ,  $I_B$ , and  $I_{OS}$  are measured at  $V_{CM}=0$ .

(3) The LF411A is 100% tested to this specification. The LF411 is sample tested to insure at least 90% of the units meet this specification.

(4) The input bias currents are junction leakage currents which approximately double for every  $10^\circ\text{C}$  increase in the junction temperature,  $T_j$ . Due to limited production test time, the input bias currents measured are correlated to junction temperature. In normal operation the junction temperature rises above the ambient temperature as a result of internal power dissipation,  $P_D$ .  $T_j=T_A+\theta_{jA} P_D$  where  $\theta_{jA}$  is the thermal resistance from junction to ambient. Use of a heat sink is recommended if input bias current is to be kept to a minimum.

(5) Supply voltage rejection ratio is measured for both supply magnitudes increasing or decreasing simultaneously in accordance with common practice, from  $\pm 15\text{V}$  to  $\pm 5\text{V}$  for the LF411 and from  $\pm 20\text{V}$  to  $\pm 5\text{V}$  for the LF411A.

**AC Electrical Characteristic (1)(2)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	LF411A			LF411			Units
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
SR	Slew Rate	$V_S=\pm 15\text{V}$ , $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	10	15		8	15		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
GBW	Gain-Bandwidth Product	$V_S=\pm 15\text{V}$ , $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	3	4		2.7	4		MHz
$e_n$	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ , $R_S=100\Omega$ , $f=1\text{ kHz}$		25			25		nV / $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
$i_n$	Equivalent Input Noise Current	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ , $f=1\text{ kHz}$		0.01			0.01		pA / $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion	$A_V=+10$ , $R_L=10\text{k}$ , $V_O=20$ $V_{p-p}$ , BW=20 Hz–20 kHz		<0.02			<0.02		%

(1) Unless otherwise specified, the specifications apply over the full temperature range and for  $V_S=\pm 20\text{V}$  for the LF411A and for  $V_S=\pm 15\text{V}$  for the LF411.  $V_{OS}$ ,  $I_B$ , and  $I_{OS}$  are measured at  $V_{CM}=0$ .

(2) RETS 411X for LF411MH and LF411MJ military specifications.

### Typical Performance Characteristics

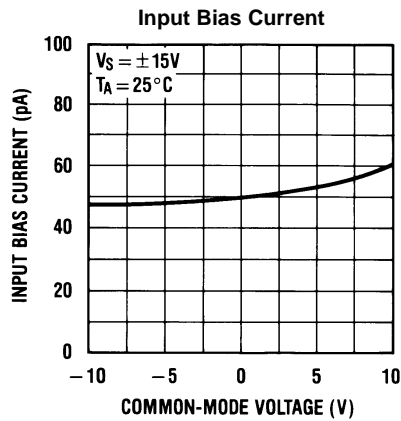


Figure 4.

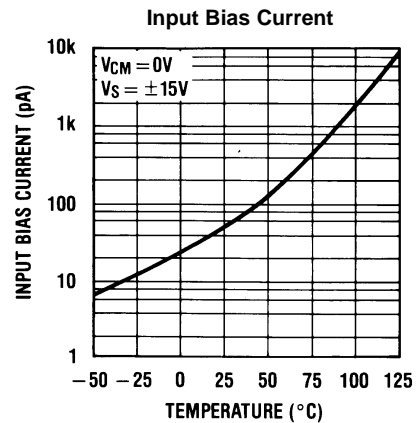


Figure 5.

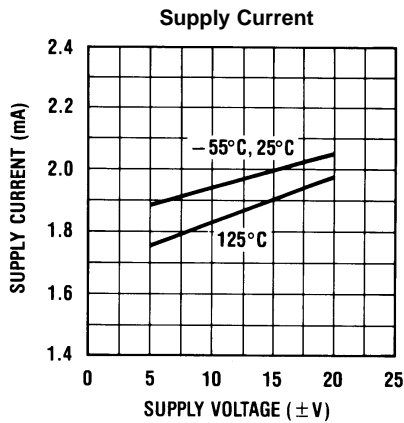


Figure 6.

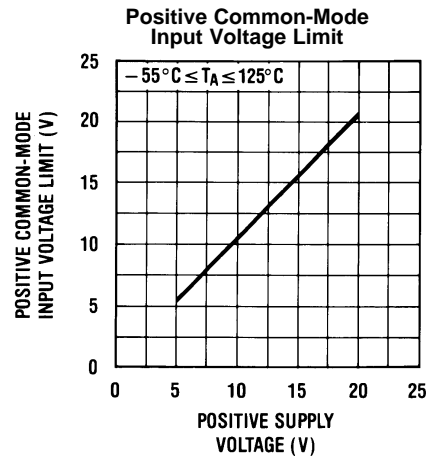


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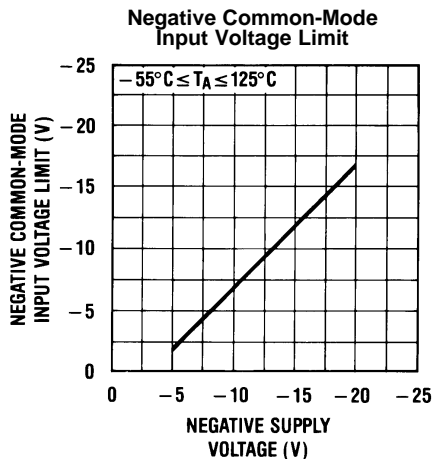


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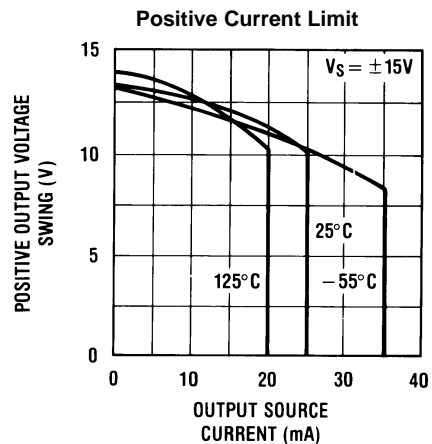


Figure 9.

Typical Performance Characteristics (continued)

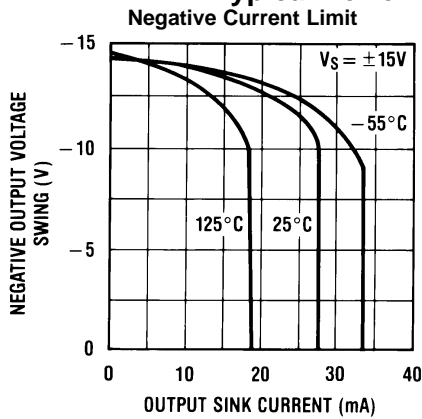


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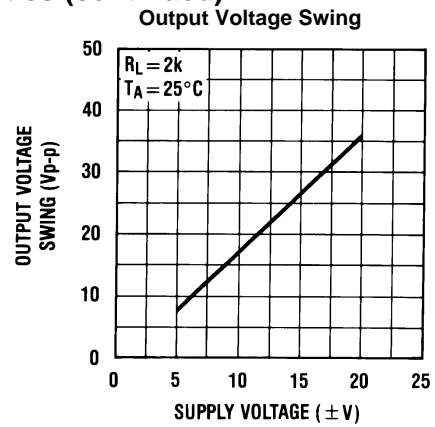


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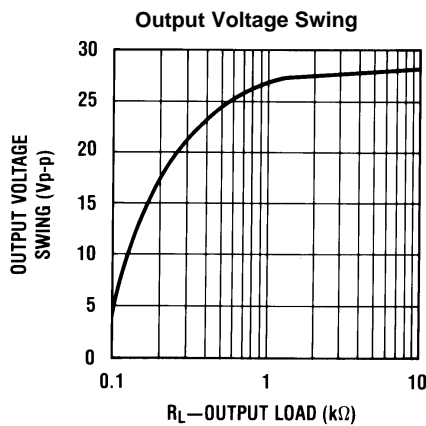


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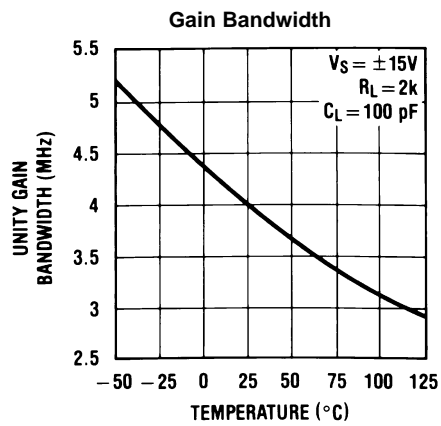


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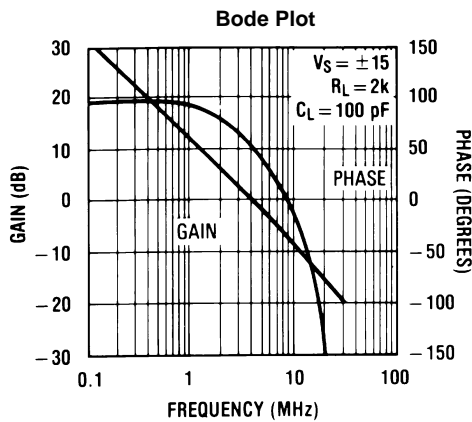


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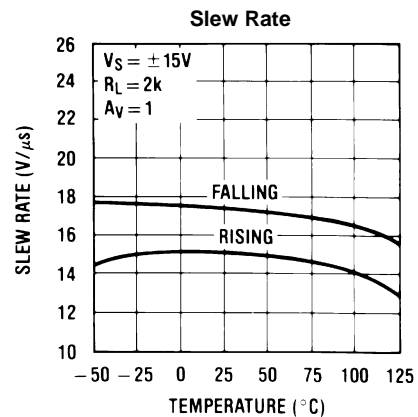
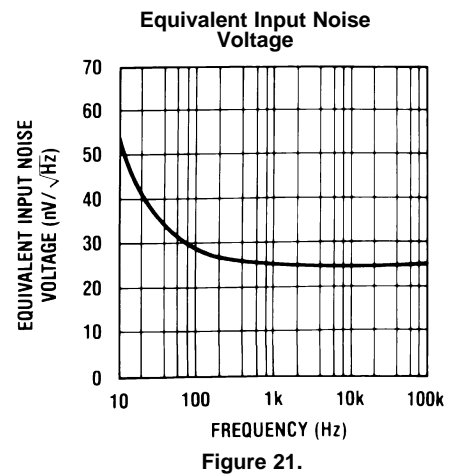
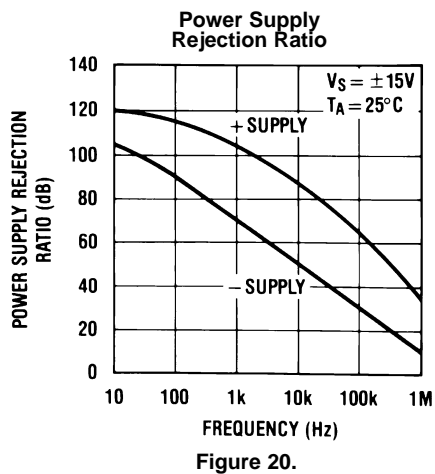
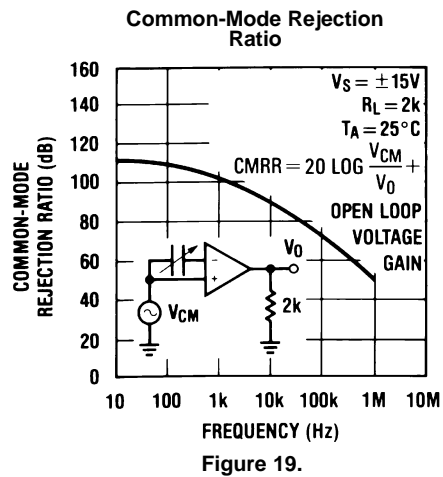
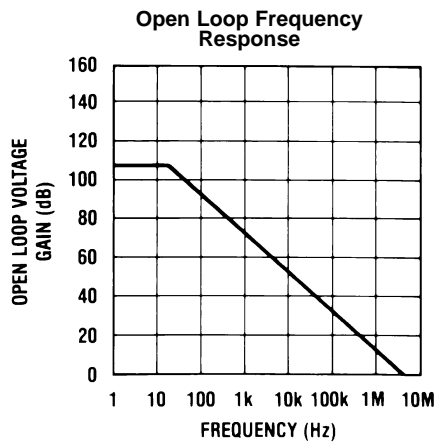
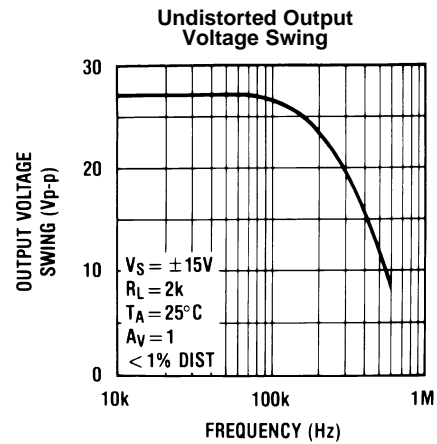
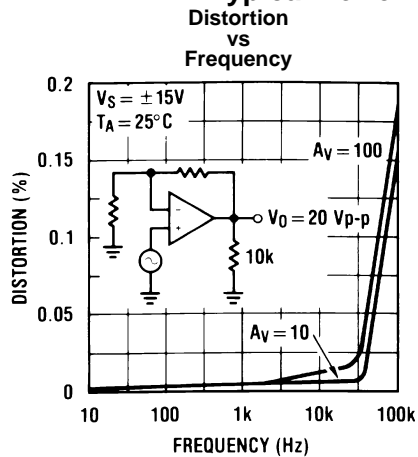


Figure 15.

Typical Performance Characteristics (continued)



Typical Performance Characteristics (continued)

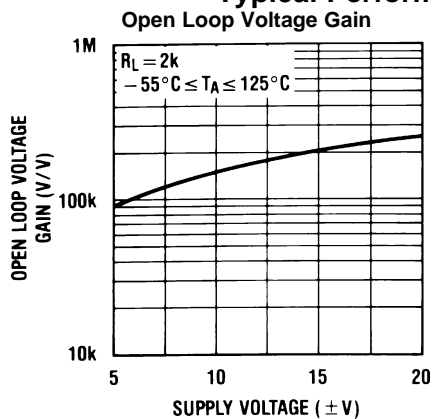


Figure 22.

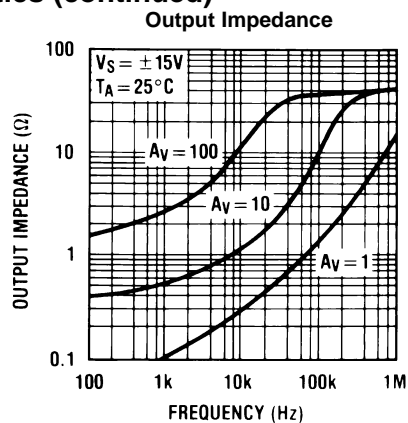


Figure 23.

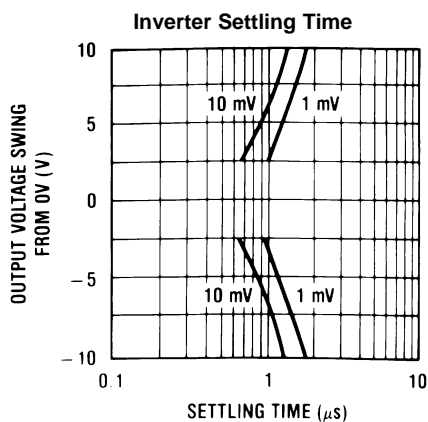


Figure 24.

PULSE RESPONSE ( $R_L=2\text{ K}\Omega$ ,  $C_L10\text{ PF}$ )

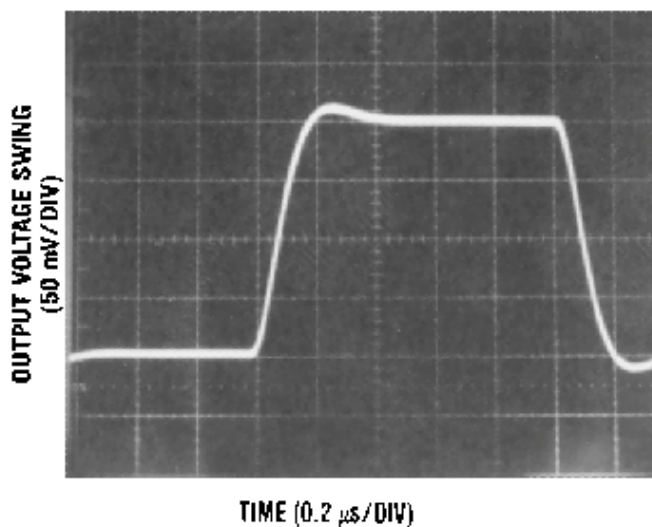


Figure 25. Small Signal Inverting

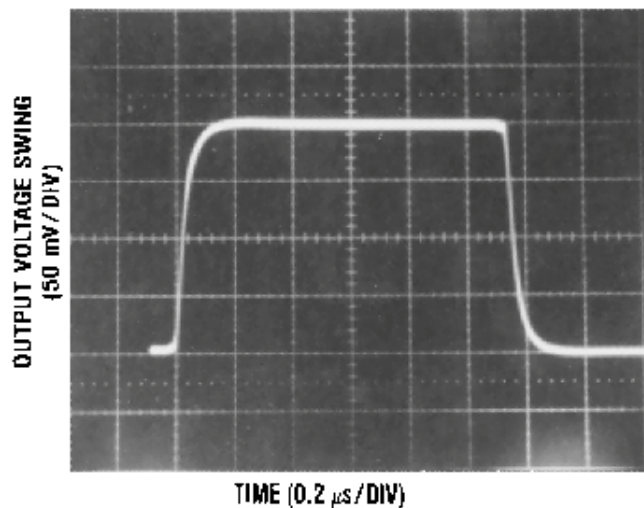


Figure 26. Small Signal Non-Inverting

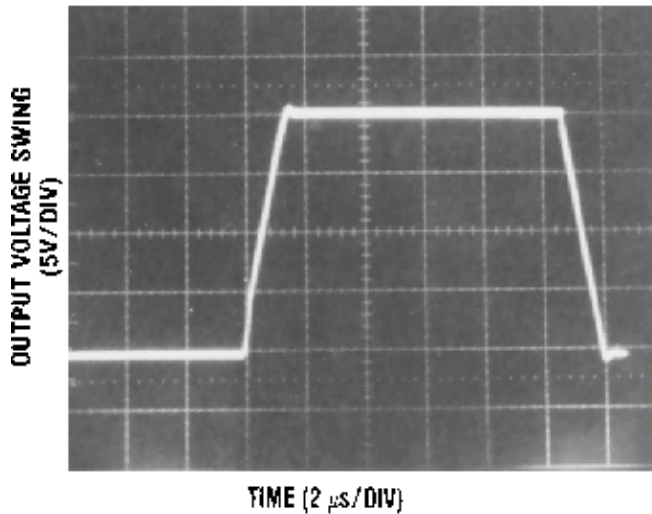


Figure 27. Large Signal Inverting

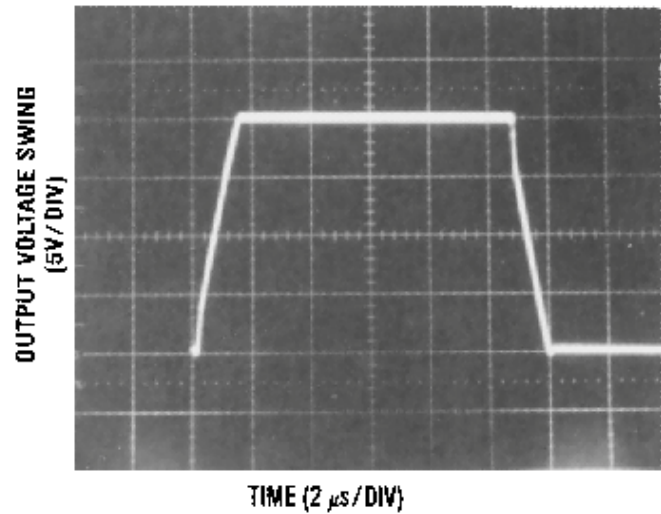
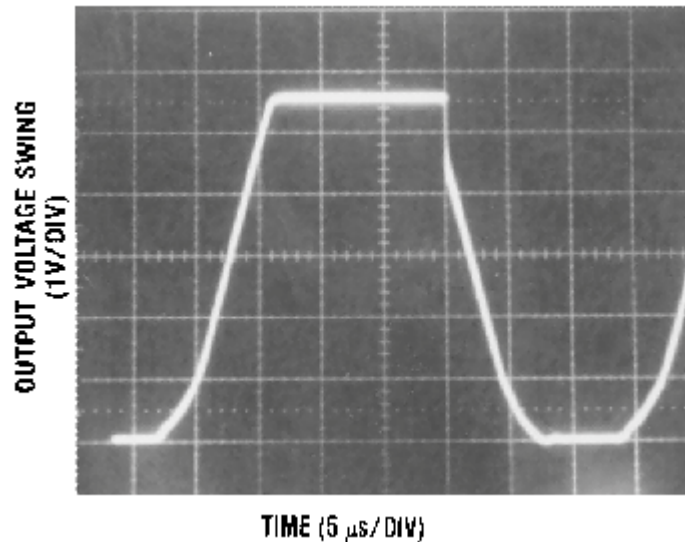


Figure 28. Large Signal Non-Inverting

Figure 29. Current Limit ( $R_L=100\Omega$ )

### APPLICATION HINTS

The LF411 series of internally trimmed JFET input op amps (BI-FET II™) provide very low input offset voltage and specified input offset voltage drift. These JFETs have large reverse breakdown voltages from gate to source and drain eliminating the need for clamps across the inputs. Therefore, large differential input voltages can easily be accommodated without a large increase in input current. The maximum differential input voltage is independent of the supply voltages. However, neither of the input voltages should be allowed to exceed the negative supply as this will cause large currents to flow which can result in a destroyed unit.

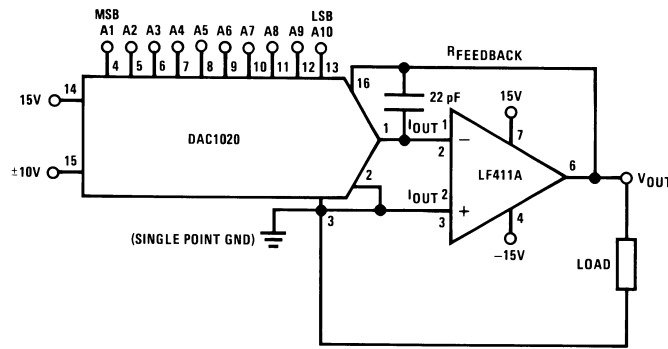
Exceeding the negative common-mode limit on either input will force the output to a high state, potentially causing a reversal of phase to the output. Exceeding the negative common-mode limit on both inputs will force the amplifier output to a high state. In neither case does a latch occur since raising the input back within the common-mode range again puts the input stage and thus the amplifier in a normal operating mode.

Exceeding the positive common-mode limit on a single input will not change the phase of the output; however, if both inputs exceed the limit, the output of the amplifier may be forced to a high state.

The amplifier will operate with a common-mode input voltage equal to the positive supply; however, the gain bandwidth and slew rate may be decreased in this condition. When the negative common-mode voltage swings to within 3V of the negative supply, an increase in input offset voltage may occur.







$$V_{OUT} = -V_{REF} \left( \frac{A_1}{2} + \frac{A_2}{4} + \frac{A_3}{8} + \dots + \frac{A_{10}}{1024} \right)$$

$$-10V \leq V_{REF} \leq 10V$$

$$0 \leq V_{OUT} \leq -\frac{1023}{1024} V_{REF}$$

where  $A_N=1$  if the  $A_N$  digital input is high  
 $A_N=0$  if the  $A_N$  digital input is low

Figure 31. 10-Bit Linear DAC with No  $V_{OS}$  Adjust

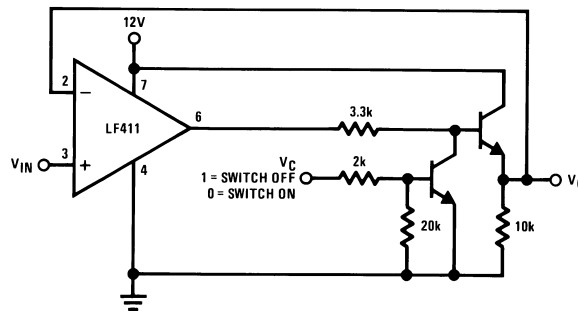
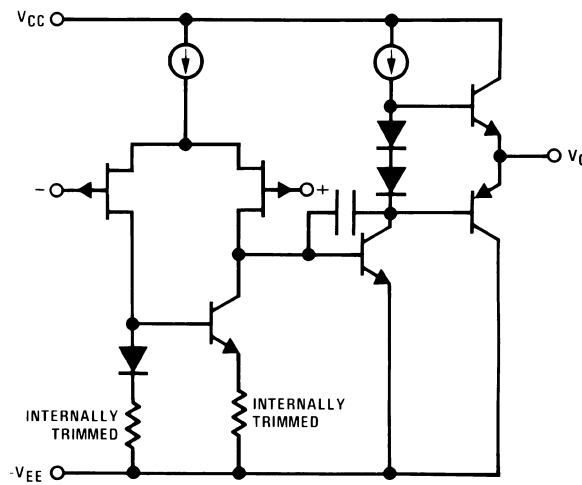


Figure 32. Single Supply Analog Switch with Buffered Output

SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC



(1) Available per JM38510/11904

Figure 33. Single Supply Analog Switch with Buffered Output

DETAILED SCHEMATIC

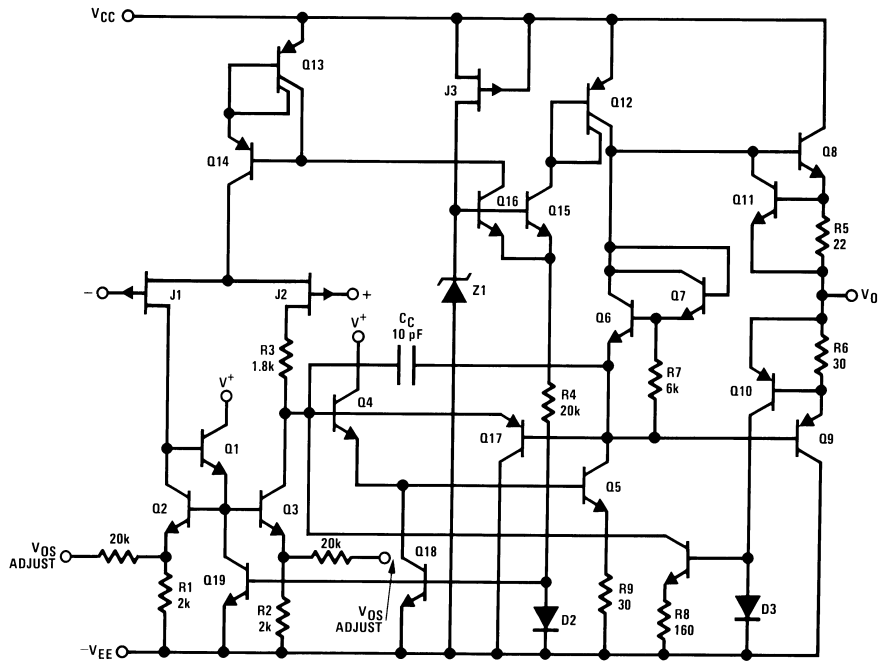


Figure 34.

### REVISION HISTORY

Changes from Revision C (March 2013) to Revision D	Page
• Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format .....	<a href="#">11</a>

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
LF411ACN	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	40	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	LF 411ACN	<a href="#">Samples</a>
LF411ACN/NOPB	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	0 to 70	LF 411ACN	<a href="#">Samples</a>
LF411CN	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	40	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	0 to 70	LF 411CN	<a href="#">Samples</a>
LF411CN/NOPB	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-NA-UNLIM	0 to 70	LF 411CN	<a href="#">Samples</a>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

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P (R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 variation BA.

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No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have **not** been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

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